The New-York Times.

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GEN. GRANT'S DEPARTMENT.

THE MOVEMENT OF GENERAL SHERMAN.

Occupation of Selma, Alabama, Reasserted.

GEN. PALMER'S ADVANCE.

Further of the Battle at Tunnel Hill, Georgia.

Three Hundred Rebels Made Prisoners.

OUR LOSSES IN THE ACTION.

CAIRO, Wednesday, Feb. 24.

The officers of the steamer *Fanny*, from Vicksburgh the 20th, report Gen. SHERMAN'S forces to be in possession of Selma, Ala.

Five hundred new recruits arrived to-day from Springfield, going south.

CAIRO, Thursday, Feb. 25.

Prof. MUCHELL, who came a passenger on the steamer *Fannie* from Vicksburgh, says that the capture of Selma, Ala., by Gen. SHERMAN, was brought to that place by a courier direct from Gen. SHERMAN. MUCHELL derived his information from Capt. TINKLER, Depot Quartermaster at Vicksburgh, and entire confidence is placed in it.

MEMPHIS, Tuesday, Feb. 23.

No reliable news has yet been received from Gen. SHERMAN, or Gen. SMITH'S expedition.

The report in the *Evening Bulletin* of the capture of Selma, Ala., by Gen. SHERMAN, is generally credited, although the news came from Vicksburgh.

THE ADVANCE INTO GEORGIA.

CHATTANOOGA, Thursday, Feb. 25.

In the engagement at Tunnel Hill yesterday, Gen. PALMER captured over 300 prisoners, who have been brought in.

We lost about 75 killed and wounded.

FROM THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

Guerrilla Depredations—Scouting Parties.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Feb. 25.

On Tuesday morning, a small party of guerrillas made a dash on the residence of Mr. WALTER GILLINGHAM, about two miles from Springfield. They captured Mr. GILLINGHAM and his two brothers-in-law, and arrested JAMES GORAM. Mr. GILLINGHAM succeeded in making his escape, and reached Alexandria.

A scouting party of the First Michigan Cavalry, under Sergeant MAYBIN, went out to reconnoitre on Tuesday. They proceeded as far as the Occoquan, but discovered no enemy. They were sent out in consequence of the rumor that guerrillas were in force beyond the Occoquan.

The Second Corps Ball—A Review.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, Tuesday, Feb. 23, 1864.

A brief telegram has informed your readers of the festivities going on in this army, but some matters merit a more extended notice. The ball given last evening by the officers of the Second Corps was one of the most successful entertainments of the kind ever given anywhere. A large building, with board sides and canvas roof, was erected especially for this occasion, with an extension along one side—the extreme length of the main structure—for a dining hall. Less than three hundred $10 tickets were sold, exclusively to officers of the corps, and the invited guests consisted of those only who, by their position, were entitled to that distinction, or were intimate associates of the officers having the matter in charge. This rule having been strictly observed, as a consequence, a select company was secured, and not so large as to make every one present uncomfortable. All, therefore, had plenty of opportunity to dance or promenade as best suited their fancy. The bands of the whole corps were brought into requisition, and, as Gen. WARREN'S command boasts of some of the best musical talent in the country, as may be supposed, the music was good, and there was an abundance of it. The table also was everything that could have been desired, and while liberally supplied with wine, there was little or no over-indulgence by any one. The display made by the fair sex was an important feature of the evening. Indeed, there were almost as many ladies present as gentlemen, and many of their toilets would have been worthy of notice in the most fashionable drawing-room of the metropolis of the nation. We have the word of experts, also, that there were an unusual proportion of good-looking ladies. In this matter there was quite a rivalry between the different branches of the service and between the different divisions of the corps, as to which could present the best lot of ladies. Hard though it be to discriminate where there was so much loveliness, nevertheless the Third Cavalry Division, we believe, won the first honors, all things considered.

Among the invited guests were Vice-President Hamlin and daughter, Maj.-Gen. Meade, lady and son, Gens. Sedgwick, Warren, Sykes, Newton, Merritt, Davies and ladies; Gen. Kilpatrick, Assistant Adj't.-Gen. Estes, Captain Armstrong, Surgeon Hackley, of his staff, accompanied by Senator Wilkinson, of Minnesota, Mrs. Wilkenson and Miss Wells, of New-York; Miss Stevens, daughter of the popular authoress of that name; Mrs. and Miss Beans, of New-York, and Mr. Howard, of Michigan. There were also present, the Rev. O. A. Bronson, son and daughter; Senator Sprague, Mrs. Kate Sprague, Mrs. Senator Hale, Miss Hale, Judge Usher, Secretary of the Interior, Mrs. Usher, Mr. Kennady, Superintendent of Census Bureau; Mrs. Kennedy, Miss Kennedy; two daughters of Cassius M. Clay, and numerous others whose names I did not know.

The hall was tastefully decorated with flags and banners, and the whole affair proved to be a grand success.

To-day, the ladies and gentlemen visiting the army had a fine opportunity to see the Second Corps and the Third Cavalry Division in the field. These commands were reviewed by Gen. MEADE in the presence of hundreds of ladies and gentlemen. The troops were formed in line near Stevensburgh—the cavalry on the right, and after Gen. MEADE, accompanied by a numerous staff, composed of officers, ladies and citizens, had rode down the lines, the whole command passed in review; and notwithstanding there are a large number of recruits in the ranks of every regiment, the movements of the troops would have reflected credit upon a body entirely composed of veterans. After the review, the Second and Fifth New-York Cavalry Regiments, commanded respectively by Majors COOKE and BACON, went through the movements incident to a cavalry advance upon the enemy—the commands being given by the bugle. Skirmishers were advanced and deployed, took distance, fell back upon the reserve, advanced again, rallied on the left to let the main column charge, which was followed by a charge of the reserve, and finally by the skirmishers. The movements were all well executed, and the officers, and men were complimented by all the military gentlemen present. Subsequently a dinner was partaken of at Gen. KILPATRICK'S Headquarters, and immediately afterward most of the visitors took a special train at Brandy Station, arriving in Washington after a pleasant ride of 3½ hours—thanks to the courtesy of Gen. PATRICK, Provost-Marshal-General, who accompanied the train. Thus ended one of the most brilliant seasons that has ever been experienced in the Army of the Potomac. E. A. PAUL.

THE PIRATE ALABAMA.

Rumors Regarding her Movements in the Pacific.

SAN FRANCISCO, Wednesday, Feb. 24.

Arrived bark *Emily Baunning*, with Shanghai dates of the 9th of January.

Chinese papers of the 5th of January, the latest received, say nothing of the Alabama being blockaded at Amoy at any time.

The only news on this subject comes in private letters dated January 9.

One of these letters says, "The Alabama is reported to be in our vicinity."

Another, that the Alabama is reported at Singapore, coaling.

Another says that American ships in the Chinese waters are looked upon with some mistrust, but why is not stated.

From the Mississippi.

CAIRO, Thursday, Feb. 25.

The steamer *Perry* from Memphis has arrived, with 320 bales of cotton for St. Louis. She also brought up the Seventy-second Ohio Infantry, (veteran recruits,) formerly Gen. BUCKLAND'S regiment, on their way home.

A detachment of cavalry from Gen. GRIERSON'S command had arrived at Memphis, with 45 prisoners, among them a rebel Captain.

Much dissatisfaction existed among the rebel Mississippi troops, who were rapidly deserting, caused by speculations in cotton by the rebel Gens. FORREST CHALMERS, FERGUSON, RICHARDSON, and others. The rebel soldiers state that the cotton is taken from their wives by scouts detailed for the purpose, who running the blockade at Memphis, bring back greenbacks and divide the profits with the Generals.

The steamer *Swan*, from New-Orleans 17th, with over 1,000 hogsheads and barrels of sugar for Cairo and St. Louis, has arrived.

The New-Orleans *Times* supports MICHAEL HAHN for Governer, and says he will receive a majority of the votes cast.

A mass meeting of the Union men of Western Tennessee was held at Memphis on the 22d, and was largely attended. In the evening one of the largest and most brilliant audiences ever assembled in Memphis, listened to an eloquent address by Col. BLAND upon emancipation. Dr. BULLER of Arkansas was to address the meeting the following night on the question of the recognition of the State.

The cotton market is dull and fluctuating.

The steamer *St. Cloud* has just passed for Cincinnati with 3,000 bales of cotton.

From Memphis.

MEMPHIS, Tuesday, Feb. 23.

Gen. BUCKLAND reviewed his brigade on the bluff in front of this city this afternoon. They presented a fine appearance.

Cotton is coming in quite freely, the receipts by wagons for the past week being much heavier than during any previous week this season.

From Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, Wednesday, Feb. 24.

Five more Federal officers, who escaped from Libby Prison, arrived to-day on the Yorktown boat *Thomas Morgan*. Three rebel prisoners have also arrived. The names of the Federal officers are: Col. CHARLES W. TILDEN, Sixteenth Maine; Maj. J. H. HOOPER, Fifteenth Massachusetts; Capt. FISHER, Third Pennsylvania; Capt. H. B. CHAMBERLAINE, Ninety-seventh New-York; Lieut. WALLACE, Fifth United States Artillery.

Soldiers Riot at Elmira.

ELMIRA, Thursday, Feb. 25.

A serious riot occurred here to-day. The First Michigan Cavalry arrived here early this morning on their way to Washington, and some fifty or sixty of them commenced a raid on various bars and eating-saloons. About 1 o'clock a party assaulted a member of the Tenth Few-York Cavalry.

A patrol from the Invalid Corps, attemptiug to arrest the rioters, a serious *mêlee* ensued, in which guns, sabres and bayonets were freely used. One member of the Washington Regiment was shot dead, and another was mortally wounded by a bayonet thrust. A member of the Invalid Corps was badly wounded, and several others were more or less bruised and wounded. Col. FARNSWORTH, of the Invalid Corps, finally came up with his regiment, and through his exertions and those of Col. EASTMAN and other officers, the disturbance was quelled. Most of the ringleaders were arrested and lodged in the guard-house. The bars were all closed, and quiet was soon restored.

The Eighteenth Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, Thursday, Feb. 25.

The Eighteenth Missouri (reënlisted,) Volunteers, about 400 strong, arrived by steamer *Imperial* to-day. They were welcomed at the landing by the Veteran Reception Committee, and a large concourse of citizens, who escorted them to Turner's Hall, where a sumptuous dinner and a handsome flag were presented them.

Enlistments in Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, Feb. 25.

Gov. CURTIN has issued a proclamation relating to enlistments in Pennsylvania for other States, enforcing upon all magistrates, &c., strict vigilance in enforcing the laws of the Commonwealth against persons who shall attempt within the State to recruit volunteers for other States, and appealing to the veterans to enlist from Pennsylvania.

The Ohio River Improvement Convention.

LOUISVILLE, Thursday, Feb. 25.

The Convention for the Imorovement of the Ohio River passed a series of resolutions, terminating with a requirement that an appropriation of ten millions be asked of the Federal Gevernment for the improvement of the Ohio, and that the resolutions and memorials adopted by the Convention be sent to the various Boards of Trade, Chambers of Commerce, and municipal reptesentatives of the various cities and towns on the Banks of the Ohio River, for their action and approval.

The resolutions set forth the necessity of the improvement asked for, and contrast the large sums expended for harbor improvements and facilities for ocean commerce at the Atlantic coast, with the small outlays by the Government for the benefit of the commerce of the interior.

The resolution adopted, which was offered as a substitute for one which required plans, &c., to be sent to Boards of Trade and Chambers of Commecr, provides that a committe of five, selected from the towns on the the Ohio, be constituted an Executive Committee to take charge of the subject-matter of the Convention, with power to convene its members at any future day, and that said Executive Committee is expected to urge upon the national authorities such plans as merit general concurrence and oppose all inadequate plans.

The convention adjourned this afternoon *sine die*.

The Prize Steamer Pet.

BOSTON, Thursday, Feb. 25.

Arrived prize steamer *Pet*, captured February 16, by the United States steamer *Montgomery*. She is a small screw steamer of about 300 tons, and was bound from Nassau for Wilmington.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Proposition for a $200,000,000 Five-Forty Loan.

Passage of the Naval Appropriation Bill.

Conference Committee on the Lieutenant-General Bill.

Extension of Time for Withdrawal of Bonded Goods.

Gen. Sigel to Command Western Virginia, vice Gen. Kelly.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE N. Y. TIMES.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Feb. 25.

ABOUT LEE'S ARMY.

Among the deserters who came in yesterday was one of LEE'S orderlies, who has been on duty all Winter with LEE. His statements are credited at the War Department, and he has been given his liberty and transportation northward. He sets down LEE'S present force at from twenty to twenty-five thousand men. Most of his army are now home recruiting. LEE has notified his officers that they must be ready in March to meet Yankees who will be filling up their armies by volunteers. JEB. STUART'S cavalry are about two miles from LEE'S headquarters, and are completely decimated from various reasons.

SENATOR POMEROY AND HIS PRESIDENTIAL CIRCULAR.

Senator POMEROY returned to-day, and on appearing in his seat was congratulated by a number of Senators on the celebrated Secret Circular. He avows the authorship of it, and says he will stand or fall by it.

THE WHISKY BILL.

The new Conference Committee on the Whisky Bill, which met this morning, did nothing, but adjourned to meet to-morrow at 10, when an effort to harmonize will be made. The composition of the Senate committee would indicate a persistence in the vote of that body. The members from the House will also probably adhere to the views of their body, and the bill fail. In this event the Committee on Ways and Means have a new bill ready, embracing petroleum, whisky, tobacco and cotton, and offering to the House and the Senate the opportunity of taxing the stocks on hand of all these articles.

THE NEW-YORK CUSTOM-HOUSE.

Messrs. HULBURD, LESLOND and ROLLINS, of the House Expenditure Committee, started to-night for New-York, to conduct on the ground the investigation into the alleged frauds in the Custom-house, and particularly into the mismanagement of the Naval-office.

PROGRESS OF THE QUICKSILVER CASE.

The documentary evidence, presented by the counsel for the United States in the Quicksilver case to-day, caused quite a fluttering among the Quicksilver speculators. The Court were deeply impressed with the new points made, and it looks now as though the Government would be successful.

THE CINCINNATI POSTMASTERSHIP.

Mr. CHASE'S friends in the Senate will make fight on the confirmation of the new Postmaster at Cincinnati.

DISPATCHES TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Feb. 25.

GEN. SIGEL TO RELIEVE GEN. KELLY.

Maj.-Gen. FRANZ SIGEL has been assigned to the command of the Department of Western Virginia, and will at once enter upon the performance of his duties.

THE SUPPORT OF THE GOVERNMENT.

The bill which Mr. STEVENS introduced to-day is supplementary to an act entitled: "An Act to Provide Ways and Means for the Support of the Government," approved March 3, 1863, and is as follows:

"*Be it enacted, &c.*, That, in lieu of so much of the loan authorized by the act of March 3, 1863, to which this is supplementary, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to borrow from time to time, on the credit of the United States, not exceeding $200,000,000, during the current fiscal year, and to prepare and issue therefor coupon and registered bonds of the United States, redeemable, at the pleasure of the Government, after any period not less than five years, and payable at any period not more than forty years from date, and of such denominations as may be found expedient, not less than fifty dollars, bearing interest not exceeding six per cent., payable in bonds not over one hundred dollars annually, and on all other bonds, semi-annually, in coin; and he may dispose of such bonds at any time on such terms as he may deem most advisable, for lawful money of the United States, or at his discretion for Treasury notes, certificates of indebtedness, or certificates of deposit, issued under any act of Congress; and all bonds issued under this act shall be exempt from taxation by or under State or municipal authority; and the Secretary of the Treasury shall pay the necessary expenses of the preparation, issue and disposal of such bonds out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, but the amount so paid shall not exceed one-half of one per cent. of the bonds so issued and disposed of.

Second—That the Secretary is hereby authorized to issue to persons who subscribed on or before the 21st day of January, 1864, for bonds redeemable after five years and payable twenty years from date, and have paid into the Treasury the amount of their subscriptions the bonds by them respectively subscribed for, notwithstanding such subscriptions may be in excess of five hundred millions of dollars, and the bonds so issued shall have the same force and effect as if issued under the provisions of the Act '"To authorize the issue of United States Notes, and for other purposes, approved Feb. 26, 1862.'"

The consideration of the bill has been postponed.

THE HOUSE CONTESTED ELECTIONS.

The House Committee of Elections have heard three of the Missouri contested election cases, viz.: BRUCH against LOAN, BIRCH against KING, and PRICE against MCCLURG. The question involves the allegation of military interference to the detriment of the contestants. The Committee, on next Tuesday, will meet to consider the evidence already presented by the respective parties.

THE REPORTED ADDITIONAL ISSUES OF FIVE-TWENTIES.

It is understood that telegrams have gone from this city stating that the Secretary of the Treasury purposes to make an additional issue of five-twenty bonds. But there is authority for saying that no such intention has been or is entertained.

NEWSPAPER CORRESPONDENT.

SAMUEL WILKESON, Esq., formerly in charge of the New-York *Tribune's* correspondence, from this city, has resumed his connection with that journal, in the same capacity. WM. H. KENT, Esq., retains his position as associate.

THE NAVY BILL.

The most material amendments made to the Navy bill, before it passed the House to-day, were the increase of the appropriation from $22,800,000 to $25,300,000 for the construction and repair of vessels, and the appropriation of $520,000 for floating dry-docks at the New-York and Philadelphia Navy-Yards, for monitors.

CONSUL AT LAGUAYRA.

The Senate, to-day, confirmed the nomination of GEORGE ULRICK, of Indiana, to be Consul at Laguayra.

TRADE REGULATIONS.

In regard to the allegations circulated about discriminations in trade regulations, there is authority for saying that are no discriminations of any kind in favor of any place or person over any other place or person.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Feb. 25.

PETITIONS FOR THE ABOLITION OF SLAVERY.

Mr. SUMNER, (Union,) of Massachusetts, presented the petition of the citizens of Rome, N. Y., asking for the passage of an act, which will perpetually abolish Slavery. Referred to the Committee on Slavery and Freedmen.

Mr. SUMNER presented petitions of citizens of African descent, praying the entire abolishment of Slavery, and asking the privileges of the elective franchise. Referred.

NEW MAIL ROUTES TO KANSAS AND MINNESOTA.

Mr. POMEROY, (Union,) of Kansas, presented the petition of the citizens of Kansas, asking for a new mail route. Referred to the Post-office Committee.

Mr. RAMSAY (Union,) of Minnesota, presented petitions of the citizens of Minnesota, asking the establishment of a mail route. Referred.

THE SALE OF MINERAL LANDS.

Mr. SHERMAN, (Union,) of Ohio, presented a petition of a large number of citizens of Ohio, asking for the sale of mineral lands. Referred.

BLACK SOLDIERS ON THE SAME FOOTING AS WHITE.

Mr. SPRAGUE, (Union,) of Rhode Island, presented a joint resolution of the Rhode Island Legislature, asking that colored soldiers shall be put on the same footing as others. Referred to the Committee on Slavery and Freedmen.

THE PACIFIC RAILROAD BILL.

Mr. MCDOUGALL, of California, (Dem.,) introduced a bill to amend the act, incorporating the Pacific Railroad, intended to ratify and confirm the transfer of corporate rights and privileges from the Central Pacific Railroad of California to the Western Pacific and the San Francisco and San Jose roads, both of California.

Referred to the Committee on the Pacific Railroad.

THE FISHERIES.

Mr. POWELL, of Kentucky, (Dem.,) introduced a bill to repeal all acts or parts of acts, granting allowances on bounties on the tonnage of vessels engaged in the banks or other cod fisheries.

Referred to the Committee on Finance.

M. LANE, of Kansas, (Union,) presented joint resolutions of the State of Kansas, praying for the removal of the Indians from that State.

Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

THE REVENUE BILL.

On motion of Mr. FESSENDEN, of Maine, (Union,) the Senate reconsidered its action on the rate adopting the report of the Senate Conference Committee on the Revenue Bill, and the President of the Senate was authorized to appoint a new committee to confer with a similar one on the part of the House.

The Chair appointed on the said committee Messrs. SHERMAN, CLARK and NESMITH.

ACTING ASSISTANT PAYMASTERS IN THE NAVY.

The bill relating to Acting Assistant Paymasters in the Navy, was, on motion of Mr. HALE, called up, and after an amendment of Mr. DIXON, changing the limits of ages of the students in the Naval Academy to 18 instead of 17 years, was passed.

Mr. HALE, of New-Hampshire, (Union,) called up the bill to regulate the pay of Paymasters' Clerks in the Navy. Rejected.

APPOINTMENTS IN THE NAVAL SERVICE.

Mr. HALE called up the bill relating to the appointments in the naval service, which was passed, after the adoption of an amendment by Mr. GRIMES, striking out the clause providing that volunteer officers now in the service shall be discharged within sixty days after the return of the vessel, and providing as an additional section that naval courts-martial shall have power to reduce to seamen's rates for three years or during the war, such officers as absent themselves from their commands.

THE RAILROADS IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Mr. SUMNER, of Massachusetts, (Union,) moved the reconsideration of the vote by which the Committee on the District of Columbia were discharged from the consideration of the resolution instructing them to inquire into the expediency of the enactment of laws giving equal privileges to all persons on railroads in the District of Columbia.

After explanations by Messrs. GRIMES, JOHNSON and WILLEY,

Mr. SUMNER withdrew his motion to reconsider.

EQUALIZING THE PAY OF SOLDIERS.

The bill to equalize the pay of soldiers in the United States Army, was called up by Mr. WILSON, the pending amendment being that of Mr. COLLAMER to include all persons enlisted under the call of October, 1863, in the provisions for bounty, except in insurrectionary districts.

After a debate, Mr. SUMNER moved to amend this amendment, providing that all persons whose papers show they were enlisted under the act of 1861, shall receive the pay and bounty promised in that statute.

The amendment of Mr. SUMNER was adopted, 20 against 18, as follows:

AYES—Messrs. Clark, Collamer, Conness, Dixon, Doolittle, Fessenden, Foot, Foster, Hall, Harding, Howard, Lane, of Kansas, Morgan, Morrill, Pomeroy, Sprague, Sumner, Ten Eyck, Van Winkle and Wilson.

NOES—Messrs. Buckalew, Carlile, Davis, Grimes, Harlan, Harris, Henderson, Hendricks, Howe, Johnson, Lane, of Indiana, Nesmith, Powell, Ramsey, Saulsbury, Wilkinson, Willey and Wright.

Mr. WILSON, of Massachusetts, (Union,) offered an amendment which extends the pay and bounty to free persons.

The amendment was discussed at length by Mr. HOWARD in opposition, and Mr. WILSON in support.

Without disposing of the matter it was, on motion, postponed until to-morrow.

The Chair was authorized to appoint a Committee of Conference on the disagreeing votes on the bill, reviving the grade of Lieutenant-General.

EXTENDING THE BOUNTIES.

On motion of Mr. WILSON, the Committee on Military Affairs were instructed to inquire into the expediency of extending the bounties to April next.

On motion of Mr. HARLAN, of Iowa, (Union,) the bill consolidating the Surveyor-Generals' Districts was called up and passed.

On motion of Mr. LANE, of Indiana, (Union,) the Senate, at 4¼ o'clock, went into Executive Session, and soon afterward adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Feb. 25.

PENSIONS TO VETERANS OF 1812.

Mr. SPAULDING, of New-York, (Union,) introduced a bill granting pensions to the soldiers of the War of 1812. Referred to Committee on Pensions.

THE GRADE OF LIEUTENANT-GENERAL.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, (Union,) moved to take up the House bill to revive the grade of Lieutenant-General as returned from the Senate, with the amendment striking out the recommendation that Gen. GRANT be appointed to that position.

Mr. WASHBURNE said his object was to disagree to the Senate's amendment, in order that a Committee of Conference might be asked.

Mr. FINCK, of Ohio, (Dem.,) objected.

FREEDMEN'S AFFAIRS.

The House then resumed the consideration of the bill to establish a Bureau of Freedmen's Affairs.

Mr. DAVIS, of Maryland, (Union,) in reply to Mr. BROOKS, defended the validity and moral force of the late Congressional and other elections in Maryland. Defeated partisans only complained in that State of the result, the Union majority having been 13,000 or 14,000. He denied that Slavery was dead, and expressed the opinion that if it was not exterminated, it would again become our master. The convention in Maryland, which recently declared for immediate emancipation, gave a significant admonition worthy of the State and its people. In speaking of the united influence and controlling element near the President in the great cause of emancipation in Maryland, we are, Mr. DAVIS said, under small obligations to the President for what the latter has done in Maryland. The people thought it wise, while expressing their approbation of the President, to pass the resolution of emancipation for the President's serious consideration. They wished to show that their devotion was not personal, but on principle—for the cause, not the man—and that they would support the man only so long as he supports the cause. If the Opposition should elect a President, Slavery would be as much alive as when the first gun blazed against Sumter. We must either go back, or go forward. Slavery was not dead by the President's Proclamation. What lawyer attributed the least legal effect? It was now executed by the bayonet to the extent of the duration of the war, under the law of 1862. Re-establish the old Government, and Slavery would resume its ancient sway. In order to the readmission of States there should be a resolute declaration, as a condition precedent, that Slavery should be prohibited, and the Constitution should guarantee the fact, and the Government be kept under the control of those, whose views and purposes afford the assurance that the law will be executed. In the course of his remarks Mr. DAVIS referred to the exposition of the views of President LINCOLN, as given by Postmaster-General BLAIR, who, he said, was near the person of the President, and whose comments had never been disavowed; therefore they were entitled to grave and respectful consideration. These comments were in the form of attacks on Radical Abolitionists, and also on the necessity of the Emancipation policy under the Proclamation of the President. It was said by the Postmaster-General, that the Radical Abolitionists want to change the Constitution and elevate the negro to the equality of the white man, but that the two races could not live together on terms of equality and power; and, therefore, it became necessary, to prevent the massacre of the negro, that he should be exported and colonized. Why, (Mr. DAVIS asked,) must the negro be colonized if he is to be free? Where in history would gentlemen find facts on which they base such conclusions? He then proceeded to show the injustice and impolicy of such colonization, characterising it as an insane and unchristian philanthropy. If you mean to coerce the removal of the negroes, then say so; if you do not mean to coerce them, they will remain. You cannot offer them as good homes abroad as you can at home among the scenes of their childhood. If God made them equal, or if God stamped inferiority upon them, you cannot turn a hair white or black, or add an inch to their stature. He appealed to gentlemen not to seek to add inherent difficulties to the problem.

Mr. DAVIS then proceeded to speak of the progress of emancipation in Maryland. He was a Marylander—not a Northern Abolitionist. His father was a landholder, and he himself had been a slaveholder. In this connection he referred to the convention in Maryland in 1859, called for the purpose of removing the free blacks, and mentioned the name of Ex-Senator PEARCE as making a report that the committee could not recommend the expulsion of such persons from the State, and deprive them of the right of freedom which they had inherited or acquired. The labor of these free persons of color was necessary to the agricultural interests, and therefore could not be dispensed without material change.

Mr. DAVIS referred to the enlistments of negroes in Maryland which facilitated emancipation.

A $200,000,000 FIVE-FORTY LOAN.

Mr. STEVENS, (Union,) of Pennsylvania, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported a bill providing that of the $600,000,000 loan authorized by the act of March 3, 1863, in ten-forties $200,000,000 be put into the market redeemable in not less than five years nor more than forty years.

Mr. STEVENS asked for the immediate passage of the bill.

Mr. BROOKS, (Dem.,) of New-York, asked if the bill did not also authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to issue an additional amount of ten or twelve millions on the five-twenties stock already subscribed.

Mr. STEVENS said yes, to the amount of ten millions.

By common consent action on the bill was postponed until it could be printed.

Mr. STEVENS, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported back the bill making appropriations to supply deficiencies for the year ending June, 1864, and for other purposes.

Mr. BROOKS said the Deficiency Bill, as it passed the House, appropriated seven millions; but the Senate had added ninety-three millions, making in all one hundred millions of deficiencies, constituting in fact a new bill.

Mr. STEVENS also reported a bill appropriating about $43,000 to carry into effect the awards under the convention with Peru, and discharging the obligations of the United States.

THE NAVY APPROPRIATION BILL.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union on the Navy Appropriation Bill.

The claims for the Philadelphia Navy-yard, appropriating $215,000, including $90,000 for the purchase of two lots adjoining the yard, extending from Front-street to the Commissioners' line in the Delaware River, was discussed, and the appropriation urged on the ground of necessity, as ten years must elapse before League Island could be brought into use.

The clause stands as reported.

During the consideration of the bill, Mr. KELLY, of Pennsylvania (Union,) replied to Mr. HOLMAN, of Indiana (Dem.,) defending the Navy Department. He said those who shall hereafter read our history will be proud of the achievements of the navy, both in its hostile operations and the maintenance of a blockade to a greater extent than was ever before undertaken by any nation of Europe.

Mr. HOLMAN, of Indiana, (Dem.,) repeated that the cheeks of the American people mantle with shame at the conduct of the head of the Navy Department, and with the President retaining him in office in defiance of the public judgment.

Mr. DAVIS, of Maryland, (Union,) said he would not differ from the gentleman. The first insane attack upon Charleston was got up by a cotton spinner, who acted as if he knew better than Admiral DUPONT in everything relating to the attack and defence. The Admiral was whistled down because of the failure. If, on that occasion, DUPONT had continued the unequal contest for forty minutes longer, he would have left his fleet in the hands of the enemy. The department was informed of all the facts. The advice of DUPONT was not taken, to give him 25,000 men to advance by Stono and James Island, while he operated with the iron-clads. The department had removed the most brilliant officer since the days of DECATUR, because his advice was not taken, and because it was thought the iron-clad interest might be hurt by getting the truth.

Mr. STEVENS, of Penn., (Union,) asked whether the House would not pass some of the appropriation bills, instead of squandering the time of the House by irrelevant and insane speeches. There were five or six appropriation bills untouched. As matters were now going, Midsummer would be reached before they were acted upon. If gentlemen continue to make political harangues, they must be answered. The gentleman from Indiana (Mr. HOLMAN) should remember there is a time for all things; but the gentleman acted as if all times were for his things. [Laughter.]

Mr. GRISWOLD, of Iowa, (Union,) said he was not a political sympathizer with the Navy Department, and that he did not want to occupy the time in making insane speeches. They had been told that the attack on Charleston should be regarded by the country with mortification, and as an evidence of the failure of iron-clad vessels. He (GRISWOLD) felt called upon to vindicate them. Were gentlemen aware that in that action there were no more men engaged than in an ordinary vessel of war? Were they aware that a little fleet received two thousand shot, and that the *Ironsides* was not penetrated, and that not one life was lost, except that of the gallant RODGERS? thus presenting to the world the novel spectacle of a vessel impregnable to any missile yet invented. The American Navy, to-day, stands in advance of any navy in the world. It had been the most potent diplomatist in preventing foreign interference with our affairs.

Mr. RICE, of Massachusetts, (Union,) handed in some statistics to be printed, showing the operations of the navy.

Mr. BROOKS, of New-York, (Dem.,) also presented a list, showing that we had 600 vessels afloat, the largest navy in the world—and yet from the commencement of the war our commerce had suffered losses by rebel privateers to the extent of thirteen and a half millions. He offered these facts against the Navy Department as unanswerable.

Mr. BLAIR, of Missouri (Union,) said they had seen the efficiency of the navy, including the iron-clads, in preventing the Confederates from coming out on the Atlantic coast. He believed the country had reason to be proud of the administration of the Navy Department. He considered the remarks of the gentleman from Maryland ungenerous, as the gentleman he characterized as a cotton-spinner was an officer distinguished for his courage, and as eminent as the officer to whom he alluded, and on whom he bestowed lofty praise. The Navy Department had shrunk from no investigation, and had not called upon its friends to shield it from examination, nor had its friends hesitated to afford all means of investigation. Could the gentlemen on the other side say as much for their favorite Cabinet officer,? Was not an investigation of the Treasury Department avoided? Gentlemen in five minute speeches should not vent their gall and bitterness on the Navy Department. The triumphs of the navy had been as great as those of the army.

Mr. DAVIS, of Maryland, said he was unwilling to do injustice to any one, and said he would be satisfied if the correspondence of the Navy Department and Admiral DUPONT be published.

Mr. BLAIR, of Missouri, said he wanted the gentleman to be as fair toward the Navy Department as he was toward the Treasury Department.

Mr. DAVIS, of Maryland, remarked that he did not know anything about the Treasury Department.

Mr. BLAIR said that the gentleman threw out the intimation that he was prepared to investigate the affairs of the Navy Department, but not those of the Treasury Department.

The debate here terminated.

Mr. STEVENS moved a new section to the bill for the purpose of erecting a floating dock for the monitors at the Navy-yards at New-York and Philadelphia at a price not exceeding $260,000, making $527,900 to be appropriated out of the $750,000 heretofore appropriated for a floating dry dock at New-York, provided that the balance from the appropriation be returned to the Treasury.

This was agreed to and the bill passed.

WITHDRAWAL OF GOODS FROM BONDED WAREHOUSES.

Mr. STEVENS called up the bill to extend the time of the withdrawal of goods from public stores and bonded warehouses at the suggestion of Mr. WARD. The time mentioned therein was changed from the 1st of June to the 1st of September.

The bill is as follows:

That all goods, wares and merchandise, now in public stores or bonded warehouses, on which duties are unpaid, and which shall have been in bond more than one year, and less than three years, at the time of the passage of this act, may be entered for consumption, and the bonds canceled at any time before the 1st day of September next, on payment of duties and charges according to the law; and that all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act be and are hereby repealed.

This act is to take effect from and after its passage.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the term license in the first proviso to the 16th section of the act entitled "An act increasing temporarily the duties on imports and for other purposes," approved July 14, 1862, shall be held to extend to all vessels authorized by the law to engage in the coasting trade, whether sailing under registers, enrollments, or licenses.

The bill was passed without debate, and at 4¼ o'clock the House adjourned.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

Arrival of the Hibernian at Portland with Dates to Feb. 12.

AMERICAN AFFAIRS IN PARLIAMENT.

Earl Derby Attacks the Government Policy Regarding the Rams.

Earl Russell Declines to Produce the Papers.

THE DANO-GERMAN WAR.

AN ARMISTICE PROPOSED BY ENGLAND.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

PORTLAND, Me., Thursday, Feb. 25.

The steamship *Hibernian*, from Liverpool at 1 o'clock on the afternoon of the 11th, via Londonderry on the 12th inst., arrived here this morning. Her dates are one day later than those per the *City of London*, at New-York.

The steamship *Damascus*, from Portland, arrived at Londonderry on the 12th inst.

GREAT BRITAIN.

In the House of Lords Earl DERBY attacked the policy of the Government in reference to the Confederate steamer *Alabama* and the Laird rams. He insinuated that the latter had been seized under American menaces, and moved that the papers on the subject be produced.

Earl RUSSELL defended the Government and declined to produce the papers pending legal inquiries.

The London *Morning Post* says that England has proposed an armistice between the Danes and the Germans preliminary to a conference, and that this is supported by France, Russia and Sweden.

The Richmond correspondent of the London *Times* asserts that where one slave is now fighting for LINCOLN ten slaves will be found fighting for the South.

THE SCHLESWIG-HOLSTEIN DIFFICULTY.

The dates from Schleswig are to the 10th inst.

It is stated that the Danes have evacuated their works at Duppel and embarked their stores and war material at Alsen.

The London *Post* understands that the English Government has proposed an armistice to the belligerents on the basis of the evacuation of Schleswig, with the exception of the Island of Alsen, by the Danes. This suggestion has met with the support of France, Russia and Sweden, and is put forward as preliminary to a conference, which, it is hoped, will finally dispose of the long vexed question of the Duchies.

The London *Times'* City Article says:

"Whether the alteration in the rate of discount by the Bank of England will be more permanent than the last similar reduction on the 24th of December, which it was found necessary to retract in three or four weeks, must be a doubtful question. The probability is that, if war symptoms thicken, the contraction that will occur, especially in the German trade, coupled with a withdrawal of credits, and the exercise of general prudence, may cause a further diminution pressure to be witnessed."

Some of the letters from Germany to-day, state that an increased sense of the internal complications and external dangers to which the country may be driven by its present course, is beginning in several quarters to become manifest.

FRANCE.

The reply of the Emperor NAPOLEON to a letter from the Queen of Spain, announcing the marriage of the daughter of the Duc DE MONTPENSIER to the Count DE PARIS, is said to be couched in very affectionate terms.

NEW-ZEALAND.

Gen. CAMERON has made a successful attack on the Maories in New-Zealand, annihilating the tribe of Njakewa, the most powerful tribe in the country south of Auckland, killing 100 and capturing 200—being nearly all the fighting men of the tribe. The British loss was thirty-five killed and ninety-three wounded.

The London *Times*, in a leader, regrets the heavy loss sustained by the British force, but says that the results were most important, so much so that the leading man among the natives, WILLIAM THOMPSON, wished to offer his submission to the General immediately after the struggle, and was only prevented from doing so by the determination of his few remaining followers.

WEST COAST OF AFRICA.

The January mails from the West Coast of Africa had been received.

Trade generally was dull at all the ports.

The general news is unimportant.

Commercial Intelligence.

By Telegraph to Queenstown.

LIVERPOOL, Friday, Feb. 12.

COTTON—The Broker's Circular reports the sales of the week at nearly

AFFAIRS AT ALBANY.

The Opening of the Military Bazaar—Gov. Seymour's Address—Street's Poem—What is to be Seen—A Democratic Convention—What it was Called for, and what it will Do.

ALBANY, Tuesday, Feb. 23, 1864.

The opening of the great Military Bazaar, which occurred last night, will prove in the hereafter to be a memorable event in the annals of Albany.

Memorable for the causes out of which have grown the necessity for such a display—memorable for the associations of the present which will cling around it—but above all, I trust it will be memorable for the alleviations it shall work of the want, the suffering and bereavements which call to us from the past and threaten us from the future.

The building stands on ground that is classic. It covers almost the entire area where a multitude of the *élite* of the nation listened to EDWARD EVERETT as he dedicated the Dudley Observatory to the service of the exploration of the celestial sphere. Do you recollect that inspired portraiture of the rising sun with which the orator on that occasion opened his address? I could but recall it last night. It seemed to flash on the audience—its crimson rays penetrating the recesses of the booths, covering as with a halo the tattered banners, and sparkling on the steel bayonets and brass howitzers that stand guard over the room wherein have been clustered the sad mementoes of the battle-fields whereon the sons of New-York have fought and fallen.

The address of GOV. SEYMOUR you will have in print. Like all the many others of the same paternity, it is full of original thoughts, clothed in a vesture of chaste words. It may not, in the estimation of many, be as redolent of the fiery field as the occasion would have justified, but it must be remembered that the Governor was ever more of the scholar than the soldier, and that all his life has been more an aspiration for the quiet of the closet than the tumultuous crowdings of the forum.

ALFRED B. STREET, try-to-be Politician, and must-be Poet, sang another of the siren songs of glory that has charmed so many thousands, and led them to the battle-field as to a banquet. The ringing rhymes revamped the riddled banners on the walls, screened the mangled corpse from the sight, dried the eyes of the bereaved mothers and wives and sisters—healed the wounds of the living dead, closed the ranks of the decimated battallions—drowned the cries of the wounded with the bugle blasts, and swept on with the rolling drums to the Halls of Glory, where the laurel wreaths should crown the brow, and the song of praise should welcome the victors. It is a great art—that trick of the Poet—that thus makes us forget the sad realities of carnage and the gloomy recesses of the lonely household.

It would be idle to attempt a description of the Bazaar building and its varied contents. The structure covers nearly the entire surface of the Academy Park, and must have a floor surface of nearly or quite an acre of ground. It is so framed as to embrace numbers of the forest trees and shrubbery. The hall thus formed is subdivided into booths, which are appropriated to the exhibition of various articles. Many of the rooms represent in their exterior the prevailing architecture of England, Scotland, Ireland, Spain, France, Japan, China and the Orient. "The Yankee" conglomerate is there, too, with all its ramifications, redolent of pop-corn, lemonade, stewed oysters, notions and gingerbread. An Indian wigwam and a Shaker village appropriately flank Jonathan's department on the right and left.

The most interesting of all I saw were the relics of the battle-fields—mementoes of the heroism of the State—contributed by Col. LOCKWOOD L. DORR, from the collection in the Bureau of Military Statistics. It is a sad and touching, but yet a noble and proud picture of what the State has done and suffered in the cause of freedom—score-marks, as it were, telling of the thousands of her sons who have died, and the millions of treasure she has expended.

It is astonishing what a storehouse of antiquities this old city of gable-ends has proved to be. Until the exhibition called them forth, relics that would enrich a European collection have been mouldering, almost unknown, in the recesses of oaken chests and antiquated cupboards, that were curiosities in themselves. There is exhibited a lady's basque that was worn in 1614, and a piece of tapestry with a history of two hundred years, and an original value of £1,260 sterling. There are pitchers and salvers of old silver—silver through and through—goblets of glass, gilded and flowered by an art, the knowledge whereof has not survived the frail fabrics upon which it shows today as bright, and fresh, and golden as when it was first put on; old furniture that is entirely guiltless of veneer, but prolific of carved lions' claws, owls' heads, clusters of grapes, and the other odd designs that the London tradesmen worked so quaintly in the days of CROMWELL, when the London apprentice was an institution.

If you come to ALBANY, go and see these things. Go to contribute your mite toward mitigating the sufferings of the poor and the afflicted. You will come away with a "value received" that would satisfy the avariciousness of a money-lender.

The Democratic party meet here to-morrow—by its representatives as the Convention was called—but it promises now to be a *soirée en masse*. The head gear is here now. DEAN RICHMOND, Surrogate TUCKER, Senator CONNOLLY, (Slippery DICK,) fiery GREENE, ex-Comptroller CHURCH, smiling ex-Treasurer VANDERPOEL, Judge PARKER, the standing candidate for Governor, STRYKER, the next friend of the Executive, and many such from abroad, with CAGER, CASSIDY and COMSTOCK, of the home stock. It is two or three years since I have seen the Democratic magnates. I must say some of them exhibit a physical and political vitality that is astonishing. One would think, that long ere this, the oily look of CAGGER would have been dispelled by the constant grating of politics. But it has not. He looks as fresh, and rosy, and bland and smiling as when he first entered the political arena; and my old friend DEAN RICHMOND—fatter and better-conditioned by twenty pounds than he was when he told the Democratic party at Charleston that it had "taken leave of its senses, and was going to the devil, by dash." DEAN and CAGGER are going up State-street, now. Not together, but judiciously intervaled. Looking at them, as they joke and jostle along, you would never think they were the men upon whose shoulders rested the pyramid of State Democracy. Within the next twenty-four hours they will have been button-holed by all the wouldbe's in the Democratic household. Though they have already decided, they will nevertheless listen (they won't answer) to as many suggestions as there are aspirants, and what is stranger will make each man think that his individual crotchet is to have the preference.

The weather is mild, the ice giving way, the sky clear, and the Legislature on a long recess. What more can the people of Albany or the State ask?

NEW-YORK POLITICS.

The Democratic State Convention.

CONCLUDING PROCEEDINGS ON WEDNESDAY.

The following is a continuation and the conclusion of yesterday's proceedings in the Democratic Convention at Albany:

The Committee also recommend the following resolutions: That delegates to the Democratic State Conventions hereafter shall be chosen in the several Assembly Districts in the cities as well as in the country, and that it be recommended in districts where there are no district organizations, to choose district committees, and that in counties where there now exist separate organizations, the State Committee shall appoint a District Committee of three, who shall call the first Assembly District Conventions, and shall act as inspectors of Election at the same; the Assembly Committee then and there elected to be deemed regular until a Committee is elected by a District Convention; and that no delegates shall hereafter be received at the State Conventions except such as are elected substantially as the above.

Mr. FIELDS said that the report of the committee did great injustice to the Democracy of Tammany; that she has ever been faithful to the Democracy, true to the Constitution and Government; that they were never stronger than now; while the McKeon organization, polling only five or six thousand votes in the November election, has no claim to representation here, and that the Tammany delegation cannot consent to be placed on a footing of equality with them. He denied the claim that they elected Mayor GUNTHER, ascribing his success to the heavy German vote. Mr. FIELDS said that the convention must now decide whether the Democracy of New-York shall be dragged over to the side of those who are for unconditional peace, or be left where they have ever stood in unconditional support of the Government and Constitution. He charged that the head of the McKeon delegation is a member of a secret organization whose object is unconditional peace.

Mr. MCKEON denied the statement.

Mr. FIELDS—Was not your name on the circular headed "Peace Democracy," for a meeting in the New-York Hotel on the 22d, in favor of unconditional peace?

Mr. MCKEON—I subscribed to a circular for a meeting in the New-York Hotel. I am for peace. It was an open meeting. There was no secret about it.

Mr. FIELDS—Do not such meetings lead to peace, unconditional peace, to the dissolution of the Union? The unity of States cannot be preserved, nor the Constitution maintained, unless the Democracy is successful, and it never can be successful on such a platform. The convention must now decide between Tammany Hall and the Peace Democracy, as represented by the McKeon organization, and should the report be adopted, those he acted with had come to the unanimous conclusion to retire.

GIDEON J. TUCKER accepted the report in behalf of the Mozart delegation.

Mr. MCKEON said he accepted the report for the organization with which he acted; de deprecated this petty strife about the organization, in view of the great issue now before the country. We are living under a despotism with halters about our necks, and yet those who traffic in politics threaten to divide the party if they are not allowed their own way. No peace question had ever been broached in the organization which he represented, but neither does it make a cloak of the war cry for the purpose of trafficking on politics, which the Republicans do. He charged Tammany with selling out the candidates for State offices in 1861.

JOHN CLANCY—"That is false, and I hold myself perfectly responsible for what I say."

Mr. MCKEON—They hold office by sufferance of a Republican Legislature, and give sinecures to Republicans of the blackest dye. They dare not be honest to their party. He read a letter from Mayor GUNTHER, saying that the McKeon delegation was the only delegation that ought to be admitted, if they carry out their threat, and go home without the indorsement of the Democratic Convention, they won't poll two thousand votes. He claimed to be devoted to the Union with his whole heart and soul, and he appealed to the Democracy to be firm and united in one more effort to save what remains of republican liberty.

Mr. FIELD again charged him with putting his name to a circular issued for a peace meeting in the New-York Hotel on the 22d, called to make preparations for the Presidential election.

Mr. DEVLIN stated that Mozart had agreed to accept the report of the committee by a vote of 8 to 7.

Mr. TUCKER corrected the gentleman, the vote stands 12 to 5.

Mr. DEVLIN then proceeded to express his opinion that no greater mistake could be made than to recognize another organization in New-YORK. Tammany and Mozart had elected SEYMOUR. They were united in honoring him at the last convention, and, if a proper occasion occurred, Mozart would do so again; that they would not go out of their way in that respect to get into the convention.

Mr. MCKEON—It is charged that the gentleman paid a certain gentleman for his nomination as Corporation Counsel.

Mr. DEVLIN—The charge is false.

Mr. MCKEON—Will the gentleman sue me for libel if I publish it?

Mr. DEVLIN—The gentleman and myself are old friends, and——

Mr. MCKEON—Then I charge that such was the fact, and he may sue me if it is a libel.

Mr. DEVLIN repeated that it was untrue, and proceeded to argue against the policy of admitting the McKeon delegates.

Mr. HEWLETT, of Chemung, explained that the desire of the committee was that the New-York delegation shall hereafter be chosen by the people as in the country districts, instead of by committees of organizations.

The question was then taken and the report of the committee adopted unanimously, whereupon the Tammany delegation withdrew from the hall.

The Committee on Permanent Organization then reported as follows:

President—AMASA J. PARKER.

Vice-Presidents—Philip W. Engs, Tunis G. Bergen, Hugh Van Alstyne, John H. White, Arthur M. Beardsley, Charles Hulett, Thomas Calmes, John S. Pomeroy.

Secretaries—E. O. Perrin, J. P. Pierce, W. J. Smith, A. C. Ashman, Walter H. Burr, Denis Kelly, James McMahon.

The report was adopted unanimously.

Judge PARKER, in taking the chair, said that this convention represents a constituency whom no terrors can affright, no chains enslave, no force subdue. Loyal to the Union in every fibre of your hearts, you will earnestly struggle to rescue the country from the misrule that in three years has well nigh destroyed it. You cannot restore to life the victims to the moloch of civil war. You cannot throw off the mountain of debt which presses upon the industry of the land, or strike from the page of history its record of the destruction of fertile fields and happy homes, or forget the cruel wounds that arbitrary power has inflicted upon the Constitution. But you can provide for the future. You can arrest the profligate expenditure of bloodhand treasure; you can stay the tide of corruption; you can admit again under the folds of the flag of the Union the dissevered States, on terms not impossible to them and honorable to us. The peaceful means of accomplishing these results are still with the people, upon whom rests our future destiny. The world will look with intense interest on this great struggle between power and the people, and whatever may be its issue, let us enjoy the proud satisfaction of having done our whole duty.

Mr. FAIRCHILD, of Madison, moved for the appointment of a committee of two from each Judicial District, to report the names of two persons from each Congressional District, and of four persons from the State at large, as delegates to the National Convention.

Mr. REEVES, of Suffolk, moved as a substitute that the delegates at large be chosen by ballot, and that the Congressional District Delegates be selected by the delegations in convention from the respective Congressional Districts.—Lost.

The original resolution was adopted, and the following committee was thereupon appointed: GIDEON J. TUCKER, HENRY HILTON, JAS. B. CRAIG, A. S. DORN, PETER CAGGER, JAS. R. FARRELL, RICHARD H. CUSHMAN, JESSE GAY, GEO. H. SANDFORD, NATHAN SEWARD, W. A. CARR, H. STOWELL, D. RICHMOND, D. J. PECK, SIDNEY S. FAIRCHILD, ROBT. PARKER.

On motion the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the delegation to the Democratic National Convention is hereby instructed to enter that Convention and act and vote as a unit in accordance with the will and majority of the members thereof, and in case any of its members shall be appointed a delegate by any other organization, and shall not forthwith decline such appointment, his seat shall be regarded as vacated, and the delegation shall proceed to fill the same, and it is hereby empowered to fill all vacancies.

Adjourned till 9 A. M. to-morrow.

SECOND DAY.

APPOINTMENT OF DELEGATES.

ALBANY, Thursday, Feb. 25.

The New-York Democratic State Convention reassembled at 9 o'clock this morning.

The Committee on Delegates to the National Convention, to be held in the City of Chicago on the Fourth of July, not being ready to report, the convention took a recess until 11½ o'clock.

On the reassembling of the convention Mr. FAIRCHILD made the following report:

Delegates from the State at Large—Horatio Seymour, of Oneida; Dean Richmond, of Genesee; Isaac Butts, of Monroe; August Belmont, of New-York.

Alternates—Alonzo C. Paige, Josiah T. Miller, Philip W. Engs and George Beach.

DELEGATES FROM THE CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

First District—Jacob Platt Carll, of Queens, and Abraham G. Thompson, of Suffolk.

Second District—John G. Schumaker, of Kings, and Benjamin Prince, of Kings.

Third District—Samuel D. Morris, of Kings, and Thomas H. Faron, of Kings.

Fourth District—Daniel E. Delavan, of New-York, and James McMahon, of New-York.

Fifth District—Oswald Ottendorffer, of New-York; and Ignatius Fivnn, of New-York.

Sixth District—John Kelly, of New-York; and Henry Hilton, of New-York.

Seventh District—Michael Connolly, of New-York; and Luke F. Cozans, of New-York.

Eighth District—John McKeon, of New-York; and Gideon J. Tucker, of New-York.

Ninth District—Samuel J. Tilden, of New-York; and Thomas McSpedon, of New-York.

Tenth District—Abraham B. Conger, of Richland; and Wm. Bradford, of Westchester.

Eleventh District—Eugene A, Brewster, of Orange; and George Bennett, of Sullivan.

Twelfth District—Robert E. Andrews, of Columbia; and Wm. Chamberlain, of Dutchess.

Thirteenth District—Manly B. Mattice, of Greene, and Jacob Hardenburgh, of Ulster.

Fourteenth District—Amasa J. Parker, of Albany, and N. P. Hinman, of Schoharie.

Fifteenth District—James S. Thayer, of Rensselaer, and Emerson E. Davis, of Washington.

Sixteenth District—Augustus C. Hand, of Essex, and Jesse Gay, of Clinton.

Seventeenth District—Wm. J. Averill, of St. Lawrence, and Darius W. Lawrence, of Franklin.

Eighteenth District—Livingston Sprake, of Montgomery, and David T. Lamb, of Saratoga.

Nineteenth District—Alfred Clark, of Otsego, and Sherwood S. Hall, of Chenango.

Twentieth District—Levi H. Brown, of Jefferson, and Wm. C. Skinner, of Herkimer.

Twenty-first District—J. Thomas Spriggs, of Oneida, and Asa G. Sherman, of Oneida.

Twenty-second District—Sidney T. Fairchild, of Madison, and Millard Johnson, of Oswego.

Twenty-third District—Frederick Hyde, of Cortlandt, and John A. Green, of Onondaga.

Twenty-fourth District—Wm. C. Beardsley, of Cayuga, and Edwin M. Anderson, of Wayne.

Twenty-fifth District—Benjamin F. Angel, of Livingston, and Henry G. Cheesbro, of Ontario.

Twenty-sixth District—John J. Taylor, of Troy, and Duncan S. Magee, of Broome.

Twenty-seventh District—Marshall B. Champlin, of Alleghany, and Levi A. Ward, of Steuben.

Twenty-eighth District—Sanford E. Church, of Orleans, and Wm. C. Rowley, of Monroe.

Twenty-ninth District.—Washington Hunt, of Oneida, and Linus S. Thayer, of Wyoming.

Thirtieth District.—John Ganson, of Erie, and Albert P. Laruns, of Erie.

Thirty-first District.—John C. Devereux, of Cattaraugus, and Hiram C. Miner, of Chautauque.

Resolved, That the above-named persons be appointed as delegates from this State to the National Democratic Convention to be held in Chicago on the 4th of July.

A delegate moved to refer back the report to the New-York delegation, saying that all the delegation had not been consulted.

The motion was lost.

The previous question was then ordered, and the report was adopted by yeas 91, nays 13.

On motion the convention then adjourned sine die.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange.... FEB. 25, 1864.

$5,000	U. S. 6s,'81...Co.	111¼	
6,000	do	111¾	
11,000	do	111	
75,000	U.S. 6s. 5-20s. Co.	107¾	
10,000	do	107¾	
5,000	U.S.6s.5-20s.Reg.	107¼	
1,000,000	Treas. 7 3-10 p. c. Nts.Oct.&Ap.5.111		
5,000	U.S.6s,1-yr.C...	99¾	
2,000	do	99¼	
5,000	Ten. St. 6s. '90....	62¾	
3,000	do	62¾	
2,000	Virginia St. 6s...	47	
5,000	N. C. State 6s....	57	
2,000	do	56¾	
3,000	Mo. St. 6s	74¾	
35,000	do	75	
5,000	Mo 6s. issued to Pac. R.	75¾	
2,000	do	75	
4,000	Cal. State 7s	125	
20,000	O. & Miss. C....	42	
10,000	do	b30	42¾
15,000	do	b30	42¾
1,000	Er. 3d M. Bs....	118	
5,000	Hud R. 3d M....	146	
1,000	Mich. Cen. 8s Con. 1st M. Sk'g. F. Bds.	126	
1,000	Al. & T. Rt. in. B.	86¾	
1,000	C. & N. W. 1st M....	90¾	
4,000	go	90¾	
10,000	C. & N. W. 2d M....	81¾	
1,000	Mich. So. 2d M..	105	
2,000	Gal. & C. 1st M. ex.	113¾	
2,000	Chic. & Alt. In. B.	95	
5,000	P., Ft W. & Ch. 2d.	101¾	
200	Rich. & Dror. R'k	125	
50	Bank of Commerce.	107	
35	Shoe & Leather B'k	109	
30	Metropolitan Bank.	114	
2,000	Amer. Gold.....	158¾	
20,800	do	158¾	
10,000	do	158¼	
1500	Canton Co.....	48	
1500	do	48¾	
600	do	b30	49
500	do	b10	49
50	Del. & H. Ca. Co.	194	
50	do	194¾	
40	do	195	
200	Central Coal Co....	62¾	
200	do	63	
200	do	63	
30	do	60	
200	Cumb. Coal Prf....	69¼	
200	do	b30	69¼
800	do	69	
100	do	a30	68¾
100	do	b30	69
200	do	b4	69
500	Quick. M. Co.....	59¼	
100	do	59¾	
500	do	59¼	
300	do	b30	60
150	Min. Mining Co....	75	
200	Am. Coal Co.....	90	
25	Wy. V. Coal Co....	81	
100	Bucks Co. Lead Co.	1	
700	Mar. Min. Co.....	34	
300	do	34¾	
400	do	34¾	
300	do	34½	
350	do	35	
500	do	b30	35
100	do	b10	35
200	Quartz H. M. Co....	14	
500	Pacific M. S. Co....	234	
10	do	233	
100	Cen. Am. Tr. Co...	41¾	
600	N. Y. Cen. R.....	136¾	
200	do	136½	
400	do	a30	136
500	do	b30	136
100	do	b10	136¾
350	Miss. & Mo. R.	b30	48¾
100	Erie R.	b30	118¾
200	do	b15	118½
500	do	118	
200	do	b15	118
400	do	117½	
1200	do	117½	
100	do	117¾	
300	do	a30	117½
100	Erie Pref.....	106	
100	do	105¾	
200	Harlem R. Prf....	134	

SECOND BOARD.

$40,000	U.S. 6s,5-20s.Co.	107¾	
7,000	U. S. 6s, 1y. c....	99¾	
250,000	do	99⅝	
5,000	American Gold	158¾	
200	Canton Co.....	48¾	
100	do	b10	48¾
500	Cum. Coal Pref....	68	
450	Quicksil. M. Co....	57	
100	do	57¼	
500	do	s15	57
150	Pacific M. S. S. Co.	230	
100	do	229	
50	do	227	
650	N. Y. Cen. R.....	136¼	
200	do	136	
100	do	135⅞	
400	Erie R.	117¾	
100	do	b10	117¾
100	do	s30	117
100	do	117¼	
600	do	117	
500	do	116⅝	
150	do	b15	117¾
100	Erie R. Prf.....	106½	
100	Hud. R. R.....	158	
100	do	157	
200	do	s30	158
300	do	158¼	
100	do	s3	116¾
500	do	b3	116¾
100	Erie Pref.....	105¾	
500	M. S. & N.I.....	97	
200	do	97	
1000	do	s30	97
200	M. S. & N. I. R....	97	
300	Ill. Cen. R. S.....	132¾	
200	do	b10	133¾
200	do	133½	
1200	do	133¾	
500	do	b30	134
200	do	s15	133¾
500	Cleve. & P. R.....	116¼	
500	do	116¾	
50	Gal. & Chic. R.	117¼	
100	do	b10	117¾
100	Chi. & R. I.....	120¾	
300	do	120	
100	P., Ft. W. & Chi....	99¾	
100	do	99	
700	do	99	
800	do	s30	98¾
100	do	98	
100	do	s90	97
200	do	s60	96¾

PUBLIC BOARD—1 P. M.

1400	Erie R.	s3.	117¼
100	do		117¾
100	do	s3.	117½
200	do		c. 117¾
900	do		117⅞
200	do	b3.	117½
200	Hudson R. R.	b3.	160½
200	do	b3.	160¾
350	do		160¾
100	do		160½
900	Harlem R.		131
200	do		132
600	do		132½
100	do		132¼
400	do		133
500	do	b3.	133
500	Reading R.		130¾
100	do		130½
200	do	b10	130¾
500	do		130¾
100	Mich. Cen. R.		137¾
100	do		138

PUBLIC BOARD—3¼ P. M.

100	N. Y. Cen. R. ex-d.		135½
100	do		135½
1800	Erie R.	b3.	117¾
200	do		117¾
1800	do	s3.	117½
200	do		117¾
200	do	s3.	117¾
200	do		117¾
500	do		117¾
200	do	b10	117¾
200	Erie Railway Pr.		105¼
100	Hud. River R.		158¾
100	do		158
200	do		157½
200	do	b3.	158
200	Harlem R.	b3.	132¾
400	do	s3.	132½
400	do		132¾
400	do		133
500	do	s3.	133
400	do		133½
500	M. S. & N. I. R....		97
200	do		96¾
500	do	b4	97½
200	Ill. Cen. R.	b3.	133¾
100	do		133½
100	do		133¾
200	do	s3.	133½
300	Clev. & Pitts. R.	b3.	116
500	do	s3.	116¼
200	do		116¾
150	do	b15.	117¼
100	Erie R. Prf.....		106½
100	Hud. R. R.....		158
100	do		157
200	do		158¼
300	do		156
100	do		155¾
100	do		155½
200	do	s60.	155
100	Erie Pref.....		105¾
500	M. S. & N.I.....		97
200	do		97
200	do	s3.	97
900	Clev. & Pitts		116¾
400	do		c. 116¾
200	do	s3.	116¾
200	Chi. & N. W. R.		53
100	do		53¼
100	P., Ft. W. & C.	b3.	100
200	T. H. & A. R.		70
100	Pacific M. S. Co.		234
100	do		233
100	Cum. Coal		68¼
200	do	b3	68
2000	do		68
500	Quicksilver M. Co.		58¾
200	do	s3	58¾
500	do	b30	58
200	Mar. Min. Co.		35
100	do		35¼

THURSDAY, Feb. 25—P. M.

The Treasury Office received on deposit to-day $1,675,800 Currency, on 5 ℔ cent. interest. The Banking Corporations in this neighborhood are now placing a large amount of their balances in this way, in default of lending them to better advantage to Stock Exchange or Mercantile borrowers. The price of Gold was again firm today on the fresh Customs demand which has followed the various steamer arrivals this week. This inquiry will probably be active through the remaining two days of the week. The Treasury Office here now holds about $20,000,000 in Gold, and the other offices $5,000,000 additional. The Customs revenue for the month of February in Gold for the support of the Public Debt will probably exceed *eight millions* of dollars—three-fourths the amount at New-York—or at the rate of about *one hundred millions per annum* for the Interest and Sinking Funds of the Public Debt.

Bills on London, 60 days, sold to-day at 172¾@173 ℔ cent. The Financial news from the other side is more favorably reported in the letters by yesterday's steamers. The Bank of England rate is down to 7 ℔ cent., and Consols at 91 ℔ cent. The letters bring further orders for United States Funded Stocks. The sales at the Board and on the Street to-day were quite large.

Among the passengers who arrived yesterday in the Dale steamer *City of London* were Mr. GEORGE HARRINGTON, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, and family. Mr. H. had a six months' leave of absence to recruit his health on the Continent. He returns somewhat improved in strength, and will go to Washington in a few days.

The railway speculation to-day was on a pretty large scale. The market was very irregular in prices and changeable in the temper of the dealings from hour to hour. The sudden and extreme advance of yesterday on Hudson, Harlem and Pacific Mail was not supported at the close of the day, and there was some yielding on New-York Central and most of the Western shares, Fort Wayne and Illinois Central being exceptions in the forenoon, and Michigan Central at the Second Board. The weakness in the price of Erie Common stock was generally remarked upon on the Street, and was not accounted for by any pressure of supply of the cash stock. The decline from yesterday was 1@1¼ ℔ cent., and from Friday last the fall is 7@8 ℔ cent., say from 124@124¾ ℔ cent. down to 116¾@117¼ ℔ cent. This adverse turn is about as rapid as the recent advance from 112 to 124 ℔ cent. The *Bull* movement in Fort Wayne and Chicago received some additional support to-day by the reported declaration of 7 ℔ cent dividend on the Preference Scrip of the Company, known as the Third Mortgage. This dividend, it was insisted last year by the holders, should have commenced on the 1st April, 1863. It is now announced to be paid on the 1st April, 1864. The declaration of the dividend of 7 ℔ cent. on $1,200,000 induces the expectation that something will be done for the $6,000,000 Common Shares in the way of a scrip dividend, to represent the net earnings applied to the permanent construction of the work, under the terms of the reorganization of 1862. The Miscellaneous Shares were higher on Canton, Mariposa and Central Coal, and weaker on Quicksilver and Cumberland. The Border State stocks were barely steady.

At 4 o'clock, the Railway market was rather lower than at the Second Board. Some adverse use was made of the telegraphic report of the Supplementary Loan Bill. It was construed on the Street as directing the new loans to be made at 6 ℔ cent; but this, it will be seen in another place, is not borne out by the text of the bill. It places no limit as to the rate of interest below 6 ℔ cent. This is left, as in the original act, to the discretion of the Secretary and the condition of the Money market. The principal change is in reducing the time after which the Government may redeem the Stock, from ten to five years.

	Wed.	Thurs.		Wed.	Thurs.
Gold Coin	158	158¾	Mich. Central	138¾	139
U. S. 6s, 1861	111	111	Mich. Southern	97¾	97
N. Y. Central	138½	138¾	Mich. Guarant'd	142	142¾
Erie	118¾	117	Illinois Cen	133¼	133½
Erie Preferred	106¾	105¾	Pittsburgh	116¾	115¾
Hudson	162¾	158	Fort Wayne	99	99¼
Pacific Mail	230	226	Rock Island	121¾	119¾
Harlem	131¼	133	Galena	118¼	117
Canton	46	46¾	Reading	130¾	130⅝
Treas. Cer., new	99¼	99½	Quicksilver	62½	58¼
Toledo	147	146	Cum'land Coal	68¾	67¾
Northwest	63¾	62¾	Mariposa	33	35

The following bids were made to-day for the City Bank Shares:

New-York	115	Bank of the Republic	103
Manhattan	136	Bank of N. America	107
Merchants'	106	Hanover	100½
America	130	Irving	102
Phenix	104	Metropolitan	113
Tradesmen's	104	Citizens'	106
National	105	People's	104
State of New-York	104	Shoe and Leather	109
Commerce	107¼	Continental	101⅛
Ocean	97	St. Nicholas	101
American Exchange	110	Commonwealth	100
Chatham	101	Imp. & Traders'	130

And the following bids were made for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s	107	Alton & T. Haute firsts.	105
N. Y. Cen. 6s. Subs	104	Al. & T. H. 2ds pref	91
N. Y. Cen. 7s '64	101¾	Al. & T. H. seconds, Inc.	87
N. Y. Cen. 7s '76	104	Chi. & N. W. Int. B.	96¾
N. Y. Cen. Con, '76	134	Chi. & N. W. firsts	90
Erie firsts, '68	108	Chi. & N. W. seconds	81¾
Erie seconds, '79	115	Chi. & Wab. 1sts	100
Erie thirds, '83	117	Chi. & Wab. seconds	88
Erie fifths, '88	117¼	Ill. & Cen. Ch. 1sts	104
B. N. Y. & E. 1sts, '77	107	Gal. & Chi. Ext	113
Hud. R. firsts, '69	108	Chi. & Tol. S. F.	110½
Hud. R. thirds, '75	140	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 1sts	105
Hud. Bonds	103	Pitts. Ft. W. & C. 2ds	101½
Harlem 1sts, '69 & '73	109	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 3ds	97
Mich. C. '69 & '72	122	Chi. & Pitts 3ds	103¼
Mich. new, 1st	126	Chi. & Pitts 4ths	88
Mich. S. seconds	104	Chi. & Alt. firsts	103
Mich. S. & N. I. S. F.	111	Chi. & Alt. S. F.	102
Pacific R. guaranteed	60	Chi. & Alt. Income	96
Ill. Central, '75	121		

The day's business of the Assistant Treasurer's Office, New-York, was as follows: Receipts, $7,026,049 18—Customs, $344,000; Payments, $8,080,291 67; Balance, $38,522,354 35.

The following correspondence officially confirms our own statement of Monday last in regard to the redemption of the Popular Loan in Gold and Silver, at maturity, or in similar funds if called in at any time after five years before maturity:

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, Feb. 24.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Noticing repeated statements in the *Commercial Advertiser* that the United States reserved to itself the privilege of redeeming the 5-20 Loan in *Currency* at the expiration of five years, led me to inquire at the department in Washington if it was so. I received the following reply. B. T.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Feb. 23, 1864.

SIR:—Your letter of the 22d inst., asking in what funds the five-twenty loan will be redeemed has been received. I am directed by the Secretary to state, that it is the purpose of the Government to pay those bonds like other bonds of the United States—*in coin at maturity*. If they should be called in after the expiration of five years they would be redeemed in the same funds, *as if allowed to run twenty years*.

Very respectfully, M. B. FIELD,
Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

BENJAMIN TOMES, Esq., No. 6 Maiden-lane.

The following notice has been issued by the Public Stock Board:

The members of this board are respectfully informed that a bill was introduced into the Legislature of this State, on the 17th inst., and will be urged to its passage, creating Addison G. Jerome, Charles W. Durant, Henry V. Poor, John M. Tobin, George W. Hodges, Henry Knight, Solomon J. Joseph, Joseph G. Mills, James A. Cowing, Leonard W. Jerome, Richard Schell, George Henriques, Robert W. Milbank, John B. Kitchen, Electus B. Litchfield, Richard W. King, D. Ogden Bradley and such associates as they may from time to time add to their number, a body corporate as a "Public Stock Exchange," with such powers as may be incidental to perfecting and maintaining such an organization.

Should this bill become a law, this room will be offered to the new organization, upon its recognition of such rights as may be due to the tickets of admission then outstanding; otherwise the board will be continued under the same management as heretofore.

The Select Committee appointed at the annual meeting of the Shareholders of the New-York Central Company in December on the accounts of the road, have published the following result of their mission:

The undersigned, members of a committee appointed by the Shareholders of the New-York Central Railroad Company, at their last annual meeting, to examine the annual report of the company, respectiuully

REPORT:

That, in order to perform their duty understandingly, they proceeded to Albany to make the requisite investigation. Every committee being present, save one. Every facility for making a thorough examination of the books and papers was freely offered, and every inquiry promptly replied to—not only by the President, but by the Treasurer, Assistant Treasurer, Secretary, and the subordinate officers.

Before proceeding to a scrutiny of particular items, your Committee took up the Annual Report as a whole, comparing it carefully, item by item with the reports of previous years, that they might clearly comprehend the changes in the character of the business of the Road, or its management which time had wrought, and seek for an explanation of any material difference in the items presented.

One of the results of this analysis and comparison was a matter of surprise; the relative increase of freight over passenger traffic on the Road

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR ROOFING FELT AND PITCH.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, DEPOT OF WASHINGTON, WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 11, 1864.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until TUESDAY, March 1, 1864, at 12 o'clock M., for delivering in the City of Washington, D. C., the following amounts of Roofing Felt and Pitch, viz.:

One hundred and eight (108) tons of Roofing Felt.

Eight hundred (800) barrels of Pitch, or Roofing Cement.

The particular kind or description of the above articles must be stated in the proposal, and bidders will be required to furnish samples of the articles they propose to deliver.

One-fourth (¼) of the quantity of each article will be required to be delivered in thirty (30) days from the date of the contract, one-fourth (¼) in sixty (60) days therefrom, and the balance in ninety (90) days therefrom.

Each barrel of Pitch or Roofing Cement must contain not less than three hundred (300) pounds, and delivered in good sound barrels, said barrels to be furnished free of cost to the Government.

The articles offered by the successful bidders will be subjected to a rigid inspection before being accepted by an inspector, appointed by the Government.

PROPOSALS.

The price must be written out in words on the bid, as must also the full name and Post-office address of the bidder.

Proposals from disloyal parties will not be considered, and an oath of allegiance must accompany each proposition.

Proposals must be addressed to Brig.-Gen. D. H. RUCKER, Chief Quartermaster, Depot of Washington, Washington, D. C., and should be plainly marked, "Proposals for Roofing, Felt and Pitch.

GUARANTEE.

The bidder will be required to accompany his proposition with a guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, that, in case his bid is accepted, he will at once execute the contract for the same, with good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to the amount of the contract, to deliver the articles proposed in conformity with the terms of this advertisement; and in case the said bidder should fail to enter into the contract, they to make good the difference between the offer of said bidder and the next lowest responsible bidder, or the person to whom the contract may be awarded.

The responsibility of the guarantors must be shown by the official certificate of the Clerk of the nearest District Court, or of the United States District Attorney.

Bonds in a sum equal to the amount of the contract, signed by the contractors and both of his guarantors will be required of the successful bidder or bidders upon signing the contract.

FORM OF GUARANTEE.

We, the undersigned, residents of ——, in the county of —, and State of ——, hereby, jointly and severally, covenant with the United States, and guarantee in case the foregoing bid of ——— be accepted, that he or they will at once execute the contract for the same, with good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to the amount of the contract, to furnish the articles proposed in conformity to the terms of the advertisement, dated Feb. 11, 1864, under which the bid was made, and in case the said —— shall fail to enter into a contract as aforesaid, we guarantee to make good the difference between the offer of the said —— and the next lowest responsible bidder, or the person to whom the contract may be awarded.

{ Given under our hands and seals this —— day of ——, 186—

Witness: [Seal.] [Seal.]

To this guarantee must be appended the official certificate above-mentioned.

The right to reject any or all bids that may be deemed too high is reserved by the Depot Quartermaster, as well as the right to select from each bid such articles at the price therein named, as is required by the Government.

D. H. RUCKER,
Brigadier-General and Chief Quartermaster,
Depot Washington.

PROPOSALS FOR LIME.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, DEPOT OF WASHINGTON, WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 13, 1864.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until FRIDAY, March 4, 1864, at 12 o'clock, for Ten Thousand (10,000) Bushels of good merchantable Unslacked Lime. The whole amount to be delivered within thirty (30) days from the date of contract at such points in the City of Washington as the Depot Quartermaster may direct. The Lime to weigh not less than eighty (80) pounds to the bushel.

The amount offered by the successful bidders will be subject to a rigid inspection by an inspector appointed by the Government before being accepted.

PROPOSALS.

The price must be written out in words on the bid, as must also the full name and Post-office address of the bidder.

Proposals from disloyal parties will not be considered, and an oath of allegiance must accompany each proposition.

Proposals must be addressed to Brig.-Gen. D. H. RUCKER, Chief Qnartermaster, Depot of Washington, Washington, D. C., and should be plainly marked "Proposals for Lime."

GUARANTEE.

The bidder will be required to accompany his proposition with a guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, that, in case his bid is accepted, he will at once execute the contract for the same, with good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to the amount of the contract, to deliver the articles proposed in conformity with the terms of this advertisement; and in case the said bidder should fail to enter into the contract, they to make good the difference between the offer of said bidder and the next lowest responsible bidder, or the person to whom the contract may be awarded.

The responsibility of the guarantors must be shown by the official certificate of the Clerk of the nearest District Court, or of the United States District Attorney.

Bonds in a sum equal to the amount of the contract, signed by the contractor and both of his guarantors will be required of the successful bidder or bidders upon signing the contract.

FORM OF GUARANTEE.

We, the undersigned, residents of ——, in the county of ——, and State of ——, hereby jointly and severally covenant with the United States, and guarantee in case the foregoing bid of ——— be accepted, that he or they will at once execute the contract for the same, with good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to the amount of the contract, to furnish the articles proposed in conformity to the terms of the advertisement, dated Feb. 13, 1864, under which the bid was made, and in case the said ——— shall fail to enter into a contract as aforesaid, we guarantee to make good the difference between the offer of the said ——, and the next lowest responsible bidder, or the person to whom the contract may be awarded.

{ Given under our hands and seals this —— day of ——, 186—

Witness: [Seal.] [Seal.]

To this guarantee must be appended the official certificate above-mentioned.

The right to reject any or all bids that may be deemed too high is reserved by the Depot Quartermaster, as well as the right to select from each bid such quantities at the prices therein named, as is required by the Government.

D. H. RUCKER,
Brigadier-General and Chief Quartermaster,
Depot Washington.

PROPOSALS FOR IRON.

UNITED STATES MUSTERING AND DISBURSING OFFICE, No. 562 Broadway, ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 23, 1864.

Sealed proposals (in duplicate) will be received at this office until 3 P. M. on TUESDAY, March 1, 1864, for supplying cooked rations to fifty, more or less, United States troops, at the Provost-Marshal's rendezvous at Poughkeepsie, N. Y. Three meals constitute a complete ration, and the ration to consist of the following articles, to wit:

Three-fourths of a pound of pork or bacon, or one and one-fourth pounds of fresh or salt beef; twenty-two ounces of bread or flour, or one pound of hard bread, or one and one-fourth pounds of corn meal; and at the rate, to every one hundred rations, of eight quarts of beans or peas, and ten pounds of rice or hominy; ten pounds of green coffee, or eight pounds of roasted or ground coffee, or one and one-half pounds of tea; fifteen pounds of sugar; four quarts of vinegar; one and one-fourth pounds of adamantine (or star candles; four pounds of soap; two quarts of salt; four ounces of pepper; thirty pounds of potatoes, when practicable, and one quart of molasses;

When beans, peas, rice, hominy, or potatoes cannot be issued in the proportions given above, an equivalent in value shall be issued in some other proper food;

Desiccated potatoes or desiccated mixed vegetables, at the rate per one hundred rations of one hundred and fifty ounces of the former, or one hundred ounces of the latter, may be substituted for beans, peas, rice, hominy, or fresh potatoes, when these articles cannot be issued; or, they may be issued at the foregoing rate twice per week, in lieu of beans or peas, or in lieu of rice or hominy, upon the requisition of the officer commanding.

Fresh beef to be issued at least twice in each week, and oftener, if required by the officer commanding.

Every article specified as forming part of the ration must be of the very best quality.

Each bid must have a printed copy of this advertisement pasted at its head. Written contracts to be made with adequate bonds. The names of two sufficient sureties, with place of residence, to be given with the proposals.

The undersigned, to whom proposals will be addressed, reserves the right of rejecting all bids deemed unreasonable.

J. McL. HILDT, Captain U. S. A.,
M. and D. Officer and A. C. S.

TO RAILROAD CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Pacific Railroad, (of Missouri,) in St. Louis, till March 25, 1864, for doing the graduation and masonry of about thirty-five (35) miles of the road, being from Holden, in Johnson County, to a section in Jackson County between the Little Blue and Independence. Profiles, list of sections to be let, giving time as to when they must be completed, forms of bids, specifications, &c., can be seen at the office of the Chief Engineer in St. Louis.

Bids should be made for each section of about one (1) mile, and no distance greater than ten (10) miles will be let to any party or firm.

Payments will be made monthly in cash, fifteen (15) per cent. being retained till the completion of the work.

Bids should be addressed to GEORGE K. TAYLOR, President, and where the bidder is not personally known to the President or Engineer, he must accompany bid by substantial references, and should give also his post-office address, and he will be informed of the acceptance or rejection of his offer.

The company reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

T. McKISSOCK, Ch'f Eng'r and Sup't.

ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE OFFICE, CINCINNATI, OHIO, Feb. 15, 1864.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned, until MONDAY, Feb. 29, 1864, at 12 o'clock, M., for furnishing this department with:

Blouses, Lined and Unlined—Army Standard.
Blouse Flannel—Army Standard.
Bootees, Sewed and Pegged—Army Standard.
Jackets, Cavalry—Army Standard.
Stockings—Army Standard.
Drum Heads, Batter.
Drum Heads, Snare.

To be delivered free of charge at the United States Inspection Warehouse, in this city, in good new packages, with the name of the party furnishing, the kind and quantity of goods distinctly marked thereon.

Parties offering goods must in all cases furnish samples, marked and numbered to correspond with their proposal, and distinctly state in their bids the quantity of goods they propose to furnish, the price and the time of delivery.

Bids will be open on MONDAY, Feb. 29, 1864, at 1 o'clock P. M., at this office, and bidders are invited to be present.

Awards will be made on TUESDAY, March 1, 1864, when bidders, or duly authorized agents, are expected to be prepared to give security that the goods will be furnished if an award is made.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

By order of Col. THOMAS SWORDS, A. Q. M. G.
C. W. MOULTON, Capt. and A. Q. M.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR FORAGE.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON DEPOT, Dec. 8, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS are invited by the undersigned for supplying the United States Quartermaster's Department, at Washington, D. C., Baltimore, Md., Alexandria and Fort Monroe, Va., or either of these places, with Hay, Corn, Oats and Straw.

Bids will be received for the delivery of 5,000 bushels of corn or oats, and 50 tons of hay or straw, and upward.

Bidders must state at which of the above-named points they propose to make deliveries, and the rates at which they will make deliveries thereat, the quantity of each article proposed to be delivered, the time when said deliveries shall be commenced, and when to be completed.

The price must be written out in words on the bids.

Corn to be put up in good stout sacks, of about two bushels each. Oats in like sacks, of about three bushels each. The sacks to be furnished without extra charge to the Government. The hay and straw to be securely baled.

The particular kind or description of oats, corn, hay or straw, proposed to be delivered must be stated in the proposals.

All the articles offered under the bids herein invited, will be subject to a rigid inspection by the Government Inspector before being accepted.

Contracts will be awarded from time to time to the lowest responsible bidder, as the interest of the Government may require, and payment will be made when the whole amount contracted for shall have been delivered and accepted.

The bidder will be required to accompany his proposal with a guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, that in case his bid is accepted, he or they will, within ten days thereafter, execute the contract for the same, with good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to the amount of the contract, to deliver the forage proposed in conformity with the terms of this advertisement; and in case the said bidder should fail to enter into the contract, they to make good the difference between the offer of said bidder and the next lowest responsible bidder, or the person to whom the contract may be awarded.

The responsibility of the guarantors must be shown by the official certificate of a United States District-Attorney, Collector of Customs, or any other officer under the United States Government, or responsible person known at this office.

All bidders will be duly notified of the acceptance or rejection of their proposals.

The full name and Post-office address of each bidder must be legibly written in the proposal.

Proposals must be addressed to Brigadier-General D. H. Rucker, Chief Depot Quartermaster, Washington, D. C., and should be plainly marked "Proposals for Forage."

Bonds, in sum equal to the amount of the contract, signed by two contractor and both of his guarantors, will be required of the successful bidder or bidders upon signing the contract.

Blank forms of bids, guarantees, and bonds, may be obtained upon application at this office.

FORM OF PROPOSAL.

(Town, County, and State.)

(Date)

I, the subscriber, do hereby propose to furnish and deliver to the United States, at the Quartermaster's Department, at ——, agreeably to the terms of your advertisement, inviting proposals for forage, dated Washington, Depot, Dec. 8, 1863, the following articles, viz.:

—— bushels of Corn, in sacks, at —— per bushel of 56 pounds.
—— bushels of Oats, in sacks, at —— per bushel of 32 pounds.
—— tons of baled Hay, at —— per ton of 2,000 pounds.
—— tons of baled Straw, at —— per ton of 2,000 pounds.

Delivery to commence on or before the ——— day of ——, 186—, and to be completed on or before the ——— day of ——, 186—, and pledge myself to enter into a written contract with the United States, with good and approved securities, within the space of ten days after being notified that my bid has been accepted.

Your obedient servant,

Brigadier-General D. H. RUCKER,
Chief Depot Quartermaster,
Washington, D. C.

GUARANTEE.

We, the undersigned, residents of ——, in the County of ——, and State of ——, hereby, jointly and severally, covenant with the United States, and guarantee in case the foregoing bid of ——— be accepted, that he or they will, within ten days after the acceptance of said bid, execute the contract for the same with good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to the amount of the contract, to furnish the forage proposed in conformity to the terms of advertisement dated Dec. 8, 1863, under which the bid was made, and, in case said ——— shall fail to enter into a contract as aforesaid, we guarantee to make good the difference between the offer by the said ——— and the next lowest responsible bidder, or the person to whom the contract may be awarded.

Witness, { Given under our hands and seals this —— day of ——, 186— [Seal.] [Seal.]

I hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the above-named guarantors are good and sufficient as sureties for the amount for which they offer to be security.

To be certified by the United States District-Attorney Collector of Customs, or any other officer under the United States Government, or responsible person known to this office.

All proposals received under this advertisement will be opened and examined at this office on Wednesday and Saturday of each week, at 12 M. Bidders are respectfully invited to be present, at the opening of bids if they desire.

D. H. RUCKER,
Brigadier-General and Quartermaster.

PROPOSALS FOR ICE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 23, 1864.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M., TUESDAY, March 15, 1864, for the supply of best quality of Ice to U. S. General Hospitals at New-Orleans, La., Baton Rouge, La., Key West, Fla., and Pensacola, Fla., and such points on the coast of Texas as may be occupied as hospitals during the year 1864.

Proposals will state price per hundred pounds delivered daily, as required by Surgeons in charge of Hospitals in the vicinity of above points. Also, price per ton of two thousand pounds, carefully stored in well constructed ice-houses at the above points, subject to inspection and measurement by the United States.

The following is the estimated quantity required at each point, but the proposals must include all additional amounts required during the year at the same rates:

New-Orleans	600 tons.
Pensacola	60 tons.
Key West	60 tons.
Baton Rouge	200 tons.

The above proposals must be accompanied by a guarantee that the party or parties are responsible, certified to by a United States District Attorney or Clerk of District Court.

The contract will be awarded to the lowest responsible party or parties, who will be duly notified by mail or otherwise that their bid is accepted, and they will immediately be required to enter into contract under bonds to the amount of five thousand dollars.

Bonds to be properly certified to.

An oath of allegiance to the United States Government must also accompany the proposals.

Proposals must be addressed to HENRY JOHNSON, M. S. K. and Purveyor, U. S. A., Washington, D. C., marked "Proposals for Ice."

The Post-office address of the parties proposing must be distinctly written upon the proposals.

Bidders may be present in person when the bids are opened.

The department reserves the right to reject all unsuitable bids.

HENRY JOHNSON,
M. S. K. and Purveyor U. S. A.,
Washington, D. C.

ORDNANCE OFFICE, WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, Feb. 23, 1864.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY this Department until TUESDAY, March 8, at 4 o'clock P. M., for the delivery at the Springfield Armory, Mass., of 6,000 single sets of wrought-iron work, for United States Artillery Harness.

The Harness Irons are to be packed in well-made boxes, containing twelve single sets each, being an assortment for four wheel and eight lead horses: and each twelve sets so packed will consist of the following pieces:

3 pairs long Hames, complete.
3 pairs short Hames, complete.
6 pairs medium Hames, complete.
48 Trace Clips, with 144 rivets.
4 double Loops or Eyes.
12 Saddle Loops, bent for cantle.
24 Trace Eyes.
24 long Chains with toggles.
24 short Chains with toggles.
4 Breast Hooks.
2 Leg Guards, with ten rivets.
6 Saddle Hoops, straight for riding saddle pummel.

These Harness Irons are to conform strictly in pattern and weight to the model sets to be seen at this office and at the Springfield Armory—are to be smoothly finished, are to fill the standard gauges, and each piece is to be made of the size and kind of iron prescribed in the official bill of iron, copies of which can be obtained at this office, at the New-York Agency, and at the Springfield Armory.

All the irons are to be well japanned—the japan to be of the best quality and well baked on. They are to be subject to inspection at the factory where made, before and after japanning.

The Hames are to be marked with the maker's name, the size, and the letters U. S. A. The latter letters one-fourth of an inch high.

All the pieces are to be put up in proper bundles, properly labeled, and each box is to be carefully packed, as prescribed by the inspector. The packing-box to be paid for at the inspector's valuation.

Deliveries are to be made at the rate of not less than sixty sets per day, commencing on the 22d day of March next. Failure to deliver at a specified time will subject the contractor to a forfeiture of the number he may fail to deliver at that time.

No bids will be considered except from parties actually engaged in the manufacture of this or similar kinds of iron work, and who can bring ample evidence that they have in their own shops all the machinery and appliances for turning out the full amount of work specified per day.

Bidders will be required to furnish proper securities for the proper performance of the work, and will inclose with their bids the written acknowledgments of their sureties over their own signatures.

Each party obtaining a contract will be required to enter into bonds with approved sureties for its faithful execution.

Upon the award being made, successful bidders will be notified and furnished with forms of contract and bond.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all bids if not deemed satisfactory.

Proposals will be addressed to "Brig.-Gen. Geo. D. Ramsay, Chief of Ordnance, Washington City," and will be indorsed "Proposals for Harness irons."

GEO. D. RAMSAY,
Brig.-Gen., Chief of Ordnance.

ENGINEER'S OFFICE OF MORRIS AND ESSEX RAILROAD COMPANY, NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 15, 1864.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—SEALED proposals will be received at this office for the grading, masonry and bridging of the extension of the road of this company from Hackettstown to the Delaware River at Phillipsburgh, (a distance of 23 miles,) until SATURDAY, the 26th day of March next.

Maps, profiles, plans and specifications, with blank forms for proposals and approximate estimates of quantities, will be in readiness at this office on and after Saturday, March 12.

J. B. BASSINGER, Chief Engineer.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF THE CENTRAL PARK, No. 31 NASSAU-ST., Feb. 19, 1864.

TO MASONS AND STONE-CUTTERS.—Sealed proposals will be received at this office until the 29th inst., for furnishing materials for and constructing any portion of the inclosing wall of the Central Park, not heretofore contracted.

Plans and specifications, and information respecting the same, will be furnished at the office above mentioned.

Proposals should be addressed to the Board of Commissioners of the Central Park, and indorsed "Proposals for Wall." The said board reserve the right to reject any or all proposals.

ANDREW H. GREEN,
Comptroller of the Park.

REAL ESTATE.

FULL LISTS OF HOUSES FOR SALE. ALSO STORES AND OTHER BUSINESS PROPERTY FOR SALE. ALSO COUNTRY SEATS AND FARMS FOR SALE. AND UNIMPROVED PROPERTY FOR BUILDING, WITH LOTS AND BLOCKS OF GROUND FOR INVESTMENT, CAN BE HAD AT THE OFFICE OF C. G. PRATT, NO. 38 PINE-ST.

THE 500,000 FAMILIES, OR SUCH OF them as purpose a change of residence 1st of May or before, a rare opportunity is offered to secure a most desirable situation, pleasantly situated 28 miles from New-York by New-York and New-Haven Railroad, on the Sound, at the head of a harbor; water view fine, and for health unsurpassed; house new, and unsurpassed for convenience, health and comfort, combining all the City modern improvements, such as baths, hot and cold water, gas, warmed by steam on the most improved plan, and at one-half the cost in fuel, much more healthy and agreeable than furnace heat, all in perfect order; several hundred young fruit trees beginning to bear, of the very choicest selections, garden Summer fruit, &c.; about 3 acres of choicest ground, within few rods of depot; steamboat daily, and altogether a most desirable situation. In every respect a complete establishment for a Summer or permanent residence for a genteel family. Price $15,000, one-third down, balance on 5 and 10 years, if desirable, at 6 per cent. interest. Or would be rented, with or without furniture, to a genteel family, without small children, and a neat, tidy housekeeper. None but such need apply. If agreeable, the gentleman and wife would like to make a home with them a part of the year in part payment of rent. For particulars, address E. MATHER, Greenwich Conn, or (by permission) inquire of WM. DAVIDSON, Nos. 488, 490 and 492 Broadway, for three days only.

FOR SALE—TIMBER LOT OF 674 ACRES.—ONE of the most valuable timber lots in this State, within 3½ miles of canal and railroad, near the head of Seneca Lake; easy of access, and surrounded by highly improved farms, worth from $50 to $60 per acre. The land is heavily timbered, and is of better soil and surface than any other similar body in the State. The property has on it a steam saw mill and shingle machine in running order, four dwellings and two barns. Title perfect; price $50 per acre. Very favorable terms will be made with a party who desires to lumber it, or it will be exchanged in part for other first-class property near New-York, or for well located Western lands at cash prices. W. S. BARNES, No. 362 Broadway, third floor, rear.

IN ELIZABETH, N. J.—A MODERN HOUSE, with 20 rooms, including servants' apartments, conservatory, bathing room and store rooms, double windows for Winter use, hot and cold water and gas throughout, hot-air furnace, kitchen ranges, speaking pipes, &c.; outbuildings abundant, including gardener's cottage; 14 acres of land, 800 feet of grape arbor of best varieties; 300 pear trees in bearing, of all the best varieties of Summer, Autumn and Winter fruit, with all other fruits of this climate, within ten minutes' walk of railroad depot for New-York and Philadelphia, on paved roads, sidewalks, &c.; is a handsome country residence within the city. Will be sold with part of the land if preferred. Apply to F. B. CHETWOOD, Elisabeth, N. J.

FOR SALE AT RAVENSWOOD, L. I.—A modern built, two-story basement and attic house; piazzas on front and rear; hall through the centre. On first floor are parlor, library, sitting and dining-rooms. On second floor, five bedrooms. In basement, kitchen, dining, and servants' rooms and cellar. Barrow's furnace, seven grates and marble mantels; lot 50x200 feet; shade, fruit trees and shrubbery. In the immediate vicinity of church, store, post-office and schools. Part of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage at 6 per cent. For further particulars, inquire at No. 236 Front-st.

FOR SALE—A CHOICE PRIVATE RESIDENCE. The best built and the most ornamental house, and the best location in the City; let runs through the block, 200 feet, with fine stable, which will let for $1,500 per annum, if not wanted for the house; the house is of a style and finish that requires but little furniture; price $75,000, which is 25 per cent. less than cost; no commission allowed; possession can be had at once. Address Box No. 3,709 Post-office.

FOR SALE OR LEASE.—THE PROPERTY Nos. 86 and 88 Wooster-st., comprising 50 feet on Wooster-st. by 100 feet deep, with buildings thereon suitable for an extensive manufactory. Also, a desirable country residence at Mott-Haven, Westchester County, with half an acre of ground, a good dwelling-house, stable and carriage-house, and fine garden, &c. Inquire at No. 88 Wooster-st.

FOR SALE—IN 10TH-ST., NEAR COOPER INstitute, a first-class house for $12,500.

ALSO,

in West 25th-st., near 10th av., a similar house for $8,000.

They are in first-rate order, and are offered at a bargain, as the owner is leaving the City.

Apply to WARD McLEAN, No. 19 Wall-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET AT STAMFORD, CONN.—House with three-fourths acre land, stable and outbuildings, situated corner South and Willow sts., within five minutes' walk of the depot; fruit and shade trees in abundance; house contains 14 rooms, gas and water; a very desirable location for persons doing business in New-York; price, $9,000; rent, $650. Apply on the premises, or to C. W. SCOFIELD, No. 5 Platt-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—THE TWO THREE-STORY BRICK houses known as Nos. 41 and 43 Huntingdon-st., Brooklyn. Houses 22 by about 45; lots 100 feet deep. Price low and terms easy.

Also, a three-story brick house, of which immediate possession could be had, near the ferry.

Apply to P. C. BULKLEY,
No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

WILL EXCHANGE FOR FARMING LANDS in Virginia, Maryland, Kentucky, or Tennessee, a first-class productive business property, four-story brick block, four stores,) in the city of Rochester, Monroe County, N. Y. Amount from $15,000 to $40,000. Direct, stating location, quantity, quality, improvements, &c.

J. Z. NEWCOMB, Rochester, N. Y.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, ON CLINTONav., three-story frame cottage house and lot; house 22x32, with extensive lot, 25x100; bath-room, range, Etna heater; house in fine order; large yard, with grape vines. Apply to owner, R. WILLIAMS,
No. 192 Chambers-st., New-York.

MORRIS COVE, NEAR NEW-HAVEN, and only fifteen minutes from Fair Haven, on New London Railroad, cottage house and twenty-two acres, with over 1,000 feet water-front, barns, carriage-house, two wells of water, fine stone walls; good churches near Mr. Townsend. Apply for price to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A SMALL HOUSE AND LOT, 52 by 200 feet, on the Bergen Point plank-road, (called Bergen-av., near Myrtle,) South Bergen, 20 minutes' ride from Jersey City ferry, on the dummy-road. Fruit trees and grapevines on the premises. Apply to JOSEPH B. PURDY, No. 34 Maiden-lane.

FOR SALE—FOUR-STORY (BROWN-STONE front) English basement house and lot on 34th-st., between Madison and 4th-avs., in perfect order.

For permits and particulars, apply to ALLEN & BROWN,
No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE IN WEST MORRISANIA, WESTCHESTER COUNTY—A two-story house with wing; has 11 rooms, a good garden with considerable fruit, a well of good water and cistern; handsomely located. For particulars inquire of ANDREW WOOLF, Morrisania, on Fordham-av., two doors south of 7th-st.

FOR SALE—A BRICK THREE STORY ATTIC and basement house, with two story extension, near Washington-square. It has twenty-five feet front, 17 rooms, and all the modern improvements, and is in perfect condition. Terms made easy. Apply to HENRY H. ANDERSON, No. 38 Wall-st.

JERSEY CITY.—DWELLING-HOUSE AND TWO lots of ground for sale, with or without the furniture, located on the northeast corner of Wayne and Barrow sts.; house large and commodious, with modern improvements, finished in the best manner. Possession at once, if wanted. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE AT TARRYTOWN, N. Y., ONE mile from the depot, a neat cottage with 8 acres of good land, stocked with all kinds of fruit, shade and ornamental trees; carriage-house, fine river view; &c. Apply to ALLEN NEWMAN, No. 25 Wall-st., New-York.

HOUSE FOR SALE—IN WEST TWENTIETHst., a few doors from 5th-av. The house is four stories, brown stone front, in all respects first-class, having all the modern improvements. For particulars, apply to JOHN PHILLIPS, No. 61 Broadway.

FOR SALE IN WILLIAMSBURGH—A good two-story frame dwelling, No. 88 Remsen-st., ten rooms, pantries and closets; grape vines, fruit trees, woodhouse in yard. Apply to J. A. DELANOY, No. 124 Bowery, or JOHN ESHINE, south side Taylor-st., four houses east of Wythe-av., Brooklyn, E. D.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—ON CARLTON-av., between Lafayette and DeKalb avs., some of those magnificently furnished brown-stone front houses with all modern improvements. Fulton and DeKalb av. cars run convenient. Apply on the premises to THOMAS FAGAN.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY BRICK DWELling-house, No. 307 West 21st-st., lot 25x98.9; house 25x50; opposite the Theological Seminary. For further particulars inquire on the premises, or of S. MOORE, No. 48 Wall-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—NOS. 78 AND 80 6th-st.; two high-stoop two-story and a half brick dwelling-houses, fitted with gas and Croton water. Lots about 22 feet by half a block. Price to purchase, $6,500 each; to rent, $650 each. Terms easy. Apply to WASHINGTON MURRAY, No. 145 Broadway.

FOR SALE—AT LAFAYETTE, ONE MILE from Jersey City Ferry, a two-story and basement brick house, new and very complete. Price $3,500.

A. S. WHITON, No. 132 Broadway, N. Y.

FOR SALE.—2,560 ACRES IOWA LANDS, OF the Dubuque and Pacific land grant, cheap for cash, or will be exchanged for other property. Inquire of W. L. BARNES, Agent, 362 Broadway.

FOR SALE—BY C. C. PINCKNEY, NO. 8 PINEst., the first-class fall front brown-stone dwelling, No. 179 East 14th-st.; lot 25x103. $13,000.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED TO RENT—A MODERATELY large house, wholly or partially furnished, or would purchase furniture, if on accommodating terms; would rent before 1st of May, if desired. Address S. Box No. 3,631, New-York Post-office.

WANTED—STEAM POWER, (60 TO 150 HORSE,) with room for storage in one, two, or three lofts; equal to 25x50 feet, or more. Location not above 30th-st., or below Canal-st. Address W, Box No. 2,526 New-York Post-office.

A SMALL QUIET FAMILY WISH TO rent part of a house in a good locality, at a moderate rent; second floor of a large house containing the modern improvements preferred. Address M. K., Box No. 2,526, New-York Post-office.

WANTED, ON STATEN ISLAND—A COTtage, with some ground, in walking distance of ferry; north shore preferred. Rent not more than $300. Address C. D. B., Box No. 175 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A FAMILY OF THREE ADULTS, a three-story high-stoop house in good location, between 17th and 42d sts., and 4th and 6th avs. Address R., Box No. 4,381 Post-office.

REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE,
EXTENSIVE MILL PROPERTY AT PATERSON, N. J. THE WHOLE OR A PART.

Buildings of stone and very substantial, 45x140, 20x appurtenances in perfect order. Lighted by gas and heated by steam. Suitable for any manufacturing business. Lot 150x400. Trains run hourly; time 30 minutes from New-York. Terms easy.

Apply to WARD McLEAN,
No. 19 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—FOUR-STORY BROWN-STONE FRONT HOUSES and LOT on 34th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

Also,

On 29th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., full lot.

Also,

On 38th-st., near 5th-av., full size lot.

Also,

Two on 23d-st., between 9th and 10th avs.

Also,

On 5th-av., with stable.

Also,

Three on 37th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

A number of very desirably located houses and lots. For permits and particulars apply to ALLEN & BROWN,
No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE ELEGANT FOUR-STORY brown-stone house, with or without adjacent lots, known as No. 44 1st-place, southeast corner of Clinton-st., Brooklyn, built by the present owner in the most substantial and thorough manner for his own residence, beautifully situated, commanding an extensive view of the harbor, bay and City; has been recently decorated and painted, and is in perfect order; house 26½ by 60, and inclosed piazza in rear of 10 feet; lot 36½ on 1st-place, 86½ on 2d-place, and 267 feet in depth, including court-yards. The grounds are beautifully laid out, and well stocked with choice fruits. Plans and specifications of the house can be seen, and permits obtained from P. C. BULKLEY, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

FOR SALE—
AN EXTRA-WIDE BROWN-STONE MANSION, WITH STABLE,

in a first-class location on Murray Hill, built by the present occupant in the very best manner, and elaborately finished throughout, without regard to expense; containing some valuable features and improvements, in addition to those which are usually found in first-class houses. The stable is large, and of decidedly superior character. For further particulars and prices apply to WARD McLEAN,
No. 19 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—THE ELEGANT FIRST-CLASS brown-stone dwelling No. 142 Lexington-av., 25x65 feet. All modern improvements, $22,500.

ALSO,

Two handsome four-story brown-stone English basement houses, Nos. 138 and 140 12th-st., between 2d and 3d avs. Price $12,000 each.

ALSO,

A splendid building site at Irvington, on the Hudson, with extensive views, fine macadamized roads, &c., all ready for building. Price $16,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE LEASE OF AN IRON ROLLing mill, situated on the Croton River, 1½ miles from Croton Landing, on the Hudson River. Said mill is now running and capable of manufacturing three to five tons finished iron per day. Having machinery and rolls for making ¾ to 1½, round and square, flat, oval, half-oval and half-round. The lease has nearly nine years to run. Possession given immediately. Apply to A. T. HURD, No. 6 Broadway, New-York.

A RARE CHANCE TO BUY A CHEAP HOUSE.—For sale, on 89th-st., between 1st-av. and Avenue A, a good two-story, attic and basement house, 22x40; piazza, modern improvements, with one full lot, at a price for both less than the house would now cost to build. Two or three lots adjoining can be secured at low prices. Also two lots, with a tasty double house thereon. Terms liberal. Apply to S. THOMSON, 3d-av., between 83d and 84th sts., Yorkville.

FOR SALE—WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, at a bargain, a very pretty two-story and attic cottage, with three full lots of ground, located on Simonson-av., Vanderbilt Landing, Staten Island; house 31 x31, with wing, two parlors, library, dining-room and kitchen on first floor; four bedrooms on second, and a large open attic. The owner going abroad, it will be sold at the low price of $2,500. Permits of A. JOURNEAY, No. 8 Pine-st.

FOR SALE AT GREENPOINT—A FINE corner property on a paved street; good business location; now occupied as a grocery; a three-story house, 25x32, addition 12x15, well-built, good cellar. Also, a two-story house on rear, facing a cross street, 20x22, lot 100 feet, five minutes' walk from 10th-st. Ferry. Price $4,200. Inquire of P. C. PROVOST, Greenpoint-av., near Franklin-st.

FOR SALE THE PROPERTY KNOWN AS THE New-York Medical College, No. 90 East 13th-st., and vacant lots adjoining near 4th-av.; plot of ground 80x100; building 50x80; suitable for a large school or manufactory. Apply to RUNKLE & DOUGLAS, No. 15 William-st., or P. C. BULLKEY, 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

FOR SALE—THE VALUABLE LEASEHOLD property No. 160 East 18th-st. Three story high basement brick house in good order; lot 21 feet wide; a very desirable location; will be sold at a low price. Apply to JOHN W. BURT, No. 38 Vesey-st.

FOR SALE—THREE-STORY AND ATTIC BRICK house in West 12th-st., 21x59.9 house in excellent order, with all modern conveniences; new furnace, range, gymnasium, &c.; tenant will occupy at $850; price $9,000. Apply to T. J. McKEE, No. 67 Wall-st.

BROOKLYN PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The fine large house, with 8 lots, on the northeast corner of Evergreen-av. and Woodbine-st. For particulars, apply to S. S. JONES, No. 33 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, or A. M. SUYDAM, on the premises. Terms easy.

FOR SALE—TWO NEW FIRST-CLASS FOUR-story high-stoop brown-stone houses, Nos. 21 and 23 West 39th-st.; full size, finished in the best manner, with all improvements. Apply on the premises, from 1 to 5 P. M., or to LOPER & DAVIS, foot of East 36th-st.

LEASE OF BROADWAY PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The lease of the building, No. 722 Broadway, east side, between 44th-st. and Astor-place. Inquire on the premises, or of MULLER, WILKINS & CO, No. 5½ Pine-st.

$12,000.—FOR SALE—THE HOUSE 20x80, and lot No. 36 West 45th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Apply to C. R. DISOSWAY, No. 5 Beekman-st.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A BROWN-STONE HOUSE three-stories, high stoop, 22 feet, lot half the block; location between 2d and 3d avs. Apply to J. ODELL, No. 4 Jauncey-court.

FOR SALE—FOUR LOTS 25x100 EACH, NORTHwest corner of 28th-st. and 1st-av., suitable for a foundry or factory, 150 feet from 28th-st. Pier, East River. J. McMASTER, No. 17 Nassau-st., Room No. 2.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY BRICK dwelling-house No. 20 C

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, FEB. 26, 1864.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Lucia di Lammermoor.

WALLACK'S—Rosedale.

WINTER GARDEN—The Ticket-of-Leave Man.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—Taming a Butterfly.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—The Duke's Motto.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Great Arabian Giant—French Giant—Giant Girl, Giant Boy, Two Dwarfs, Moving Wax Figures, &c., at all hours—Miriam's Crime, Harrison, Comic Singer and Tyrolean Whistler, at 3 and 7½ P. M.

CIRCUS—BROADWAY AMPHITHEATRE—(No. 485 Broadway)—Equestrian Performances.

THE HIPPOTHEATRON—Hippotheatronic Performances.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE—(Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway)—Moral Exhibition and Egyptian Caravan.

HOWE'S GREAT CIRCUS—(Nos. 199 and 201 Bowery.)

HOPE CHAPEL, No. 718 Broadway—The Stereoscopticon, or Mirror of the Universe.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

Dispatches from Vicksburgh, via Memphis and Cairo, make bare mention of the occupation of Selma, Alabama, by Gen. Sherman. As communication between Gen. Sherman's army and Vicksburgh, or any other point in his rear, must be very infrequent, if not impossible, this report can be nothing more than rumor. At the rate Gen. Sherman was progressing, however, it is not impossible, if he was going there.

Advices from Knoxville to the 23d inst. state that Gen. Stoneman, with Haskill's Division, of the Twenty-third Corps, and Hazen's Brigade, of the Fourth Corps, returned that day from a reconnoissance toward Sevierville. After going ten miles out, and finding no enemy, they learned from reliable sources that the enemy left Sevierville on the 22d, and crossed the French Broad River at a bridge. Latest reports say there are very few rebels at Strawberry Plains, and none on the north side of the Holston. It is believed that Longstreet fell back for want of forage, the country he has been occupying being entirely stripped. The roads in the country are impassable for artillery now. The fortifications around Knoxville are being rapidly completed. The weather was like Summer.

A dispatch from Ringgold, Georgia, Feb. 23, says a reconnoissance of our forces has resulted in ascertaining that Harder's corps has left to reinforce Polk in Mississippi. Stevenson's and Hindman's corps, of two divisions each, are in Thomas's front. Breckinridge has been ordered to take command in West Virginia. He will probably take with him his Kentucky Brigade.

A dispatch yesterday from Chattanooga, says that in the engagement on Tuesday at Tunnel Hill, Geo., between the forces of Gen. Palmer and the rebels at that point, we made 300 prisoners, who had been sent in. Our losses are reported at 75 killed and wounded.

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Ledger* states that several thousand troops certainly left New-Orleans in transports during the week ending Feb. 13, and their destination was generally understood to be Pascagoula. The preparations for this joint movement on the part of Sherman and Banks were commenced as long ago as the latter part of December, when Gen. McPherson, who commands in Gen. Sherman's Department, paid a visit to Banks and remained with him for several weeks. The Confederates in New-Orleans ascertained at once what was on foot, and reinforcements were in Mobile *within ten days after the arrival of McPherson at New-Orleans!* If Sherman is, therefore, flying on in such hot haste in the hope of preventing the rebels from reinforcing Mobile, he will find that his movement has been fully anticipated. The same correspondent states that there is no truth in the report awhile ago current that Pemberton was in command at Mobile. The Commander of the land forces in that city is Gen. Maury, and the Commander of the fleet is Admiral Buchanan.

Maj.-Gen. Sigel has been assigned to the command of Western Virginia, and will at once enter upon the execution of his duties.

FROM EUROPE.

The steamship *Hibernian* arrived yesterday at Portland, from Liverpool on the 11th, via Londonderry on the 12th inst., her advices being one day later than those per the *City of London*. In the British House of Lords, Earl Derby had attacked the policy of the Government in reference to the rebel steamer *Alabama* and the Laird rams, insinuating that the seizure of the latter had been made under menaces of the United States Government, and moved that the papers in the case be produced. Earl Russell replied, defending the course of the Government, and declining to produce the papers pending legal inquiries. The London *Post* says that England has proposed an armistice between the Danes and the Germans, preliminary to a conference, and that the proposition is supported by France, Russia and Sweden.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate, yesterday, Mr. Sumner presented the usual number of petitions for the abolition of Slavery. Mr. Pomeroy presented petitions from citizens of Kansas, asking for mail routes. Mr Ramsay ditto, from citizens of Minnesota. Mr. Sherman presented a petition from citizens of Ohio, asking for the sale of mineral lands. Mr. Sprague presented the petition of of citizens of Rhode Island, asking that black soldiers be placed on same footing as white. Mr. McDougall introduced a bill to amend the act incorporating the Pacific Railroad Company. On motion of Mr. Fessenden, the Senate reconsidered its action on the Revenue bill, and the Chair was authorized to appoint a new Conference Committee. The bill to equalize the pay of soldiers was taken up, and an amendment adopted offered by Mr. Sumner, giving to all soldiers enlisted under the act of 1861 the same pay and bounties. The Senate took no further action on the bill. The Chair was authorized to appoint a Committee of Conference on the disagreeing votes on the Lieutenant-General Bill. On motion of Mr. Wilson, the Military Committee were instructed to inquire into the expediency of extending the bounties to April next.

In the House, yesterday, Mr. Spaulding introduced a bill granting pensions to the soldiers of the War of 1812. Mr. Washburne made an attempt to take up the bill reviving the grade of Lieutenant-General, so that a Committee of Conference might be asked, but objection was made. The House then resumed consideration of the Freedman's Bureau Bill, and Mr. Davis, of Maryland, spoke at length in its favor. Mr. Stevens, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported a bill providing that of the $600,000,000 ten-forty loan, $200,000,000 be put in the market at once redeemable in not less than five nor more than forty years. Action on the bill was postponed until it could be printed. Mr. Stevens also reported a bill to appropriate $43,000 to carry into effect the awards of the Peruvian Commission. The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Naval Appropriation Bill, which gave rise to the usual wide range of discussion. Mr. Kelly, of Penn., spoke in reply to Mr. Holman, of Indiana, defending the Navy Department. Finally, after lengthy debate, a new section was added, appropriating $260,000 for dry docks for the monitors at the New-York and Philadelphia Navy-yards. The bill then passed. The bill extending the time for the payment of duties on goods in bonded warehouses until the 1st of September next was taken up and passed, and the House adjourned.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Board of Councilmen met yesterday, and concurred in the resolution authorizing the Comptroller to lease at auction all ferry franchises, and all wharves, piers and slips and other improved Corporation property not now leased or which is not yielding revenue to the City. The "other improved property" is understood to mean vacant engine and school houses, &c. The Mayor sent in his veto on the resolution relative to procuring the customary badges for the members of the Common Council. His main objection is that gold is too high at present to allow of the expenditure contemplated. A resolution by Mr. Gross, to give the use of the Chamber of the Board to the Superior Court, Special Term, without a jury—Justice Moncrief presiding—for the month of March, led to some sportive remarks, and was finally tabled by 10 to 8. This opposition is attributable to the fact that locks of desk drawers were broken and the stationery of several of the members was stolen while this Court used the Chamber during a short period last year. The Board adjourned to 1 o'clock P. M. next Monday.

A dispatch from Cincinnati to the Philadelphia *Bulletin*, says that "the action of the Indiana State Convention, in instructing delegates to the National Convention to cast their votes for President Lincoln, is considered decisive as to the West. Had the resolution so instructing gone to the committee-room without debate, and not been put to a vote of the convention in mass, it would not have been heard of. Five out of eleven Congressional Districts in caucus had voted against instructing. The resolution may, therefore, be considered a triumph of the people over the politicians."

The trial of Major Stoms, of Cincinnati, for committing a rape on Miss Jolly, which has been prominent there for several days, owing to the social position of the parties, has resulted in a verdict of guilty.

A Portland paper states, with reference to the disaster to the *Bohemian*, that the bell buoy had been removed from the dangerous ledge upon which she struck, and a can buoy substituted, without any notice having been given.

Flour, Wheat and Oats were depressed and declining yesterday, having been less sought after. Corn was dearer, but not active. Provisions were in less request; prices of hog products favored buyers. The grocery trade was active only in the line of teas, which were buoyant. Cotton was brisker and firmer; Whisky dull and lower, while most other articles were essentially unaltered.

The price of Gold yesterday was 158¼@¼, and Bills on London were 172¾@173 ₱ cent. Money in easy supply. There was a large business in the Government Funded Stocks and Treasury paper. The Railway speculation feverish.

Copperhead Predictions of a Cabinet Explosion.

Our Democratic brethren of the Copperhead persuasion are becoming excessively impatient for the expected rupture in the Cabinet. Their eagerness is a little unseemly. If their disinterested devotion to the welfare of the Administration were less notorious than it is, they would almost incur the suspicion of having "private ends" of their own to serve, like Goldsmith's dog, in this Cabinet smash-up which they have been announcing for the past month as certain to occur immediately.

Since the publication of Mr. Pomeroy's pronunciamiento against Mr. Lincoln's renomination, their predictions have been more vehement and peremptory than ever. But we don't believe they are one whit nearer fulfillment. We have no idea that President Lincoln will remove Mr. Chase from the post he holds, simply because his friends are disposed to make him President. Nor do we think he would do it even if he were certain that Mr. Chase himself were a party to these movements. What the President and the country want and expect of Mr. Chase now is, that he should give vigor, energy, honesty and success to the financial department of the Government. He has done that in a very eminent degree thus far, and we have no doubt he will continue to do it; and so long as he does there is little danger that the country will lose his services, in consequence of any jealousy of his Presidential aspirations on the part of Mr. Lincoln. If Mr. Chase don't know when the country has a good President, the President knows when he has a good Secretary; and he will be quite content to let the country judge as to the wisdom and good policy of shifting the scenes and changing parts.

It is quite possible that Mr. Chase may find himself, through the overweening ambition of his friends, placed in such relations toward the President as to render his retention of office under him exceedingly unpleasant and embarrassing to a man of delicate susceptibilities. Mr. Pomeroy's "National Executive Committee," by assuming to speak on his behalf and in his name, and by persisting in its semi-clandestine denunciations of the President, who has placed nearly all the official patronage of the Government in Mr. Chase's hands, may put the latter in such an attitude of hostility to the Administration as will greatly damage his ability, or impair his desire, to serve it. That committee have issued—not for general distribution, but for quiet circulation—a political pamphlet, containing some of the most virulent newspaper assaults upon the President they could find, and laying the basis for a personal as well as political warfare, not likely to prove either creditable to its authors, damaging to its object or edifying to the country at large. Some of the newspaper allies of the committee are making rapid and premature progress in this race of defamation; and the menace foreshadowed in the Pomeroy Circular, is openly proclaimed in other quarters, quite as respectable, and of, at least, equal authority, that if Mr. Lincoln is renominated another "Union" candidate will be run regardless of results. Just now these things are said and done nominally in the interest of Gov. Chase; but their only effect, so far as he is concerned, must be to throw upon him a responsibility he would be the last to assume, and constrain him either to disavow all countenance to these projects, or to relinquish a position where his friends will have made it impossible for him to continue the eminent service he has thus far rendered the country.

We do not anticipate such a result. Such friends as those now engaged in pressing Mr. Chase for the Presidency will find themselves powerless to injure any but themselves. Mr. Chase certainly will not allow his usefulness to the country to be thus impaired, nor will he suffer the cause of the Union to be thus imperiled by untimely and unseemly personal disputes among those who claim to be its friends. There is not only no necessity for any such disputes, but the great body of the loyal people of the country will not permit them to be thrust prematurely into the discussion of public affairs.

We trust our Democratic friends, therefore, will possess their souls in patience and not become unduly eager for a Cabinet rupture. It will scarcely come at their bidding; and amiable as the President is said to be, he is not likely to bring it about for their gratification. Every one understands that he relishes a joke, but he is not in the habit of making practical jokes at his own expense. The Cabinet, we venture to say, will hold together a good deal longer than the Democratic party.

The Manifesto of the Rebel Congress.

It will always, we are satisfied, be a matter of pride and satisfaction to the friends of the North that, in spite of the intensity of the feeling roused by the struggle in which it has been engaged for the last three years—in spite, in short, of the fact that this struggle is a civil war, its writers and speakers have, except in very rare cases, refrained from the railing and vituperation on which the Southern leaders seem to rely largely both for exciting the sympathy of foreigners and keeping up the courage of their own people. In fact, there has been no characteristic of the contest so marked and so strange as the absence of vindictiveness on the part of the people of the Free States. Our offences against good taste have consisted rather in exaggerated estimates of our own strength, and undue depreciation of that of the enemy; or, to put it in plain English, in inordinate bragging, than in abuse or scolding. This calm or phlegm, whichever it may be called, has unquestionably been a source of military weakness; but it has, as unquestionably, been a proof of moral strength. If it has served to prolong the war, it will do for our reputation what the war alone could never have done.

We do not, therefore, propose to examine the manifesto recently issued by the rebel Congress for the purpose of engaging in a game of retorts. It states no new facts, and puts forward no new pleas in justification of the course on which it urges its adherents; brings no new charges against us, and does not contain the slightest indication of any change either in the temper or purpose of the men in whose hands Providence has for the moment placed the fortunes and resources of the South.

The most remarkable point in the document is, perhaps, the explicitness with which it avows that the main object of secession was to secure full liberty for the great experiment of establishing a State with Slavery as the basis of its social and political order. This avowal has already been made now and then, on the stump or in Congress, by single orators; but it has hitherto wanted the weight, solemnity and official confirmation which it receives from the document before us. The Confederate Congress declares that the object of the revolution was "to form a new Confederate alliance, as an independent Government, *based on the proper relations of labor and capital*;" that is, as they understand them, the capitalist *owning* the laborer; and they declare "that they had a right to expect that they would be permitted, without molestation, to cultivate the arts of peace, and vindicate in their chosen arena, and with a selected type of social characteristics, their claims to civilization;" or, in better and plainer English, that they would be permitted to strengthen the foundations of Slavery—to make such alterations in the laws and Constitution as would insure its perpetuation, and to extend it over such unoccupied or free territories as might come into their possession, if not without criticism, at least without let or hindrance on the part of the North, and to use their separate political organization for the destruction or depreciation of our form of government.

For us this avowal possesses no great importance. It tells us nothing we did not already know. The only purpose useful to us that it can now serve is to confound the agents which the Richmond Government maintains in Europe, to delude the English and French into the belief that the old doctrine that Slavery was a temporary but inevitable evil still predominates in the land of Washington and Jefferson. *We* knew well enough that the revolution was not attempted until the vast majority of the Southern people was won over to the new heresy, and until a form of Christianity, based on a denial of the brotherhood of the human race, had been devised by politicians for their own advancement, and accepted by their followers as a commercial speculation. The trouble between us and the South has not arisen, however, out of our unwillingness to let them practice their new rites and follow their false gods within the limits of their own States. Painful as was the spectacle of their degradation, and gross as was the obloquy which it brought on us from the lips of the rest of Christendom, nobody at the North, except a small and impotent sect, proposed to interfere for their rescue or evangelization. What brought about the collision which has ended in war was their insane and insatiable desire to embody their newfangled theories in the Federal laws and Constitution, and make the common fleets, the common armies, and common diplomacy instrumental in propagating ideas which we conceived to be injurious to morals, and opposed to all true political and economical progress.

The monstrous charges made by the manifesto, as to our mode of conducting the war, it would be a waste of time to examine or refute. They are but a rehash of the dish of horrors, which Jefferson Davis serves up at stated intervals in his messages, and which Southern emissaries abroad place on the table at every banquet to which their foreign friends invite them. There is the same vagueness, the same generality, the same scrupulous avoidance of the only things that can give them a particle of claim to attention or credence—dates, places, names. Without these things, frantic accusations of arson, robbery, murder and rape against our armies pass us by as the idle wind. There is a *naïveté* about the assertion of the address, "that the (our) atrocities are too incredible for narration," which almost tempts one to overlook its absurdity. Nothing is too incredible for narration except a falsehood. Crimes committed *en grand*, as those alleged against us are said to have been, cannot be very difficult of proof, and it is due, we will not say to us, but to the civilized world, which is asked to believe us guilty of them, to submit the naked facts to its judgment, stripped of all wild declamation. Who are the women whom Gen. Butler flogged? When, where and for what did he flog them? The world knows the name of the victim whose torture made Haynau infamous; and there is little use in asking us to place Butler in the same category with him, unless we have the particulars of his villainy. Whose ladies' boarding-school did Turchin's troops ravish? Who were the Missouri "maidens" whose "blood has been made to flow?" To whom have Federal Generals "denied the rites of sepulture?" What "unoffending non-combatants have been murdered in filthy jails?" Give us, in short, the exact circumstances—all the particulars of the acts which have made this war one of "unexampled barbarity," and the Southern people may rely upon it that if the facts are proved, the indignation of the Northern public will be full as great as their own. But we predict that these paltry details will never be furnished; to attempt to do so would be to put an end to that wild invective and vituperation of which the State papers of the Confederacy have been, from the outset, almost entirely composed.

There is one thing, however, abundantly evident in this manifesto, coming, as it does, from a body which has just passed a wholesale Conscription Act, and that is that all discussion of the causes, or legality, or justifiability of the war, or even of the possibility of compromise or conciliation, is henceforth idle. We believed this before; we now know it. The issues the rebels present to us are such as have never yet been decided by argument. They possess that tremendous magnitude, and that tremendous complexity that mark them out in an especial manner for "the bloody arbitrament of the sword." The only forum in which such questions as our right to exist as a nation, our right to hold this continent for those principles in morals and politics which the civilized world holds to have their root in justice, and truth, and humanity—in which the claim of six millions of our fellow-citizens to break up our Government for the sole purpose of trying an experiment based on the organized degradation of four millions of their fellow-creatures to the level of the beasts that perish—can possibly be tried, is the battle-field. Final judgment, that will bind both parties and our posterity also, can nowhere else be rendered. And we enter it once more with unabated alacrity, and with a confidence that neither delay nor disaster will ever shake.

Gen. Grant and the Lieutenant-Generalship.

The Senate deserves public thanks for its decisive vote, striking out Gen. Grant's name from the joint resolution reviving the grade of Lieutenant-General. The attempt of the House to prescribe, as it virtually did, that one particular man, and no other, should receive that rank, was unconstitutional, unseemly, unsafe. But for so many other odd performances of the House, it would have excited astonishment.

The Constitution makes the President the sole executive head of the nation, and devolves upon him the entire executive responsibility. In consistency therewith, it gives him the sole appointing power, subject only to the approval of the Senate. The House has no more constitutional right to say that Gen. Grant shall be Lieutenant-General than it has to say that some other popular General shall be Secretary of War, and some other one yet Minister to England. The fact that the office to be filled is military instead of civil, makes not the slightest difference. The Constitution makes no distinction. The President has the same appointing power to all offices, military and civil alike. There never was a clearer unconstitutional assumption than in that resolution. Nothing is made by saying that the President was only "recommended" to make that appointment. The House has no voice in the matter whatever—either to request or to dictate. It has as little right to trammel the Executive judgment as to control it. The Constitution expressly gives the President the power to reccmmend measures to Congress, but it gives no authority to Congress to make recommendations of men to the President. It intends that the House of Representatives shall confine itself to its own legislative business.

It is clearly improper to seek to trammel the President's discretion in regard to any matter pertaining to his duties as Commander-in-Chief. If he is fit for his place, he is entitled to plenary discretion. By virtue of his position, he is presumed to know best what the wants of the service require, and what men can best meet those wants. To undertake to forestall his judgment involves disrespect to him, though not so intended. It was as ungentlemanly in presumption as it was unconstitutional in assumption.

But this dictation was most of all reprehensible, because it periled the public interests. To make Gen. Grant sole Lieutenant-General is necessarily to withdraw him from his present field, and place him in general command of the army at headquarters; otherwise his rank would be a mockery. But Gen. Grant is about to commence a grand and, as he believes, a decisive campaign, and he deems that he can best serve his country in his present work. He considers himself better qualified for the field than for the closet. The President so judges him, and so do the people. Why should the House, then, take it upon itself to say that he shall be transferred to a different sphere? How can they reconcile it with the public interests that this great Spring campaign, just in its incipient stage, should be hazarded by the withdrawal of him who conceived it, and who, more than any other man, has the executive ability to consummate it? It is preposterous to maintain that Gen. Grant can conduct that Southwestern campaign in Washington as well as he can at the seat of war. With all his genius, he is not superior to Napoleon; and Napoleon, during his great campaigns, was never in Paris, but always with his army.

If the majority of the House wish well to Gen. Grant, they will let him alone. One of his crowning virtues, thus far, has been his steady determination to know nothing of politics, and to attend exclusively to his business as a soldier. All solicitations to lend his name to party schemes he has repelled with a firmness that has proved him every inch a man. Had Gen. McClellan shown any such elevation of spirit, he never would have sunk to his present discredit. Of course, there will be, and ever must be, a breed of pigmy politicians, who are always on the spring to be the first to mount to the shoulders of rising greatness, it being their only way to make themselves conspicuous. Gen. Grant shakes them off with a sovereign contempt it is refreshing to behold. If they have any regard for his comfort or for their own appearance before the country, they will now stop infesting him, and leave him free to do his own chosen work, in his own chosen way.

There is not the slightest danger that Gen. Grant will fail of being properly honored and rewarded by his country at the appropriate time. He himself has no concern about this. He finds his complete content in the consciousness of grand duties grandly performed. He can but know that he is making a name for history, in the light of which all the distinctions which Congress, or which even the people can bestow, pale into insignificance. But, notwithstanding that, the people will insist, and ought to insist, when his work is done, upon conferring on him every mark of their admiration and gratitude. This will surely come in its due season, and by a spontaneous, irrepressible impulse of the popular heart, immeasurably more gratifying to the recipient than any of these equivocal demonstrations of eager politicians. The House will do well to study and, if possible, emulate the wise composure of Gen. Grant and of the people.

The Chesapeake Pirates—What is to be Done with Them?

The result of the criminal proceedings in the case of the *Chesapeake* at Halifax, is very gratifying. It seems now quite probable that the villains who planned and executed that crime, will not be allowed to escape punishment. We see that the Commissioner puts his decision upon the very ground which we suggested as the conclusive one in the case, viz.: that even if there was a rebel commission authorizing the man named Parker to undertake a hostile enterprise, *it did not allow him to authorize others*, and as others had planned the affair and executed it, only bringing in Parker with his commission after the crime was committed, there was no protection in his commission for them.

Perhaps, now that the decision has been given that the men shall be given up to our authorities for trial, it is not premature to consider for a moment what we are to do with them. If they are brought here for trial, there can be little or no doubt what the result will be. The offence is a more aggravated one than that of the privateersmen who were tried and convicted at Philadelphia at the outset of the rebellion, and has elements in it whose influence upon public feeling and upon the sentiments of the jury would be almost certain to prevent such a result as occurred in the case of the privateer *Savannah*. The law was laid down in that case clearly and unmistakably that even the pretended authorization of Jeff. Davis gave the privateersmen no protection against the law which they had violated; and with greater reason and surer sweep it must be brought to bear upon these men who had not even the pretence of an authorization. So that it seems to us very certain that if the case of these men is brought before our courts, and the law carried out without interference from the Government, there can be but one result for them.

Will the Government interfere then, as it did before in the case of the privateersmen? It can hardly do so after having claimed the surrender of these men to us by the British authorities as criminals.

But the rebels will quite certainly claim that we shall regard and treat them as prisoners of war. They are very conscious of the importance to them of every injury to our commerce, and they are not the men to desert without an effort to save them, men who have endeavored to help their cause as these pirates did—for they know very well that the hanging of those who seized the *Chesapeake* puts a positive stop upon all future efforts to help them in that way. They will quite likely claim the men as theirs, insist upon their being treated as prisoners of war, and threaten retaliation if they are not so treated.

We hope, therefore, that the Administration, if it has not done so, will at once make up its mind to carry the case through to the bitter end, no matter what bluster, threats or retaliation may come from rebeldom, or else drop the case at once, before the men are delivered to us. They are of no earthly use to us as prisoners of war. We can get more and better ones and easier in Georgia or Mississippi or Virginia than in Halifax. As criminals, to be so treated that others will be deterred from committing their crime, their possession by us may be worth our while, but not otherwise.

We see it is stated that a habeas corpus is about to be issued in their behalf to bring their case before a higher court. That court may take a different view of the case from the Commissioner; and unless our authorities have fully determined to carry the matter through to the bitter end, it would hardly be worth their while to prevent this higher court from overruling, if it will, the decision of the Commissioner, and ending the case by a discharge of the men to capture and rob another merchant vessel under more favorable auspices.

The State Democratic Convention.—The Democratic State Convention, which met at Albany on Wednesday, was called for a specific object—the appointment of delegates to the National Convention at Chicago; and having performed that duty, it very wisely adjourned. No attempt was made to erect a platform, nor did the convention make any formal expression of its opinions on the great questions at issue before the country. The everlasting contest between Mozart and Tammany from this City made its annual appearance, and was further diversified by the claim of the McKeon Democrats to be also recognized and admitted. On this occasion, as the controversy had no practical importance, each of the three factions was indulged—the representation being equally divided between them. Tammany went through her usual performance of whining, protesting and withdrawing—but nobody minded it a bit.

The selection of delegates indicated the purpose of the party in the State. The War Democrats were decidedly in the ascendant, and the peace faction were treated with very little ceremony and a great deal of quiet contempt. Gov. Seymour, Dean Richmond, L. Butts and A. Belmont are the delegates at large. This was decidedly the most effectual way of squelching the Peace Democrats that the convention could have devised.

Keeping Open a Door of Retreat.—A letter from St. Augustine, Florida, mentions that Senator Yulee has never held office under the Confederate Government, nor in the State Government of Florida since she seceded, and that he therefore comes within the terms of the Amnesty Proclamation. It would be a little curious if Yulee should avail himself of this. He was one of the active conspirators at Washington during the closing months of Mr. Buchanan's Administration, forming one of that little clique of Senators and members of Congress from the South who directed the movements of the rebels in the Southern States, and pulled the wires of the secession machinery. Among the letters recently found in the houses of leading rebels at the South was one from Yulee, written from Washington early in January, 1861, saying that, upon consultation, the Secession members had decided to remain in Congress as long as possible, in order to defeat measures that might be brought forward against the rebellion—such as raising troops, making loans, &c., &c. These men staid there just as long as they could be useful to the rebel cause and escape hanging, and then they resigned, and went to their own place. Yulee was one of them. It would be nothing remarkable to see him turning back again, and taking the oath he has already broken, for the sake of avoiding the punishment he has richly deserved. But we hope he will be modest, and put it off as long as possible.

Postmaster Wakeman.—Our Washington dispatch of yesterday incorrectly represents Postmaster Wakeman as in Washington. Mr. Wakeman has not been absent during the past fortnight.

AMUSEMENTS.

Academy of Music.—The popular manager was favored with a good house last evening, notwithstanding the stormy threatening of the weather. The old but ever acceptable opera of "Somnambula" afforded the opportunity for the second appearance of Signor Brignoli. He appeared, in the first and second acts, to have recovered a good share of the confidence which failed him, for a time, on Monday night. He was finely supported by Miss Kellogg, who appears to peculiar advantage in this opera. The second act went off with decided *éclat*, and Brignoli and Kellogg were called before the curtain. But, to the disappointment of the audience, Brignoli somehow found himself unequal or unwilling to go on with the third act, and that most disagreeable of all opera incidents, an apology "from indisposition," was the consequence. Signor Lotti, on the shortest notice, assumed the unfinished story of *Elvino*, and went through the music most respectably.

This evening the debutante Miss Harris will appear in *Lucia*; supported by Massolini as *Edgardo*, and Bellini as *Ashton*.

Monday next closes the present subscription season. Another brief season, necessarily confined to seven successive nights, will be given by Mr. Maretzek. The old subscribers are requested to notify for their seats at the box office this evening or in the course of Saturday.

The Hippotheatron.—A series of novel attractions have been added to the already numerous and effective hippodramatic company of this popular establishment, on Monday evening—when Mr. Henry Cooke's great Circus Troupe of highly trained performing dogs and monkeys, from Astley's Royal Amphitheatre, London, and the Cirque Champs Elysée, Paris, made their first appearance in New-York. These animals are truly surprising in the instinct, docility and intelligence, throughout a lengthened and thoroughly complete circus performance, accomplishing with an ease and dexterity that provokes profuse applause and unbounded merriment all that the bipeds and quadrupeds of the arena usually attempt. They must be seen to be appreciated, for the whole affair is indescribably amusing. They will appear every afternoon and evening in conjunction with the full equestrian company of the Hippotheatron.

Broadway Circus.—The programme presented at the Broadway Amphitheatre for the present week is certainly of a sufficiently varied character to satisfy the requirements of the most exacting. In addition to the equestrian and gymnastic performances of the circus troupe, Mr. Lent announces a variety of feats by dancing and trick horses, a hurdle-leaping buffalo, an "educated sacred bull," and a troupe of performing dogs, monkeys and ponies. Sam. Lamor, the popular clown, will make his bow to the patrons of the Broadway establishment, for the first time, and Mme. Tournaire will continue her elegant exercises of the *haute ecole*.

Van Amburgh & Co.'s Menagerie.—This extensive and splendidly appointed exhibition is the resort of crowds of the *élite* of the City, both day and evening; and visitors certainly have no reason to complain that they do not get an equivalent for their money, as the collection of beasts and birds includes numerous representatives from the most remote portions of the earth, which for beauty and variety excels anything of the kind ever before seen on this continent. It is a capital place to take the little folks, as a visit yields both amusement and instruction. Three performances are given daily. The morning entertainment is especially adapted for parties wishing to avoid the crowds.

Williamsburgh.

FATAL MALPRACTICE—A NEW-YORK DRUGGIST HELD FOR CAUSING THE DEATH OF A WILLIAMSBURGH WOMAN.—Coroner BARRETT, of Brooklyn, E. D., last evening concluded an investigation into the cause of death of Mrs. Leonora Kinder, of No. 239 Second-street, Brooklyn, E. D. The facts as sworn to may be substantially set forth as follows: On Monday, the 15th inst., Mrs. Kinder, and her sister, Josephine Mault, the latter living at No. 129 Cannon-street, N. Y., called by previous agreement on Benj. Martin, druggist, corner of Houston and Manhattan streets, N. Y., and the former there drank, by his advice, a quantity of the oil of tansy extract of cotton and gin; the druggist suggested to her that she better go to a person on Broadway whom he knew and where he had taken many persons situated as she was; she preferred the mixture and drank it. On leaving he desired her to call again if the desired result was not produced, when he would repeat the dose. Before reaching her home in Brooklyn, E. D., she was seized with vomiting fits, which continued until she died. This fatal termination occurred two hours after drinking the medicine. The druggist was immediately arrested, and the inquest yesterday resulted in his being held to await the action of the Grand Jury. The testimony of all the physicians agreed as to the effect of the tansy, and that a very large dose must have been taken. Eight drops were discovered by a chemical analysis to the contents of the stomach and intestines, which was considered to be an overdose. An affidavit from Mrs. Langhorn, of Seventh-street, New-York, now suffering from a similar dose administered by the same druggist, was read, and her physician was sworn. The two cases were every way similar. The sister of the deceased testified that Martin tried to prevail on her to screen him by telling a different story, and said his act was a State Prison offence. Martin is of Massachusetts birth, 46 years of age. The deceased was the wife of a Lieutenant in the One Hundred and Thirty-third New-York Volunteers, and 23 years old. Coroner BARRETT has thoroughly investigated the case.

ELOPEMENT.—Nearly a year ago, or on March 12, 1863, a German saloon-keeper, named ANDREW DACHERT, No. 314 Grand-street, Brooklyn, E. D., committed suicide, on discovering a criminal intimacy between his wife and a wealthy brother named CHRISTOPHER SMITH, doing business in Grand-street, near Third, and residing with his family at No. 258 Lorimer-street. Last week, SMITH and the widow, who is shortly to become a mother, eloped, taking with them $25,000 and embarking for California. Mrs. SMITH and a grown-up daughter are left partially unprovided for.

NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES is published THIS MORNING, and may be had at the counter of the publication office in wrappers ready for mailing. Price FIVE CENTS. In addition to the latest intelligence by telegraph up to the moment of going to press, there will be found in the current number full details of all military movements in the different departments from the pens of our special correspondents. Also, all official orders, reports and documents, and the latest and fullest Washington news. European news, with graphic letters from our correspondents in London and Paris, giving the tone of public feeling abroad, is made a special and permanent feature. In addition to Editorials on all the current topics of the day, the SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES has a page of carefully prepared commercial matter, giving the latest financial news and market reports; items of agricultural and domestic interest, compiled from sources many of which are otherwise inaccessible to the American reader; and marriages and deaths of the week.

The "SEMI-WEEKLY RECORD," or news summary—being a careful synopsis and digest of the news of the day, both rebellion and general—is alone worth double the subscription price to the paper, as it preserves in a condensed and conveniently classified form all news of interest, and must prove valuable as a record to all time.

TERMS.—One copy one year, $3; two copies one year, $5; five copies one year, $12. Fresh names may at any time be added to Clubs, both of the WEEKLY and SEMI-WEEKLY, at Club rates.

Morton's Gold Pens are now sold at the same prices as before the commencement of the war; this is entirely owing to the Manufacturer's improvements in machinery, his present large Retail Business and Cash-in-Advance System; for, until he commenced advertising, his business was done on Credit and *strictly with the Trade*.

The Morton Gold Pens are the only ones sold at old prices, as the makers of all other gold pens charge the Premium on the Gold, Government Tax, &c.; but Morton has in no case changed his prices, Wholesale or Retail.

Of the great numbers sent by mail to all parts of the world during the past few years, not one in a thousand has failed to reach its destination in safety; showing that the Morton Gold Pen can be obtained by any one, in every part of the world, at the same price, postage only excepted.

Reader, you can have an enduring, always ready, and reliable Gold Pen, exactly adapted to your hand and style of writing, which will do your writing vastly cheaper than Steel Pens; and at the present almost universal High-Pressure Price of everything, you can have a Morton Gold Pen cheaper, in proportion to the labor spent upon it and material used, than any other Gold Pen in the World. If you want one, see "The Pen is Mightier than the Sword." in another column.

February.

No mercy in his tempest voice is heard,
And icy horrors whiten his great beard,
Torn by the gale;
See woman pale,
Beneath the inclement battle sink,
Even unto the sepulchre's dark brink!
Oh, what, Oh, what can save
The loved and beautiful from this untimely grave?
What make her laugh at Winter's iron wills?
The column in this paper where
She loses all despair
While reading of the unfailing *CHEROKEE PILLS!*

"Many Clergymen of our acquaintance have used 'Brown's Bronchial Troches' with favorable results. No person, who is accustomed to speak or sing in public, should be without a supply of them."—*Olive Branch.*

An Excellent Article.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is an excellent article for all diseases of children. It relieves the child from pain, regulates the stomach and bowels, and by giving health to the child comforts and rests the mother. During the process of teething its value is inestimable; cures wind colic and griping in the bowels.

A New Perfume for the Handkerchief. Extract of the

Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,

A Most Exquisite, Delicate and *Fragrant* Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from which it takes its name. Manufactured only by PHALON & SON.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.
Sold by Druggists generally.

Hoyt's Hiawatha Hair Restorative.—Warranted to restore faded and gray hair and whiskers to their original color. Superior to dyes and every other preparation for the hair in the natural and life appearance it gives, instead of the dull black of dyes, so that the most critical observer cannot detect its use; in the simplicity of its application, it being used as easily as any article of the toilet, and in its beneficial effects on the head and the hair. It makes the hair soft and silky, prevents it from falling out, removes all its impurities, and entirely overcomes the bad effects of the previous use of preparations containing sulphur, sugar of lead, &c.

HOYT'S IMPERIAL COLORING CREAM
changes light and red hair to a beautiful brown or black. Sold everywhere.
JOSEPH HOYT & CO., No. 10 University-place, N.Y.

Prof. Alex. C. Barry's Tricopherous, or Medicated Compound, for preserving, restoring and beautifying the hair, eradicating scurf and dandruff, preventing baldness and gray hairs, curing diseases of the skin, glands and muscles, (such as salt rheum, pimples, chilblains, &c.) chaps, rheumatism, swellings, sore throat, &c., and giving instant relief in cases of cuts, bruises, sprains, burns, scalds, &c. Price 25 cents. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Principal office, No. 374 Pearl-st., New-York.

Sewing-machines to Rent.
And for Sale—New
V. W. WICKES, Jr., No. 486 Broadway,
Corner of Broome-st., up stairs.

Gold Pens.
FOLEY'S Celebrated "Bank" and extra fine GOLD PENS AND PENCILS.
Store and Factory No. 189 Broadway.

Armless Soldiers! The Board of Surgeons and the Surgeon-General U. S. A. have given special honorary commendation to the Palmer Arm, and authorized its manufacture. Full information given by the Inventor, Offices, Philadelphia, New-York and Boston. Palmer's legs, also.
B. FRANK PALMER, Surgeon Artist.

Batcheler's Hair Dye,
The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Second-hand Safes—For Sale
CHEAP FOR CASH,
AT NO. 100 MAIDEN-LANE.

G. Saunders' Metallic Tablet Razor Strop—the oldest and most approved Strop now in use, having been before the public for the last forty years. Can be had, wholesale and retail, of the subscribers,
J. & S. SAUNDERS, No. 7 Astor House.

Dyspepsia Tablets for Indigestion, Heartburn, &c., prepared only by S. G. WELLING, No 207 Centre-st., and sold by druggists generally. Price 50 cents a box.

Family Sewing, Embroidering, Braiding, quilting, tucking, &c., beautifully executed on the Grover & Baker Sewing-machine, at No. 935 Broadway, near 22d-st.

Attention Druggists and Hair-Dressers.—Back orders can now be filled for Boswell & Warner's Colorific, for coloring hair without wash or trouble. Depot No. 62 John-st.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, suspensory bandages, silk elastic stockings for varicose veins, shoulder-braces, &c. A lady attendant.

Wheeler & Wilson's Highest Premium Lock stitch SEWING-MACHINES.
Office No. 505 Broadway.

Hat and Cap Manufacturers can Say 33⅓ per cent by using the WILLCOX and GIBBS SEWING MACHINE, No. 508 Broadway.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF MURRAY, EDDY & CO.'S KENTUCKY STATE LOTTERY.

KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 191.—Feb. 25, 1864.
21, 10, 2, 65, 58, 18, 56, 74, 66, 75, 7, 30.

KENTUCKY, CLASS 192.—Feb. 25, 1864.
58, 21, 67, 16, 36, 7, 51, 18, 59, 3, 60, 56, 31.

Circulars sent free of charge, by addressing either to
MURRAY, EDDY & CO.,
Covington, Ky., or St. Louis, Mo.

DRAWING OF THE
SHELBY COLLEGE LOTTERY, OF KENTUCKY.
EXTRA CLASS 95—Feb. 25, 1864.
39, 55, 64, 13, 1, 57, 43, 14, 12, 53, 33, 49.
CLASS 96—Feb. 25, 1864.
27, 52, 37, 46, 75, 32, 20, 39, 38, 4, 23, 56, 5.
Z. E. SIMMONS & CO., Managers.
Covington, Ky.

MESSRS. SIMMONS, ROGERS & CO. are authorized to receive deposits and make collections on our account. Z. E. SIMMONS & CO.

GRAND SCHEME ON THE ROYAL Havana plan of the Shelby College Lottery of Kentucky, to be drawn on 27th inst.; one prize of $100,000; two of $50,000; two of $25,000; two of $20,000; four of $10,000; ten of $5,000; one hundred of $1,000 each, and 484 approximation prizes, in all amounting to $600,000. Information furnished. ALECK & CO., Brokers,
No. 38 Pine-st., New-York.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.—THIRTY per cent. premium paid for prizes; information furnished; the highest rates paid for doubloons, and all kinds of gold and silver. TAYLOR & CO.,
Bankers, No. 16 Wall-st.

$1,000,000 LOAN
OF THE
COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.

PROPOSALS FOR $1,000,000 SOLDIERS' BOUNTY FUND BONDS.

(Being the balance not awarded on bids for $2,000,000, opened Feb. 23, 1864.)

Sealed proposals will be received at the Comptroller's office until MONDAY, March 7, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., when the same will be publicly opened for the purchase, at not less than their par value, of the whole or any part of the sum of one million dollars of the "Soldiers' Bounty Fund Bonds," authorized by an ordinance of the Board of Supervisors, passed Feb. 17, 1864, and by an act of the Legislature of the State of New-York, passed Feb. 8, 1864, being the amount not awarded on bids for $2,000,000, opened Feb. 23, 1864.

The said bonds will bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of May and November in each year, and the principal will be redeemable as follows: Five hundred thousand dollars Nov. 1, 1885; and five hundred thousand dollars Nov. 1, 1886.

The proposals will state the amount of bonds desired and the price per one hundred dollars thereof; and the persons whose proposals are accepted will thereupon be required to deposit with the County Treasurer the sums awarded to them respectively.

On presenting to the Comptroller the receipts of the County Treasurer for such deposits, the parties will be entitled to receive bonds for equal amounts, of the par value of the sums awarded to them, bearing interest from the dates of payment.

Each proposition should be sealed and indorsed "Proposals for Soldiers' Bounty Fund Bonds," and inclosed in a second envelope, addressed to the Comptroller.

The right is reserved to reject any or all of the bids if considered necessary to protect or promote the interests of the county.

MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
CITY OF NEW-YORK—DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, Feb. 25, 1864.

A REFUGE.—IT IS A BLESSED THING TO make and sell a good medicine. Every day brings to light some great cure effected with BRANDRETH'S PILLS. An only son saved by them from the grasp of death, to bless the lingering days of an aged mother; a father restored to health when every means had failed; a mother saved from the grave. These facts are a refuge for the sick, if viewed aright. Brandreth's Pills are daily verifying these statements; personal reference given in every grade of society. Remember they cure because they purify the blood.

See B. Brandreth is on the Government stamp in white letters, which secures the genuine pills.

THE TRUSTEES OF THE FIVE POINTS' HOUSE OF INDUSTRY are anxious to provide more adequate school and chapel accommodations for the children under their care. They have been enabled by recent donations to purchase sufficient adjoining ground, and now appeal to the friends of the institution for an amount which will enable them, without incurring debt, to make the proposed addition to their building. Donations for this purpose should be sent to Mr. R. B. LOCKWOOD, Treasurer, Five Points' House of Industry, No. 155 Worth-st., or to any of the Trustees.

$12 WILL BE PAID FOR A COMPLETE file of the NEW-YORK TIMES for 1861. Apply at Subscription Desk, *Times* Office.

BRIDAL PRESENTS. BRIDAL PRESENTS.

As in days of old, so now in modern times, "they marry and are given in marriage," we would suggest to the friends of the "parties" that the place to obtain BRIDAL PRESENTS is at the store of
LUCIUS HART & CO., Nos. 4 and 6 Burling-slip.
No cards.

$500 FOR THE SANITARY FAIR.—TO put to the test which is the quickest and best ice-cream freezer in the market, the subscribers, manufacturers of "Torrey's Celebrated Arctic Freezer" hereby challenge the makers or proprietors of Masser's Freezer, Packer's Freezer, or any other ice-cream freezer, to a public exhibition of their merits, both as regards the rapidity of freezing and quality of their production, for the sum of five hundred dollars, to be decided by a committee, and the sum by them to be paid over to the New-York Sanitary Fair.
E. S. & J. TORREY,
No. 72 Maiden-lane,
New-York.

AVAUNT! GET THEE GONE! WIND RAIN AND DUST!—BROWNE has issued his edict and placed his metallic seal upon the windows and doors of 10,000 dwellings and stores.
BROWNE'S METALLIC WEATHER STRIPS AND Window Bands exclude cold, wind, rain and dust from doors and windows. They save one-half the fuel, stop the rattling of sashes, and are warranted good for five years. Local agents wanted everywhere.
Address the Patent Metallic Weather Strip Company,
No. 644 Broadway, corner of Bleecker-st.

DIAMOND RINGS—TWENTY-FIVE, THIRTY, thirty-five, forty, fifty, sixty-five, seventy-five, eighty-five, one hundred, two, three, four, five, six and seven hundred dollars each—for sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

EAR-RINGS AND PINS, NEW STYLES—TWO, THREE, FIVE, EIGHT, TEN, FIFTEEN, TWENTY-FIVE, THIRTY TO SEVENTY-FIVE DOLLARS a set. For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st., formerly No. 11 Wall-st.

FANS—LADIES' FANS, NEW STYLES, FROM PARIS.—Two, Three, Five, Seven, Ten, Twelve, Fifteen, to Twenty-five dollars each—for sale by
GEO. C. ALLEN,
No. 415 BROADWAY, one door below Canal-st.

LADIES' BRACELETS, NEW STYLES.—Two, Three, Four, Five, Six, Eight, Ten, Twelve, Fifteen, Twenty, Twenty-five to Seventy-five Dollars each. For sale by G. C. ALLEN,
No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

NOTICE.—ON AND AFTER 1ST MARCH, 1864, W. W. TUPPER, of No. 54 Jane-st., is no longer agent for L. B. Tupper's Patent Grate Bars. All orders hereafter to be received at No. 130 West-st., New-York.
L. B. TUPPER.

DEAFNESS,
IMPAIRED SIGHT,
NOISES IN THE HEAD,
CATARRHAL AFFECTIONS
IN THE
THROAT,
CHRONIC CATARRH,
CATARRH OF THE TYMPANIC MUCOUS MEMBRANE, OBSTRUCTION OF THE EUSTACHIAN TUBE, CURED,
CROSS-EYE STRAIGHTENED IN ONE MINUTE.

And every disease of the Eye and Ear requiring either medical or surgical aid, attended to
BY
DR. VON EISENBERG,
Author of "Surgical and Practical Observations on the Diseases of the Ear, with the New Mode of Treatment," at his office,
NO. 816
BROADWAY.

AGAIN NEW TESTIMONY,

TESTIMONIAL FROM ONE OF THE MOST RESPECTABLE CITIZENS OF NEW-YORK.

DEAFNESS AND CATARRH CURED.

No. 420 SIXTH-AV., NEW-YORK, Dec. 2, 1863.

I was deaf for several years, and hearing of the great cures performed by Dr. Von Eisenberg, I was induced to place myself under his care, and I am now happy to state that my hearing was entirely restored after a short treatment. I was also suffering from chronic catarrh, of which I was also cured by the skillful treatment of Dr. Von Eisenberg. I do but justice to the Doctor in stating that in treating me he displayed that skill and knowledge which have already procured for him such a deserved reputation, and that the principles which direct his system of curing Deafness and Catarrh are such as to render success certain, in my opinion. Many months have passed since Dr. Von Eisenberg restored my hearing, and it continues as good as ever.

O. HOPKINS.

READ NEW TESTIMONY OF CATARRH CURED.

CATARRH CURED.

READ!

I have been suffering for a long time from a severe Catarrh, with a continual dullness in my head, a tightness across my chest, a weight over my eyes, which were weak, watery, and very painful. My nostrils were constantly obstructed with a pouring fluid. That frequent sneezing, hoarseness of my voice, often attended with a fullness of my throat, great soreness, and a continual dropping. Dr. Von Eisenberg has cured me of all these disagreeable sufferings. I may, indeed, say that I feel a new life. The treatment of Dr. Von Eisenberg is as skillful as it is successful. It is in my opinion impossible to overrate the benefit I have received at his hands. I heartily recommend any one suffering like myself to place themselves under Dr. Von Eisenberg's care, with a certainty of being speedily cured.

W. S. HUTCHINS.
Lightning Calculator,
Barnum's Museum.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 21, 1864.

READ.

HARLEM, July 30, 1863.

I have been deaf for over TWENTY-FIVE YEARS, and Dr. VON EISENBERG operated on both of my ears without the slightest pain—a thing that I could not believe could be done. I now *hear* well, and feel as I never felt for the last twenty years. The dexterity and skill with which the operation was performed evince the highest practical ability. *I hear perfectly.* It is now over a month since the operation, and I continue to feel as well as ever.

WILLIAM LIDDLE,
Harlem, 126th-st., between 3d and 3d avs.

No. 134 ALLEN-ST., NEW-YORK, Feb. 9, 1863.

I have been completely deaf in one ear, and partially so in the other, for above seventeen years, with a disagreeable discharge from both ears, combined with continual rumbling noise in the head, for which I have been treated by a most eminent practitioner in the City without the slightest relief.

I consulted Dr. Von Eisenberg, but I must candidly say that I had no faith in his success when I did so. It is, therefore, due to Dr. Von Eisenberg to acknowledge that I am entirely cured; also, that he displayed that skill and knowledge which have procured for him such an unrivaled reputation. As I have had an opportunity of comparing his mode of treatment with that of others, I can truly state that it is not only superior, but the principles which direct his mode of restoring the hearing are, in my opinion, certain.

JOHN TAYLOR.

NEW-YORK, July 19, 1862.

This certifies that my mother has been for some time afflicted with partial deafness, suffering from pain, and rumbling noises in the head, together with other indications of a *total loss of hearing*. Dr. Von Eisenberg removed from her ears a great quantity of matter, together with coagulated blood, relieving her instantaneously, and all without pain. I therefore tender my grateful thanks that I give this testimony to his skill.

CARROLL J. POST, No. 26 South-st.

CHRONIC CATARRH CURED.

READ.

NEW-YORK, March 20, 1863.

"This is to certify, that I have suffered from very severe CHRONIC CATARRH, with a dull heaviness in the head. I felt my nose completely stopped up accompanied by continual soreness of the throat, the chills stealing over me with occasional hot flushes, a great tightness of the chest and pain, so much so, that every one thought it was consumption. Having heard of the great cures performed by Dr. Von Eisenberg, I consulted him with but little hope of cure. I am now happy to be enabled to add my testimonial to the great number already in the Doctor's possession, as to his scientific and successful mode of treatment, as he has shown in my case that skill and knowledge which have procured for him so great a reputation. I am so entirely restored to perfect health that I do most sincerely recommend all sufferers from CHRONIC CATARRH and SORE THROAT to apply at once to Dr. Von Eisenberg with a certainty of being cured."

FREDERICK WEBER No. 569 4th-st.

DR. VON EISENBERG'S OFFICE
NO. 816 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

DR. W. R. MERWIN & CO'S. COLUMN.

CHEROKEE MEDICINES.
CHEROKEE PILLS.
SUGAR-COATED
FEMALE REGULATOR.
HEALTH PRESERVER.
CERTAIN AND SAFE.

☞ *For the Removal of Obstructions and the Insurance of Regularity in the Recurrence of the Monthly Periods.*

☞ They cure or obviate those numerous diseases that spring from irregularity, by removing the irregularity itself.

☞ They cure Suppressed, Excessive and Painful Menstruation.

☞ They cure Green Sickness (Chlorosis.)

☞ They cure Nervous and Spinal Affections, pains in the back and lower parts of the body, Heaviness, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysteria, Sick Headache, Giddiness, &c., &c. In a word, by removing the irregularity, they remove the cause, and with it ALL the effects that spring from it.

☞ Composed of simple vegetable extracts, they contain nothing deleterious to any constitution, however delicate, their function being to substitute strength for weakness, which, when properly used, they never fail to do.

☞ They may be safely used at any age, and at any period, EXCEPT DURING THE FIRST THREE MONTHS, during which the unfailing nature of their action would infallibly prevent pregnancy.

☞ All letters seeking information or advice will be promptly, freely and discreetly answered.

☞ Full directions accompanying each box.

☞ Price $1 per box, or six boxes for $5.

☞ Sent by mail, free of postage, on receipt of price.

☞ Sold by all respectable Druggists.

DR. W. R. MERWIN & CO., Sole Proprietors,
No. 59 Liberty-st., New-York.

GLAD NEWS FOR THE UNFORTUNATE!
THE LONG-SOUGHT-FOR
DISCOVERED AT LAST
CHEROKEE REMEDY
AND
CHEROKEE INJECTION!
COMPOUNDED FROM ROOTS, BARKS AND LEAVES.

CHEROKEE REMEDY, the great Indian Diuretic, cures all diseases of the urinary organs, such as Incontinence of the Urine, Inflammation of the Bladder, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Stone in the Bladder, Stricture, Gravel, Gleet, Gonorrhea, and is especially recommended in those cases of Fluor Albus (or Whites in females) where all the old nauseous medicines have failed.

☞ It is prepared in a highly concentrated form, the dose only being from one to two teaspoonfuls three times per day.

☞ It is diuretic and alterative in its action; purifying and cleansing the blood, causing it to flow in all of its original purity and vigor; thus removing from the system all pernicious causes which have induced disease.

CHEROKEE INJECTION is intended as an ally or assistant to the CHEROKEE REMEDY, and should be used in conjunction with that medicine in all cases of *Gonorrhea, Gleet, Fluor Albus or Whites.* Its effects are *healing, soothing and demulcent*; removing all scalding, heat, chordee and pain, instead of the burning and almost unendurable pain that is experienced with nearly all the *cheap quack Injections.*

☞ By the use of the CHEROKEE REMEDY and CHEROKEE INJECTION—the two medicines at the same time—all improper discharges are removed, and the weakened organs are speedily restored to full vigor and strength.

☞ For full particulars, get our pamphlet from any drug-store in the country, or write us, and we will mail free, to any address, a full treatise.

☞ Price, CHEROKEE REMEDY, $2 per bottle, or three bottles for $5.

☞ Price, CHEROKEE INJECTION, $2 per bottle, or three bottles for $5.

☞ Sent by Express to any address on receipt of price.

☞ Sold by all druggists everywhere.

DR. W. R. MERWIN & CO.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
No. 59 Liberty-st., New-York.

ELIXIR, ELIXIR,
DR. WRIGHT'S
REJUVENATING ELIXIR;
OR, ESSENCE OF LIFE.

Prepared from Pure Vegetable Extracts, containing nothing Injurious to the most Delicate.

☞ The Rejuvenating Elixir is the result of modern discoveries in the vegetable kingdom; being an entirely new and abstract method of cure, irrespective of all the old and worn-out systems.

☞ This medicine has been tested by the most eminent medical men of the day, and by them pronounced to be one of the greatest medical discoveries of the age.

☞ One bottle will cure General Debility.

☞ A few doses cures Hysterics in females.

☞ One bottle cures Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ A few doses restores the organs of generation.

☞ From one to three bottles restores the manliness and full vigor of youth.

☞ A few doses restores the appetite.

☞ Three bottles cures the worst case of Impotency.

☞ A few doses cures the low-spirited.

☞ One bottle restores mental power,

☞ A few doses bring the rose to the cheek.

☞ This medicine restores to manly vigor and robust health the poor, debilitated, worn-down and despairing devotee of sensual pleasure.

☞ The listless, enervated youth, the over-tasked man of business, the victim of nervous depression, the individual suffering from general debility, or from weakness of a *single organ*, will all find immediate and permanent relief by the use of this Elixir or Essence of Life.

☞ Price $2 per bottle, or three bottles for $5, and forwarded by express, on receipt of money, to any address.

☞ Sold by all druggists everywhere.

DR. W. R. MERWIN & CO.,
Sole Proprietors,
No. 59 Liberty-st., New-York.

DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.
DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.
DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.
DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

ONE OF THE OLDEST
AND MOST RELIABLE REMEDIES
IN THE WORLD FOR
COUGHS, COLDS, WHOOPING COUGH, BRONCHITIS,
DIFFICULTY OF BREATHING, ASTHMA,
HOARSENESS, SORE THROAT,
CROUP AND EVERY AFFECTION OF THE THROAT,
LUNGS AND CHEST.

UNSOLICITED TESTIMONY.

From Rev. Francis Lobdell, Pastor of the South Congregational Church, Bridgeport, Conn.

BRIDGEPORT, Jan. 21, 1864.

Messrs. Seth W. Fowle & Co.:

GENTLEMEN: I consider it a duty which I owe to suffering humanity to bear testimony to the virtues of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. I have used it—when I have had occasion for any remedy for coughs, colds or sore throat—for many years, and never, in a single instance, has it failed to relieve and cure me. I have frequently been very hoarse on Saturday, and looked forward to the delivery of two sermons on the following day with sad misgivings, but by a liberal use of the Balsam my hoarseness has invariably been removed, and I have preached without difficulty.

I commend it to my brethren in the ministry, and to public speakers generally, as a certain remedy for the bronchial troubles to which we are peculiarly exposed.

Entirely unsolicited, I send you this testimonial, which you are at liberty to use in any way you choose. Perhaps the Balsam does not affect all persons alike, but it always removes my hoarseness, and fits me for the minister's hard working day—the Sabbath.

Very truly yours, FRANCIS LOBDELL.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.
WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

FROM PETER CANNON, ESQ.,

General Agent of the Sussex Railroad,

NEWTON, N. J., Jan. 21, 1863.

Messrs. Seth W. Fowle & Co.:

GENTLEMEN: Having used Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry in my family with great advantages for many years, in cases of severe colds, I most cheerfully give my testimony of its efficacy, and recommend it to those who are suffering from Coughs, Colds and Pulmonary diseases of long standing, as being a safe and reliable remedy. PETER CANNON,

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.
WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

FROM HON. JUDGE SPRAKER,

who would refuse to give his valuable and important testimony unless satisfied that this remedy possesses all the merits claimed for it.

CANAJOHARIE, N. Y., Nov. 19, 1860.

GENTLEMEN: This is to certify that myself and family have used Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry for several years, and that I take great pleasure in recommending it in preference to anything of the kind for the purposes for which it is intended. In cases of asthma, phthisic, or affection of the throat, I have never met with anything equal to it. Very respectfully,

DAVID SPRAKER.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.
WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONY OF A PHYSICIAN.

HERKIMAN, N. Y., Sept. 27, 1860.

For more than a year past I have sold Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, as prepared by you, and, so far as I know, it has given universal satisfaction. It seems to cure a cough by loosening and cleansing the lungs and allaying irritation, thus removing the cause, instead of drying it up and leaving the cause behind.

I consider it as good a cough medicine, if not better, than any with which I am acquainted.

S. THATCHER, M. D.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.
WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

CURE IN A SEVERE CASE.

WILSBORO, Essex County, N. Y., Aug. 13, 1860.

DEAR SIRS: During the Summer and Winter of 1863 and 1859 I was afflicted with a severe pain in my side and chest. This was accompanied by a very hard cough, and I frequently raised large quantities of blood. I called upon a number of physicians, all of whom prescribed for me, but to no effect. For six or eight months I continued to grow worse, when I was induced to try Dr. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF CHERRY. I found great relief from the first bottle. I afterward used two more bottles, since which time I have been able to attend to my business as before. Yours, truly, ROYAL GOFF.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.
WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

None genuine unless signed "I. BUTTS" on the wrapper.

For sale by J. P. DINSMORE, No. 491 Broadway, New-York; SETH W. FOWLE & CO., No. 18 Tremont-st., Boston, and by all druggists.

IMPORTANT TRIUMPH OF SCIENCE.

Years of patient research and unwearied experiment, kindly assisted by the first scientific and professional character in New-York, have produced and perfected
CHEVALIER'S
LIFE FOR THE HAIR,
THE BEST HAIR-DRESSING
yet offered to the public. IT RESTORES GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR, and the beauty and silkiness of youth. Will stop its falling out in three days, and keep the head clean, cool and healthy. *Does not stain the skin* or soil the whitest fabric.

The entire freedom from all injurious qualities, (that in many other preparations injure the hair and soil the clothes,) the nicety of the composition and its
SWEET AND DELICATE PERFUME,
render it one of the *most desirable* articles for the toilet and hair-dressing yet offered to the public.

Price $1 per bottle.

None genuine without the signature of the inventor,
SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.,
No. 1,123 Broadway, New-York.

N. B.—Dr. C. can be consulted, gratuitously, at No. 1,123 Broadway, where information in regard to the treatment of the head and hair will be *clearly explained.*

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, Feb. 18, 1864.

NEW-YORK COUNTY VOLUNTEER COMMITTEE, Office in New Buildings corner Chambers-st. and Broadway, adjoining New Court-house. Entrance on Broadway.

30,000 VOLUNTEERS WANTED.

☞ The following are the pecuniary inducements offered:

COUNTY BOUNTY, cash down	$300
STATE BOUNTY	75
UNITED STATES BOUNTY to new recruits	302
UNITED STATES BOUNTY additional to veteran soldiers	100—$477
Total	$777

Applications to be made *personally* at the office of the Committee.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor,
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller
ORISON BLUNT, Supervisor,
ELIJAH F. PURDY, Supervisor,
WILLIAM R. STEWART, Supervisor,
WILLIAM M. TWEED, Supervisor
GEORGE OPDYKE, Auxiliary Member,
County Committee.
ORISON BLUNT, Chairman.

PATENTS! PATENTS! PATENTS

MESSRS. MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS OF THE "SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN," continue to act as Attorneys for securing Patents for new Inventions in this and all foreign countries.

Messrs. MUNN & CO. have had seventeen years' experience in soliciting patents, and have acted as Attorneys for more than 20,000 inventors.

Pamphlets containing the Patent Laws and other important information for inventors, furnished free on application.

Consultation and advice free. Address
MUNN & CO.,
No. 37 Park-row, New-York, or corner F and 7th sts., Washington, D. C.

WATCHES.—SILVER WATCHES OF all descriptions.

Silver Hunting Lepine Watches, $14, $16, $18 and $20 each.

Silver Hunting Case Detached Levers, $16, $18, $20, $22 to $26 each.

Silver Hunting English Patent Levers, $33, $35, $45, $50 to $75 each.

All warranted, and sent by mail or express to all parts of the country without extra charge.
GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway,
one door below Canal-st., formerly No. 11 Wall-st.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR the United Kingdom and the Continent, via Queenstown and Liverpool, per steamer CITY OF MANCHESTER, will close at this office on Saturday, the 27th day of February, at 10½ o'clock, A. M., and at the uptown Stations as follows: Stations A and B, 10 A. M.; Stations C and D, 9½ A. M.; Stations E and F, 9¾ A. M.; Station G, 9 A. M. ABRAM WAKEMAN, P. M.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

NEARLY READY,
ROBA DI ROMA.
BY
WILLIAM W. STORY.
Two Vols., 12mo. cloth, $3.

"Till Rome shall fall, the City of the Seven Hills will be inexhaustible as a subject of interest. 'Roba di Roma' contains the gatherings of an honest observer and a real artist. * * It has permanent value to entitle it to a place of honor on the shelf which contains every lover of Italy's Rome-books."—*Athenæum.*

D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers,
Nos. 443 and 445 Broadway.

BOOK-STORE FOR SALE—SITUATED ON A leading thoroughfare, on the west side of the City, and now doing a good business; rent low, with an unexpired lease of three years; satisfactory reasons for selling given; terms, $4,000 cash. Apply, by letter, to B. A., Box No. 2,396 New-York Post-office.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

NEW BOOKS THIS WEEK.

SATURDAY.

THE ART OF CONVERSATION,
With directions for Self-culture. Teaching the art of conversing with ease and propriety, and setting forth the literary knowledge requisite to appear to advantage in good society; not a catchpenny book, but a work of real merit, and intrinsic worth. 12mo, cloth bound. Price $1 25.

TALES FROM THE OPERAS.
A fascinating little volume of Novelettes, based upon the most celebrated and familiar Operas—giving the plot of each opera in the agreeable form of an interesting and attractive story. Elegant 12mo, cloth bound. Price $1.

PRIVATE MILES O'REILLY.
This book, published on Saturday last, is entirely out of print—3,000 sold the day of publication. A new edition will be ready to-morrow. It is one of the most laughable books published, and is selling like Artemus Ward's and Orpheus C. Kerr's Comic Books, 12mo, cloth. Price $1 25.

GUROWSKI'S DIARY FOR 1863.
Is also out of print, and no more can be had until next week. This book is making a great stir among political and military circles, and forms the topic of conversation nearly everywhere. 12mo, cloth. Price $1 25.

PECULIAR.
EPES SARGENT'S great fiction—the sensation novel of the year. Price $1 50.

RENAN'S LIFE OF JESUS.
is read, praised and criticised more than most any work that has been issued for years. Price $1 50.

WAS HE SUCCESSFUL?
KIMBALL'S new novel, which, with "Undercurrents," is the best pair of mercantile novels published. Price $1 50.

LOUIE.
The charming book by the author of "Rutledge." Price $1 25.

LIGHT ON SHADOWED PATHS.
By T. S. AR

FINANCIAL

FISK & HATCH.
BANKERS AND DEALERS
IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
No. 38 WALL-ST,
BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES
U. S. 5-20 BONDS.
U. S. COUPON AND REGISTERED BONDS of '81.
U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES.
U. S. ONE YEAR CERTIFICATES.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' AND ORDNANCE VOUCHERS, the NEW U. S. FIVE PER CENT. LEGAL TENDER NOTES, and all GOVERNMENT issues.
BANKS, SAVINGS BANKS and Investors will find us prepared at all times to furnish desirable lots of these Securities in large or small amounts.
DEPOSITS received and COLLECTIONS made of favorable terms. STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD bought and sold on commission.
FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS and DEALERS
In GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
NO. 38 WALL-ST.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.
NO. 40 WALL-ST.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
DEALERS IN
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
AND GOLD.
Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at the Brokers' Board on commission. Mercantile collections made on all points in the United States and Canada.

CHICAGO AND GREAT EASTERN
RAILWAY COMPANY.
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS,
FOR $2,000,000.
SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS OPENED WITH
Messrs. SCHUCHARDT & GEBHARD, Bankers,
No. 21 Nassau-st., New-York.

The Chicago and Great Eastern Railway Company now offer for sale one million one hundred thousand dollars of their first mortgage bonds, in sums of one thousand dollars each, maturing in thirty years, bearing interest at the rate of Seven per cent. per annum, payable in the City of New-York, on the first days of April and October, in each year.
These bonds are secured by a first and only Mortgage on the property, income and franchises of the Railway Company, executed to Frederick Schuchardt and Henry Morgan, of the City of New-York, Trustees.
The remaining nine hundred thousand dollars of the Bonds are set apart and remain in the hands of the said Trustees, for the purpose of being exchanged for the indebtedness of the Chicago and Cincinnati Railroad Company, running from La Crosse to Logansport; this effected, the $2,000,000 will form a First and only Mortgage on a line of road 110 miles in length, extending from Chicago to Logansport, where it connects with the Cincinnati and Chicago Air-line Railroad, forming the shortest line by 40 miles, between Chicago and Cincinnati, and by 36 miles the shortest line between Louisville and Chicago.
It will also open, in connection with roads now in operation, entirely new and very direct lines from Chicago to New-York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and all Eastern cities. The distance between Chicago and New-York by this route being shorter than by either of the existing lines via Dunkirk or Buffalo.
The road is now under contract, and the most strenuous efforts are being made to have it open for traffic during the Summer of 1864.
The interest on the Bonds maturing during the progress of the work has been provided for, and will remain on deposit with the Bankers of the Company, Messrs SCHUCHARDT & GEBHARD, No. 21 Nassau-st., to whom the Company refer for further particulars, and where subscription books for this loan have been opened.
W. D. JUDSON, President.
No. 37 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 23, 1863.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON AND CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
Paid up capital.....£500,000. Reserved fund.....£100,000.
Head Office, No. 52 Threadneedle-st., London, E. C.
Court of Directors 1863-1864.
GEORGE GARDEN NICOL, Esq., Chairman,
DONALD LARNACH, Esq.,
GEORGE P. ROBINSON, Esq.,
GEORGE MAY, Esq.,
THOMAS STENHOUSE, Esq.,
Sir FREDERICK JAMES HALLIDAY, K. C. B.,
DAVID TRAIL ROBERTSON, Esq., ex-ficio,
DAVID TRAIL ROBERTSON, Esq., Chief Manager.
LONDON BANKERS.
Bank of England, London Joint Stock Bank.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT
Bombay, Calcutta, Madras,
Colombo, Kandy, Galle,
Singapore, Penang, Hong Kong,
Shanghai, Yokahama, Japan, Mauritius,
Manila, Batavia, Bankok.
The undersigned grant mercantile credits on the above-named Institution, available in India and China, and all ports east of the Cape of Good Hope.
DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.

McKIM BROS. & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 61 WALL-ST.
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AND DOMESTIC AND STERLING EXCHANGE.
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD BOUGHT AND SOLD EXCLUSIVELY ON COMMISSION.
Interest allowed on deposit accounts.
Business paper collected.
BALTIMORE FUNDS TAKEN ON FAVORABLE TERMS.
Advances made on satisfactory securities.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
THE NEW-YORK MINING STOCK EXCHANGE BOARD
MEETS DAILY At No. 52 WILLIAM-ST.,
Commencing at 3 o'clock P. M., punctually.
Admission fee $250 per annum.
ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Manager.

TELEGRAPH AND EXPRESS STOCKS
BOUGHT AND SOLD BY
W. O. RUGGLES,
No. 18 Wall-st., N. Y.

LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
BANKERS
AND
U. S. GOVERNMENT LOAN AGENTS,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.
U. S. SECURITIES
of all issues,
purchased and for sale.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS, subject to be checked for at sight. STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD bought and sold on commission.

SHOWN BROTHERS & Co.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

EDWARD KING
offers his services at the Board of Brokers for the purchase or sale of STOCKS, BONDS AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
NO. 4 HANOVER-ST.

SIMONSON & BROWN
offer their services at the Board of Brokers, for the purchase or sale of Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold.
No. 39½ EXCHANGE-PLACE.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY COMPANY, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
PITTSBURGH, PA., Feb. 12, 1864.
THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCK and Bond holders of this company, for the election of Directors, and such other business as may come before it, will be held at the office of said company, in the City of Pittsburgh, on the 3d WEDNESDAY of March, A. D. 1864, at 10 A. M. The Stock and Bond Transfer Books of the company at their office, in the City of Pittsburgh, and at their Transfer Agency in the City of New York, will be closed on the 1st day of March, at 3 o'clock P. M., and remain closed until the 17th day of March, thereafter.
W. H. BARNES, Secretary.

ERIE RAILWAY COMPANY, NEW-YORK, Jan. 22, 1864.
NOTICE.—THE HOLDERS OF SUCH BONDS (known as the Second Mortgage Bonds) of the New-York and Erie Railroad Company as have not been extended for the term of twenty years from the date of their maturity, are hereby notified that from and after the 29th day of February next, interest will cease, and the principal sum due on all such bonds will be paid on their presentation at the office of the Erie Railway Company.
HORATIO N. OTIS, Secretary.

TO LOAN—$60,000 TRUST MONEYS, IN SUMS not less than $5,000, on improved property in New-York or Westchester County. No commission required. Apply to T. J. McKEE, No. 67 Wall-st.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE, in sums to suit purchasers, $150,000 of the bonds of Richmond County. These bonds are issued for the purpose of recruiting, and are authorized by late acts of the Legislature. They bear seven per cent. interest, payable semi-annually; capitalists are invited to examine this investment, at the office of HENRY G. STEBBINS & SONS, No. 46 Exchange-place, where full information regarding the resources and indebtedness of the county will be given.
PETER S. WANDELL,
Treasurer Richmond County.

WANTED.—A FEW ERIE CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.
Erie Canal Bonds of Erie, Pennsylvania.
Also, 19,600 North-Branch Canal Bonds, for which the highest price will be paid by
C. B. WRIGHT & CO.,
No. 142 South 3d-st.,
Opposite the Exchange, Philadelphia.

MANHATTAN OIL COMPANY, Office No. 16 Broadway.
STOCKHOLDERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the annual election for nine Directors of the Company will be held at this office on WEDNESDAY, the 2d of March, proximo, from 12 to 2 o'clock P. M. Transfer books will be closed until after that date.
MOOR FALLS, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 20, 1864.

NOTICE.—THE TRUSTEES OF THE FIRST Mortgage Bondholders of the Vermont Valley Railroad Company will pay the coupons of April 1, 1858, on and after WEDNESDAY, March 2, 1864, upon presentation of the same at the office of the Treasurer in Bellows Falls. For the convenience of bondholders in New-York and elsewhere, the coupons will be paid for the space of one month, viz.: from the 2d of March to the 2d of April, at the office of ALEXANDER HAMILTON, Jr., No. 41 Wall-st., Jauncey Court, and thereafter will only be paid at the office of the Treasurer in Bellows Falls.
Dated Feb. 11, 1864.

WE WILL PURCHASE ON COMMISSION, through our San Francisco house, California and Nevada mining and other stocks. Parties wishing to order can examine daily quotations received by telegraph. Orders sent by telegraph when desired.
WELLS, FARGO & CO., No. 16 Broadway.

FINANCIAL.

$100,000.
FIRST MORTGAGE SEVEN PER CENT. (7 per cent.)
GOLD BONDS
OF THE
QUICKSILVER MINING COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.
The Bonds are for $1,000 each, secured by mortgage on all the property of the Quicksilver Mining Company, payable in ten years.
PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD.
Subscriptions for the above Bonds at par will be received at the office of the Company, No. 21 Nassau-st.

SHREVE & KENDRICK,
No. 23 William-st., Office No. 15.
MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS AND BONDS, STATE, COUNTY and CITY. Also, RAILROAD SECURITIES of all descriptions, not quoted at the New-York Stock Exchange, bought and sold on commission.
MISSISSIPPI AND MISSOURI FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS, Eastern Division.
SCIOTA AND HOCKING VALLEY RAILROAD BONDS. (foreclosed.)
MINNESOTA STATE BONDS, issued to Railroads, (interest unpaid and repudiated.)
MILWAUKEE CITY BONDS, issued to Railroads, (interest unpaid and repudiated.)
BELLEFONTAINE AND INDIANA RAILROAD STOCK.
INDIANAPOLIS, CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD STOCK.
NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN RAILROAD STOCK.
UNITED STATES TELEGRAPH STOCK.
MORRIS CANAL STOCK AND BONDS.
NEW-JERSEY STATE 6s.

NINTH NATIONAL BANK,
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.
To be located near the corner of Broadway and Canal-st. Authorized capital, $2,000,000. Business to be commenced with a capital, paid in, of not less than $500,000. Books for subscription will be opened at the Banking-house of LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO., No. 32 Wall-st. on MONDAY, Feb. 29, 1864.
See large advertisement in *Journal of Commerce* and *Evening Post*.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 24, 1864.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, Nos. 27 and 29 PINE-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Feb. 22, 1864.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE remaining Fifty per cent. of the Capital Stock of this Bank will be required to be paid in as follows, viz.:
Twenty-five per cent. on Monday, 7th March proximo.
Twenty-five per cent. on Thursday, 17th March proximo.
To those who desire to pay the fifty per cent. in full, interest will be allowed at the rate of six per centum per annum upon the last twenty-five per cent. from date of payment to its maturity.
The transfer books will close on the 6th proximo, and remain closed until the 18th.
GEORGE OPDYKE, President.

ISLE ROYALE MINING COMPANY.—THE annual meeting of stockholders in the ISLE ROYALE MINING CO., for the choice of directors and the transaction of any other business that may come before them, will be held at the Company's office, No. 44 Exchange-place, on WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of March next, at 2 P. M. Per order.
F. W. CAPEN, Secretary.

CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 25, 1864.
THE COUPONS OF THE CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY, due March 1, 1864, will be paid at the Ocean Bank, in the City of New-York.
E. ROCKWELL, Secretary.

LOST—ILLINOIS CENTRAL CONST. BOND NO. 8,240 for $500. All persons are cautioned against negotiating it, as, if not found, application will be made for a new bond. Any information concerning it will be thankfully received and rewarded by A. G. HEMINWAY & CO., No. 53 Exchange-place, N. Y.

DIVIDENDS.

59TH DIVIDEND.
BROOKLYN FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
NO. 18 WALL-ST.

CAPITAL	$153,000 00
SURPLUS	131,949 15
ASSETS	284,949 15
UNSETTLED LOSSES	350 00

The usual semi-annual Dividend of
TEN (10) PER CENT.
and the Government Tax (payable on demand) has THIS DAY been declared from the profits of the last six months.
FRANCIS P. FURNALD, President.
CHARLES BURKHALTER, Vice-President,
JOHN W. CHENEY, Secretary.
JANUARY 2, 1864.

NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN RAILROAD CO., CORNER 4TH-AV. AND 27TH-ST.,
TREASURER'S OFFICE, Jan. 6, 1864.
A DIVIDEND OF THREE DOLLARS per share, free from Government Tax, has THIS DAY been declared on the capital stock of the Company, payable on and after MONDAY, the 15th day of February next.
The transfer books will be closed on the 30th inst., and reopened upon the morning of the 15th of February.
W. BEMENT, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 9, 1864.
THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY having paid to us a dividend of three and a half dollars per share, (less Government tax,) on its preferred stock, which is at the credit of the preferred stockholders of said Company, the same will be paid to them or their legal representatives on or after the 25th of February.
G. S. ROBBINS & SON, No. 54 William-st.
OFFICE OF CHICAGO AND ALTON R. R. CO.,
CHICAGO, Feb. 1, 1864.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL CO.,
NEW-YORK, Feb. 1, 1864.
THE BOARD OF MANAGERS OF THIS Company have declared a semi-annual dividend of TEN PER CENT.
(free from Government tax) out of the profits of the Company, payable on and after the 15th day of February inst., at the office of the Company, No. 29 William-st., corner of Exchange-place. The transfer books are now closed, and will remain closed until the morning of the 13th inst. By order of the Board.
ISAAC N. SEYMOUR, Treasurer.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY formed a copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the stock commission business, under the firm name of
C. D. TOWS & CO. C. D. TOWS.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 1, 1864. R. P. H. DURKEE.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 1, 1864.
EDWARD B. KETCHUM, LYNDON M. SWAN and LANDON KETCHUM are this day admitted as copartners in our firm.
KETCHUM, SON & CO.

INSURANCE.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—PERSONS CONTEMplating insuring their lives and those already insured should communicate immediately with the undersigned, and obtain information of great importance to them. Address A. ANDREWS, Box 5,583 Post-office, New-York.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

NOTICE.—TO DEALERS IN CABINET HARDWARE,
COFFIN TRIMMINGS,
AND UPHOLSTERERS' GOODS GENERALLY.
FOR SALE,
Either a part of or the entire stock, fixtures and good will of one of the largest establishments of the kind in Baltimore, now of twenty years' standing. For particulars, &c., apply to the undersigned.
JOHN SAURIN NORRIS,
RICHARD CROMWELL,
Executors of the Estate of C. Sidney Norris.
Cincinnati *Commercial*, New-York *Herald*, New-York *Times*, Philadelphia *Inquirer*, Boston *Post* copy.

FOR SALE.
A STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER. The engine is on a solid iron frame; cylinder 11x30 inches; the boiler has 36 3-inches flues 12 ft. long; fire box 5x4 ft.; clown sheets "Low Moor." The above is complete and will be sold cheap. Apply to A. C. CHEWETT & CO., Kingston, Canada.

HOSIERY AND FANCY GOODS STORE FOR SALE ON ACCOUNT OF DEPARTURE.—The stock is well assorted; store has a fine run of customers. Apply on the premises, No. 109 Washington-st., Hoboken; must be sold within one week, and will be sold at a great sacrifice.

TO MANUFACTURERS.—AGENCY WANTED in San Francisco, for any article of merchandise, by a young man of experience about establishing himself there. All business intrusted to his care will meet with strict attention; the best of City reference. Address J. R. T., Box No. 797 Post-office.

FOR SALE—A LARGE BUTTER AND CHEESE stand, in one of the City markets of New-York. For particulars apply, after 6 P. M., at No. 25 Myrtle-av., Brooklyn.

PRINTING.

CHEAPEST PRINTER IN THE WORLD.
BUSINESS CARDS, INCLUDING CARDS, $1 per 1,000. Billheads, $3 per 1,000. Circulars in large quantities, 50 cents per 1,000, and labels 40 cents. ALL KINDS OF BOOK, JOB AND NEWSPAPER PRINTING equally cheap. T. R. DAWLEY'S new establishment, No. 13 Park-row, opposite the Astor House.

COMMISSIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 5 first floor, over Park Bank.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—TWO LETTERS, ADDRESSED TO WM. H. Grenelle. The finder will receive five dollars reward by sending them to GRENELLE & BIBBY, 4 Broad-st.

$1 REWARD.—LOST ON TUESDAY, IN 5TH-av., between Washington-square and 16th-st., or in the Central Park, a lady's plain gold breast-pin. Please return it to No. 4 East 16th-st.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.
AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black ink, flows freely, and does not corrode. Sold at No. 5 Ludlow-st., and at the stationers generally.
JESSE G. KEYA

AUCTION SALES.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.
U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.
BY BURDETT, JONES & CO.
By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed, I will sell at public auction, on the 4th day of March next, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the Union Stores, Brooklyn, the cargo of the prize steamer MARGARET & JESSIE, consisting of
Groceries,
Dry Goods,
Drugs and Medicines,
Hardware,
Boots and Shoes,
Leather, &c., &c.
R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal.

EXECUTOR'S SALE
OF PROPERTY ON PINE AND DEPEYSTER STS.
The subscriber will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by James M. Miller, auctioneer, on THURSDAY, the 3d of March, at 12 o'clock, the property known as No. 86 and No. 88 Pine-st., and No. 8 Depeyster-st.; the latter is in the rear of and adjoins No. 88 Pine-st. Seventy per cent. of the purchase money can remain on mortgage for three years, at 6 per cent., if desired.
THOMAS H. FAILE, Executor, No. 192 Chambers-st.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.
HANDSOME ENGLISH BASEMENT HOUSE ON 38TH-ST.
A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., WILL sell on FRIDAY, Feb. 26, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:
The 3-story brown-stone front English house and lot No. 62 East 38th-st., south side; 1 of a row of 5 between Park and Lexington avs.; is in perfect order, and has all the modern improvements, servants' staircase, &c. Possession May 1, 1864. Size about 20x½ block.
For Maps, terms, &c., apply to the auctioneers, No. 77 Cedar-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY ON WALL, BROAD, PEARL, BAXTER, HOWARD, MOTT STREETS, AND FOURTH-AVENUE, NEW-YORK, AND ON RAYMOND, CHESTNUT AND MARKET STREETS, BROOKLYN.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, March 2, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building:
BROAD AND WALL STS.—The very valuable lots of ground, with the buildings thereon, Nos. 3 and 5 Broad-st., running through to and forming an L on Wall-st., being together 40 feet 11½ inches on Broad-st., 4 feet 9 inches on Wall-st., 43 8 rear line, 41.3 southerly line.
PEARL-ST.—Two-story and attic brick house and lot No. 474 Pearl-st., 140 feet from Chatham-st., lot 27 feet front, 20 feet rear, and about 111 feet in depth.
BAXTER-ST.—The plot of ground with the front and rear buildings thereon, Nos. 10, 12, 12½ and 14 Baxter-st., near Chatham-st., being together 74 feet 6 inches on Baxter-st., 173 feet rear, 149 feet one side, 99 feet on the other.
HOWARD-ST.—The three-story and basement brick front and rear houses and lot No. 8 Howard-st., near Centre; lot 25.6 front and rear, about 111 feet 6 inches deep.
MOTT-ST.—The two-story and attic brick house and lot No. 305½ Mott-st., near Bleecker. House 15.2½ by 40, lot 15.2½ by 83.
FOURTH-AV.—Two lots east side, 50 feet south of 85th-st., each 25 by 80.

BROOKLYN.
RAYMOND-ST.—1 lot, with the frame building thereon, No. 13 Raymond-st., near Myrtle-av. Lot 25 by 100.
CHESTNUT AND MARKET STS.—10 lots running through and near Jamaica Turnpike, each 25 by 100 feet.
Book maps may be had at the office of the auctioneers, No. 8 Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
EXECUTORS' AND TRUSTEES' SALE OF VALUABLE IMPROVED PROPERTY ON WORTH-ST., CHATHAM-SQUARE, PEARL, MADISON AND MONROE STS.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, March 1, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building, under the direction of John McLaughlin and Thomas Muldoon, Executors and Trustees under the will of Peter McLaughlin, deceased.
WORTH-ST.—The very valuable lot of ground, with the buildings thereon, No. 180 Worth-st., south side, 175 feet east of Broadway. Lot 25 by 80 feet.
PEARL-ST.—The valuable lot of ground, with the five-story brick building thereon, No. 472 Pearl-st., near Chatham. Lot 29 feet 6 inches front, 27 feet 6 inches rear, 112 feet 8 inches one side, and 109 feet 5 inches on the other.
MADISON-ST.—Two and a half-story brick dwelling-house and lot, No. 232 Madison-st., near Jefferson.
MONROE-ST.—The lot of ground, with the front and rear buildings thereon, No. 35 Monroe-st., near Market. Lot 25 by 108 feet.
Also, the lot of ground, with the front and rear buildings thereon, No. 123 Monroe-st., near Rutgers-st. Lot 26 feet 1 inch by 100 feet.
CHATHAM-ST.—The lease of the lot, with the four-story brick building thereon, No. 197 Chatham-st., between Oliver and Catharine sts. The lease is for 21 years, from May, 1858, with privileges of three renewals of 21 years each. Ground rent, $600 per annum, taxes and assessments. Lot 28 feet 4 inches front, 25 feet 1 inch rear, by 75 feet west side, 76 feet east side.
Maps, &c., may be seen at the office of the auctioneer, No. 3 Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. WILL SELL at auction, on MONDAY, FEB. 29, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order William Lottimer, Esq., Executor of Estate of the late E. C. Large, deceased, dwelling houses in South Brooklyn.
DEGRAW-ST.—The three-story and basement high stoop brick house and lot, No. 296 Degraw-st., near Court; house 21.10x40 feet, lot half the block.
ALSO—The three-story and basement high stoop brownstone houses and lots, Nos. 298, 300, 302 and 302½ Degraw-st., adjoining above houses. 19.3x40 feet. Lots half the block.
SACKETT-ST.—The three-story English basement brown-stone houses and lots, Nos. 291, 293, 293½, 295, 297, and 299 Sackett-st., between Court and Smith. Houses 16.8x56 feet, lots half the block.
CLINTON-ST.—Eight lots, west side, whole front, between Sackett and Union, each 25x90 feet.
For permits to see the houses apply to the auctioneers.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
PEREMPTORY SALE OF SIX VALUABLE LOTS OF LAND ON THE 3D-AV. AND 76TH-ST., TOGETHER WITH THE 5-STORY BRICK FACTORY THEREON, TO CLOSE A PARTNERSHIP.—In consequence of the death of Mr. J. H. BELTER, the surviving partners of the late firm of J. H. BELTER & CO. will sell at auction by ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., on MONDAY, Feb. 29, 1864, at 12 o'clock M., at the Exchange salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the factory and grounds belonging to said firm. The land comprises 2 lots, situate on the westerly side of 3d-av., 51 feet north of 76th-st., and 4 lots on the north side of 76th-st., adjoining the avenue lots on the rear. The improvements consist of two substantially-built 5-story brick buildings on the avenue, and a large two-story brick building on the street lots. The buildings are all erected in the most substantial manner of the best materials, floors of narrow Georgia pine, and with such improvements as long experience could suggest as being desirable in a large manufacturing establishment. There are also on the premises large outbuildings for workshops, stables, &c. The avenue lots are each 25 feet 6 inches by 100 feet; the street lots each 25 feet by 102 feet 2 inches. A 40-horse power steam-engine, entirely new, with boiler, shafting, &c., will be sold with the premises. Maps can be had at the office of the auctioneers, No. 5½ Pine-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
DESIRABLE DWELLING-HOUSE IN WAVERLY-PLACE AT AUCTION.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on Monday, March 7, 1864, at 12 o'clock M., at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the two-story and attic brick dwelling-house and lot situate on the northerly side of Waverly-place, near Gay-st., and known as No. 149. The house is 22 feet in width, contains 13 rooms and all the modern improvements, marble mantels, hot and cold water throughout; bath and water-closet; is in excellent order, having recently been thoroughly repaired; has a covered stairway, connecting the second story with yard. Lot 22x92 feet 8 inch. Maps at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 5½ Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
VALUABLE LOTS ON 8TH-AV. AND 118TH-ST.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. WILL SELL AT auction on FRIDAY, Feb. 26, 1864, at 12 o'clock at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York:
8TH-AV.—8 lots, (being entire front,) on the east side of 8th-av., between 118th and 119th sts., corners, each 25.11x100; inside lots, 25x100 feet.
118TH-ST.—12 lots, north side 118th-st., adjoining the avenue lots on the rear, each 25x100 feet 11 inches.
Terms at sale.
Maps, &c., may be had at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 3 Pine st.

THE SUBSCRIBER WILL SELL AT AUC-tion, on WEDNESDAY, March 2, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the hotel of A. Cathers, in Raritan, New-Jersey, the following extensive buildings for manufacturing purposes, situated at Raritan, on the Central Railroad of New-Jersey. The main building is 87½ by 187 feet, two stories, and 23 feet from eaves of roof to foundation wall; also, engine-room, 22 by 41 feet; bending-room, 20 by 91 feet; a valuable steam-engine, 35 to 40 horse-power, shafting through building, side-shafting and pullies: building almost new, suitable for car-factory, rolling-mill, paper-mill, or almost any manufacturing purpose.
JOSHUA COLEMAN, Proprietor.

WILLIAM IRVING, Auctioneer.
CARRIAGES, TOP AND NO-TOP WAGONS, &c.—CLINTON B. OSGOOD will sell, THIS DAY, (Friday,) Feb. 26, at 12 o'clock, in front of Salesroom, No. 183 Cedar-st., near Broadway.
3 Shifting-top buggies.
4 City built no-top buggies.
2 Four-seat park and depot wagons.
3 City built no-top road wagons.
Second-hand shifting-top box buggy.
2 Seat sundown wagon.
2 Second-hand coupé rockaways, harness, &c.

D. W. IVES, Auctioneer.
D. W. IVES & CO. WILL SELL AT THEIR stores, Nos. 155 and 157 Broadway, THIS DAY, at 1 o'clock, horses, wagons and harness: bay mare, 8 years old, 15¾ hands high, warranted sound, kind and gentle in any harness; also, top-buggy, light, made by Dusenbury; harness, white, buffalo and lap robes, blanket, saddle, bridle, and saddle-cloth; also, sleigh and bells; the property of a gentleman leaving the City. Cream colored mare, 8 years old, 12½ hands high, warranted sound and kind; also top-wagon, harness, blanket, whip and mat; coach made by Brewster, in good order.

J. COLE, Auctioneer.
VALUABLE TROTTING STOCK, CONSISTING of stallions, brood mares and colts, among which is the stallion *Major Anderson*, to be sold at auction by J. COLE, THURSDAY, March 3, at 12 o'clock, at the farm of J. B. Van Wyck, in Flatbush, L. I., three miles from Fulton Ferry, Brooklyn. The city cars from the Fulton Ferry pass the farm every ten minutes. By sending address to J. Cole, No. 369 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, a catalogue of pedigree, &c., will be obtained by return mail.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.
U. S. QUARTERMASTER'S SALE OF CONDEMNED GOODS.—MINER & SOMERVILLE will sell at auction, on FRIDAY, Feb. 26, at 12 o'clock M., at No. 199 Wooster-st., at Cornell & Watson's warehouse, a quantity of condemned goods, consisting of tents, knapsacks, rubber blankets, scales, stoves, old iron, iron and lead pipe, hydrant, &c.
By order of U. S. Quartermaster.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.
HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., WILL SELL AT auction, on SATURDAY, Feb. 27, at 12 o'clock, at our salesrooms, No. 23 Nassau-st., rosewood and mahogany billiard tables, with marble beds, cues, counters, &c., all complete. Also 260 bottles of choice old liquors.

AUCTION SALES.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer.
PEREMPTORY (TRUSTEES') SALE OF houses and lots on Greenwich, East 9th, East 11th, East 14th sts. and Lexington-av., New-York; also, on Hanover-place, Hoyt-st., and corner of Lafayette-st. and Hudson-av., Brooklyn.—ALBERT H. NICOLAY will sell at public auction, by order of trustees, TUESDAY, March 1, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 117 Broadway, the following real estate:
No. 815 GREENWICH-ST.—The four-story and basement brick house and lot, known as No. 815 Greenwich-st., east side, between Jane and Horatio sts. Lot 25 front by by 22 feet 6 inches in the rear, by 68 feet deep. House 25 by 40 feet. $3,000 of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage for four years from April, 1864, at 7 per cent. interest.
No. 817 GREENWICH-ST.—The four-story and basement brick house and lot known as No. 817 Greenwich-st., east side, between Jane and Horatio sts.; lot 25 by 96 feet; house 25 by 40 feet 2 inches. $5,000 of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage at 7 per cent. per annum, as long as the interest is promptly paid.
No. 261 EAST FOURTEENTH-ST.—The six story brick house and lot known as No. 261 East 14th-st., north side, between Avenues A and B, lot 25 feet by 103 feet 2 in., house 25 by 55 feet 6 in. $3,000 of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage at 7 per cent., as long as the interest is paid.
No. 143 EAST ELEVENTH-ST.—The five-story brick house and lot known as No. 143 East 11th-st., south side, between 1st-av. and Avenue A; lot 25 by 94 feet 10 in., house 25 by 55 feet 6 in. $3,000 of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage at 7 per cent. per annum, as long as the interest is promptly paid.
No. 235 EAST NINTH-ST.—The four-story brick house and lot known as No. 235 East 9th-st., south side, between Avenues B and C, lot 22x76 ft. House 20x40 ft., $2,500 of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage at 7 per cent. per annum as long as the interest is promptly paid.
LEXINGTON-AV.—The three-story brick house and lot on the west side of Lexington-av., within 75 ft. 5 of 57th-st. Lot 25x90 ft. House is ft. 11x32 ft. 1.
ALSO, Two LOTS—Adjoining the above, on the north side, 25x99 ft. each. $2,900 of the purchase money can remain on the house and three lots, at 7 per cent. per annum, for three years from May, 1864.
No. 22 HANOVER-PLACE, BROOKLYN.—The two-story and basement frame house and lot known as No. 22 Hanover-place, south side, between Livingston-st. and Fulton-av. Lot 20 by 100 feet; house 20 by 32 feet 4 inches; water, gas and heater in the house. $2,500 of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage at 7 per cent. per annum as long as the interest is promptly paid.
No. 80 HOYT-ST, BROOKLYN.—The three-story brick house and lot known as No. 80 Hoyt-st., between Bergen and Wyckoff sts. Lot 20 by 80 feet; house 20 by 38 feet 2 inches—containing gas, &c. $2,200 of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage at 7 per cent. as long as the interest is promptly paid.
CORNER OF LAFAYETTE-ST. AND HUDSON-AV., BROOKLYN.—Four three-story brick houses and lots fronting on Lafayette-st., northeast corner of Hudson-av. Lots about 20x50 feet; houses about 20x30 feet 4. The corner is occupied as a store; $2,000 of the purchase money now on mortgage upon the whole is due, but can remain at 7 per cent. per annum as long as the interest is promptly paid.
The attention of capitalists and others seeking investments is called to this sale, as all the above property is to be sold without reserve to the highest bidders, (by order of Trustees, to relieve them from the trust conferred upon them,) which offers unusual inducements to purchasers of real estate.
Terms of sale will be made known at the time and place of sale. The titles are indisputable. For lithographic maps and full particulars, apply to
ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer and
Stock Broker, No. 52 William-st., N. Y.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.
UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.
BY BURDETT, JONES & CO.
By virtue of an order of sale, to me directed and delivered, by the Honorable District Court of the United States for the Southern District of Florida, I will sell at public auction, from Laimbeer's Stores, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn, on FRIDAY, March 4, 1864, at 11 o'clock:
Cargo prize schooner WILLIAM A. KAIN.
57 square bales Upland COTTON.
2 round bales Upland COTTON.
Captured by Capt. Crane.
10 bales Sea Island COTTON.
3 bbls SPIRITS TURPENTINE.
Catalogues and samples at the office of BENNER & BROWN, No. 113 Wall-st., on Wednesday, March 2.
THOMAS W. CLAPP,
Deputy United States Marshal,
Southern District of Florida.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
PEREMPTORY SALE, BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS, OF VALUABLE PROPERTY ON HENRY, LEWIS AND 114TH STS.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on FRIDAY, Feb. 26, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of the Executors of Anthony J. Allaire, deceased:
HENRY-ST.—The 2-story brick house and lot, situate on the north side of Henry-st., between Jefferson and Rutgers sts., and known as No. 169. The house is 21 feet 8½ inches by 40 feet 3 inches; lot 75 feet in depth.
LEWIS-ST.—The lot of land, with the 2-story shed on the rear thereof, situate on the westerly side of Lewis-st., between 7th and 8th sts., known as No. 223; being 24 feet 6 inches in width in front, 25 feet in the rear, by 88 feet 9 inches in depth on the northerly side, and 90 feet 11 inches on the southerly side.
114TH-ST.—Two lots on south side of 114th-st., 200 feet west of the 1st-av.; each 25 feet in width, by 100 feet 10 inches in depth.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.
**HENRY H. LE

MEDICAL.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 50 Lispenard-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. DR. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris, and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health call: it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD, No. 50 Lispenard-st. Call, send, or write.

SPEEDY RELIEF AND SURE CURE GUARANTEED.—Therefore, let no false delicacy prevent your immediate application to Dr. POWERS. Dr. POWERS, successfully consulted with Dr. WARD No. 50 Lispenard-st. Conducted on the plan of the Hospital des Veneriens, Paris, where those afflicted with any form of private disease can receive prompt treatment, without risk or exposure—viz.: Syphilis, gonorrhœa, gleet, strictures, ulcers, tumors, cancers, secondary and constitutional syphilis, diseases of the kidneys, &c., &c. Thirty years of extensive practice, exclusively devoted to the treatment of those complaints, enable us to effect cures in cases where others of less experience have failed. Dr. Powers' Essence of Life restores the vigor of youth in four weeks. This marvelous agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution—physical disqualifications, impediments to marriage, speedily cured. The men to consult. Drs. Ward and Powers, the champions and kings of venereal diseases, possessing the most certain, speedy and only effectual remedies in the world. Those who have used their preventives are never without. Send or a circular. To Ladies.—Dr. Powers' Periodical Drops are a safe and certain remedy for monthly irregularities. The above remedies sent by mail. The afflicted should read their circular. Postage free, on receipt of a stamp. Cures warranted.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and impediments to marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D., No. 50 Lispenard-st., between Broadway and Church-st., New-York.

DR. WATSON, AN OLD AND EXPERIENCED PRACTITIONER, may be consulted, as heretofore, on all diseases of the sexual organs, which he treats without the use of dangerous or nauseous drugs, and without hindrance from business. Dr. Watson's work, the "Cause and Cure," is illustrated throughout by anatomical plates, and drawings of disease, colored from the life, by which any one may learn the nature of his complaint, and the mode of cure; and is a practical and superior publication, invaluable especially to those who have debilitated themselves by early abuse, excess, or other causes. Price $1. Sold by MILLER & CO., Post-office 222½ Broadway, and by the Author, W. WATSON, M. D., 630 Broadway, next block above the Metropolitan Hotel. Consultations from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, has just published the 160th edition of the valuable book, entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 4,224, New-York City. Can be obtained by R. RICHARDSON, at No. 1 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) and 18 Ann st.; FEDERHEN & CO., 13 Court-st., Boston.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY FOR GOUT AND RHEUMATISM.

All sufferers from the above complaints, either of recent or long standing, are advised to use Blair's Gout and Rheumatic Pills. They can be relied upon as the most safe and effectual remedy ever offered to the public, and have been universally used in Europe for many years with the greatest success.

Prepared by PROUT & HARSANT, No. 229 Strand, London, England; and sold by their Agents, F. C. WELLS & CO., 115 Franklin-st., and by most Druggists.

Her Majesty's Commissioners have authorized the name and address of "Thomas Prout, No. 229 Strand, London," to be impressed upon the Government stamp affixed to each box of the genuine medicine.

DR. COBBETT, MEMBER OF THE N. Y. University, (Medical College,) and Royal College of Surgeons, London, has removed from No. 19 Duane-st. to his present very convenient suite of offices at No. 22 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., with a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place, where he can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on all diseases affecting the urinary organs; thirty years in his present specialty, three of which have been in the Hospitals of this City, enable him to guarantee a cure in every case undertaken, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, impotency, seminal weaknesses, &c., treated on the most scientific principles. N. B.—As a proof of Dr. C.'s qualifications, he would call special attention to his Diplomas, which can be seen in his office.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAYBE confidently consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of 20 years, devoted to the treatment and cure of Syphilitic, Mercurial and diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. C. to make speedy and permanent cures, no matter of how long standing the case may be. Strictures of the urethra and seminal weakness, brought on by a secret habit, effectually cured. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured or no charge made.

ADVICE TO MARRIED OR SINGLE LADIES, who require a safe and certain remedy for removing obstructions, from whatever cause. Can rely upon the celebrated INFALLIBLE FRENCH FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS, price $1 a box, to restore the monthly sickness in forty-eight hours, if of short standing; but obstinate cases, of long standing, may require No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail; are safe and healthy; price $5 a box. Sold at No. 12¾ Liberty-st.; or sent by mail, with full instructions, by addressing Box 2,359 N. Y. Post-office.

DR. LEWIS' FEMALE MONTHLY TONIC is the only medicine married or single ladies can rely upon with safety and certainty for removing obstructions, suppressions, &c., from whatever cause. Ladies who desire to avail themselves of Dr. LEWIS' valuable, certain and safe method of removing obstructions, suppressions, &c., from whatever cause, without the use of medicines, can do so at one interview. Ladies from a distance can return the same day. Excellent rooms fitted up in style for accommodation of ladies.

A. LEWIS, M. D., Physician for Females.
No. 7 Beach-st., between Varick and West Broadway.

HUNDREDS UPON HUNDREDS HAVE ruined their health by using medicines containing calomel, or its kindred poisons. The unfortunate can rely on Dr. HUNTER'S RED DROPS. They contain nothing injurious, and never fail in performing a speedy and permanent cure in all cases of private diseases, no matter how obstinate the case may be. They never have, and never will fail to cure. Can be obtained at No. 3 Division-st., New-York City. Eight separate rooms; a private entrance. Price $1, or sent to any address on receipt of price.

TO YOUNG MEN AND ALL MANKIND, who by indulging in secret habits, have contracted that soul, mind and body destroying vice, use old Dr. RODMAN'S SPECIFIC DROPS. I would here state that this is no medicine gotten up to swindle and extort money from the unfortunate. I am pleased at all times to have the afflicted call at my office and give this a trial, gratis. Come one and all, and receive the blessing. No. 41 Division-st., second block from the Bowery.

DR. WARD'S MAGICAL INVIGORATORS, IN the form of Pills, will, in fifteen minutes after being taken, make the recipient as vigorous as if nature had never been retarded or debilitated. To the unmarried or single, in every physical exigency, this unrivaled medicine is earnestly recommended as a complete restorative of the nervous system where manhood has been impaired. Procured of Dr. WARD, No. 50 Lispenard-st., between Broadway and Church-st. Call or send for circulars.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS, are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. ☞ Beware of imitations! Purchase directly of Dr. POWERS, 50 Lispenard-st., N. Y.

SOMETHING FOR EVERY LADY.—DR. WARD'S Great Female Benefactor or Golden Regulating Pills. Infallible in correcting, regulating and removing all obstructions, from whatever cause, and they will never disappoint the anxious patient. Office No. 50 Lispenard-st., near Broadway, where Dr. WARD can be consulted, confidentially, day and evening.

DOCTOR HUNTER'S BOTANIC TINCTURE AND ROOT EXTRACT will restore manhood and the vigor of youth in five days. It will give health, strength and vigor to the most debilitated and shattered constitution. $1 a vial, with a medical book that treats of the evil effects of early abuse, loss of virile power and the effects of mercury. No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, since 1834. Eight rooms and a private entrance.

MRS. REEVE, FEMALE PHYSICIAN.—Cures all complaints of females. Board and pleasant rooms for ladies during confinement, with medical attendance; can be consulted at No. 447 6th-av., corner of 27th st.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.—EXCLUSIVE treatment of diseases of females; patients from a distance provided with private board, nursing, &c. Remedy for monthly derangements from $1 to $5. Relief guaranteed. Dr. THIERS, No. 1 217 Broadway, N. Y.

SKIN DISEASES OF THE HEAD CURED by F. TAYLOR, No. 435 3d-av. Ladies and gentlemen losing their hair, can have it prevented immediately and stained without dying.

MRS. HAYWARD'S PULMON SYRUP—for catarrh, bronchitis and weak lungs, sold at No. 111 Nassau-st., Brooklyn.

HUNDREDS ARE RUINED BEYOND redemption in this life by not calling on Dr. HUNTER at first. He has for thirty years confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has cured no less than fifty thousand cases. His remedies are mild, and there is no interruption to business or change of diet. Dr. HUNTER is in constant attendance from 8 o'clock in the morning until 10 at night, at his old office, No. 3 Division-st. Char es moderate and a cure guaranteed. Separate rooms, so that the patient sees no one but the Doctor himself. His wonderful medical discovery, Dr. Hunter's Red Drops, cures certain diseases when regular treatment, and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effect of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, and possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless his remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. It is $1 a vial, with a medical work on *Human Frailty, Nervous Debility, Early Indiscretion*, and consultation gratis.

SHIPPING.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

The undersigned will dispatch one of the undermentioned or other first-class full powered British built steamers from

NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL,

calling at Queenstown to land passengers and latest TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	To sail.
VIRGINIA	2,75	Grace,	Tuesday, March 1.
LOUISIANA	2,378	Smellie	——
PENNSYLVANIA	3,000	Brooking	——

These steamers have been all built under the inspection of the Chief Surveyor to the Liverpool Underwriters' Registry of Iron Ships, they have extra water-tight compartments, and classed first-class for 22 years.

They are fitted up for first, second, and third-class passengers, which are charged at the following rates:

First Cabin..... { $100 / 75 } Payable in Currency.
Steerage..... 35

Dietary and accommodation unsurpassed by any other line of steamers.

For further particulars, apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS,

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, March 2.
ASIA leaves New-York Wednesday, March 9.
CANADA leaves Boston Wednesday, March 16.
AUSTRALASIAN leaves New-York Wednesday, Feb. 23.
ARABIA leaves Boston Wednesday, Feb 30.
CHINA leaves New-York Wednesday, April 6.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage.....$132 50
Second Cabin Passage.....80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage.....$112 50
Second Cabin Passage.....65 00

payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.

For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL—Touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well-known Steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company are intended to sail as follows:

CITY OF MANCHESTER....Saturday.....Feb. 27
CITY OF LONDON.....Saturday.....March 9.
ETNA.....Saturday.....March 12

and every succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier No. 44, North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

Payable in Gold, or its equivalent in Currency.

First Cabin	$80 00	Steerage	$30 00
First Cabin to London	85 00	Steerage to London	34 00
First Cabin to Paris	95 00	Steerage to Paris	40 00
First Cabin to Hamburg	90 00	Steerage to Hamburg	37 00

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown: First Cabin, $75, $85, $105; Steerage, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

GALWAY LINE.

The Atlantic Irish Royal Mail Steam Navigation Company's first-class side-wheel steamships, sailing fortnightly:

ADRIATIC, 4,000 Tons. COLUMBIA, 3,000 Tons.
HIBERNIA, 3,000 Tons. ANGLIA, 3,000 Tons.

HIBERNIA, Capt. Moreland, will sail from New-York Feb. 9. Rates of passage:—First Cabin, $80 and $70: Steerage, $30; to St. John's, N. F., $40, $30 and $02. Gold or its equivalent.

THE MONTREAL O. S. S. COMPANY'S.

Steamship BOHEMIAN, from Portland to Londonderry and Liverpool, SATURDAY, Feb. 28. Rates of passage:—$80, $66 and $30.

Sight Drafts on the National Bank, payable at all its branches in England and Ireland.

For passage apply to
ISAAC LABEL & SEARLE,
No. 23 Broadway, New-York.

FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT.

The new and first-class U. S. mail steamship
GEORGE WASHINGTON,
E. V. GAGER, Commander.

will leave Pier No. 9, N. R., on Saturday, Feb. 27, at 3 P. M.

Passage, with unsurpassed accommodation, $60.

No freight received or bills of lading signed on day of sailing.

For freight or passage, apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO.,
No. 86 West-st.

The steamship GEO. CROMWELL will follow on March 12.

FOR CALIFORNIA.

M. O. ROBERTS' LINE
to
SAN FRANCISCO AND OREGON.
via Panama Railroad.

The steamship
ILLINOIS,
2,500 tons.

On MONDAY, March 14, at noon.

The finest, fastest and strongest steamship in the California trade will sail as above, from pier foot of Warren-st., North River.

For freight or passage apply to D. N. CARRINGTON, cor. of Warren and West sts.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS VIA HAVANA.

To sail on
SATURDAY, March 5, at 3 o'clock P. M.
The U. S. M. sidewheel steamship,
EVENING STAR,
WM. R. BELL, Commander,

will sail as above from Pier No. 46, foot of King-st., North River.

For freight or passage apply to
JAMES A. RAYNOR,
No. 161 Broadway.

P. S.—The MORNING STAR will follow, and sail on SATURDAY, March 19, 1864.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL AND GLASGOW.

The fine fast-sailing A 1 Clyde-built steamship CALEDONIA, Capt. CRAIG, is intended to sail on WEDNESDAY next, March 2. This steamship is fitted in the most approved style, to insure the comfort and safety of passengers.

Rates of passage, including an abundant supply of well-cooked provisions:

First cabin.....$75 | Intermediate.....$40
Second cabin.....$60 | Steerage.....$35

Payable in currency. Apply to
T. MACDONALD & CO., No. 6 Bowling-green.

FOR HAVANA, VIA NASSAU, N. P.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's Wharf, at Jersey City, on

MONDAY, 29th of February.
SATURDAY, 26th of March.

Passage money to Nassau.....$45
Passage money to Havana.....50

Payable in gold or its equivalent.

No freight received on day before sailing.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS—DIRECT.

The elegant and fast United States Mail Steamship
YAZOO,
GEORGE W. COUCH, Commander,

will leave Pier No. 13 North River, for NEW-ORLEANS direct, on WEDNESDAY, March 9, 1864, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely.

No freight received or Bills of Lading signed on the day of sailing.

For freight or passage apply to
LUDLAM, HEINEKEN & CO., No. 115 Broadway.

STEAMSHIP HECLA WILL COMMENCE to discharge at the Company's wharf, Jersey City, THIS (Thursday) MORNING, 25th inst. The goods shipped at Havre to be transhipped at Liverpool to steamship *Sidon*, have arrived per *Hecla*.

E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU, No. 262 Broadway. Passports issued through J. B. NONES.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT OFFICE—Passports from the Department of State furnished by A. C. WILLMARTH, U. S. C. Buildings, 41 Chambers-st.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Peck-slip at 3:15 P. M. Passengers go north and east from New-Haven at 11 P. M., or remain on board over night without charge.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

GEN. McCLELLAN'S REPORT,

Printed from the
OFFICIAL CONGRESSIONAL COPY,
with the attestation of the Adjutant-General of the United States Army, giving a history of
THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
with several plans of battles, is now ready, well printed, in one volume, 8vo, double columns. Price, in paper, 50 cents.

An edition bound in cloth, with portrait, price $1.

Published at the office of the
REBELLION RECORD,
G. P. PUTNAM, No. 441 Broadway,
New-York.

CAUTION!

The undersigned would caution the business public against paying money in advance to any person pretending to solicit advertisements and subscriptions for their works. Their agents never collect money in advance of publication, and any person pretending to do so with their authority should be treated as a swindler.

ADAMS, SAMPSON & CO., Directory Publishers.
No. 78 State-st., Albany, N. Y., and No. 91 Washington-st., Boston, Mass.

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID for OLD NEWSPAPERS of every description, old PAMPHLETS of every kind, old BLANK BOOKS, and LEDGERS that are written full and all kinds of WASTE PAPER from bankers, insurance companies, brokers, patent medicine depots, printing offices, bookbinders, public and private libraries, hotels, steamboats, railroad companies, express offices, &c.

STOCKWELL & EMERSON, No. 25 Ann-st

TWO LECTURES FOR SALE—ONE HUMOROUS; both interesting, original, never delivered, and suitable for a miscellaneous audience, over one hour long. Terms moderate. Call on or address Mr. BROWN, No. 243 Grand st.

THOSE EXQUISITE BOOKS WITH EXQUISITE ENGRAVINGS.—Send your address on a stamped envelope, and get a catalogue with full particulars. O. BLANCHARD, Publisher, No. 30 Ann-st., N. Y.

FURNITURE.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A SECOND-hand extension dining table, large size and in good order. A note, stating width, length, material and price, left with Mr. T. BLUXOME, corner of Broadway and 26th-st., will be attended to.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

THE OPERA TO-NIGHT.

Director.....MAX MARETZEK.

TO THE PATRONS OF THE OPERA.

The Director, in returning his grateful acknowledgments to the public and the subscribers, for their generous patronage, has the honor to announce that, after the present series of sixteen nights, which will terminate on Monday next, a new series of seven regular nights only will be given, which will be the last of the season, as other arrangements entered into by the company preclude the possibility of any further continuation.

Subscribers desirous of retaining their boxes and seats for the above-named seven nights are respectfully requested to give notice at the box-office of the Academy, during to-day, (Friday,) and to-morrow, (Saturday.)

NOTICE.—Subscribers who retain their seats during this brief season will have the privilege of having their seats secured for the next season given under the present management.

THIS (FRIDAY) EVENING, Feb. 26, at 8,
FIFTEENTH SUBSCRIPTION NIGHT,
Début and first appearance on the stage of
MISS LISA HARRIS,
on which occasion will be produced Donizetti's most popular opera of
LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR,
with the following very complete cast:

Lucia.....Miss LISA HARRIS
Edgardo.....Sig. MAZZOLENI
Ashton.....Sig. BELLINI
Raymond.....Sig. WEINLICH
Arthur.....Sig. REICHARDT
Conductor.....MAX MARETZEK.

TO-MORROW (SATURDAY) EVENING, Feb. 27, at 8.
EXTRA NIGHT,
Gounod's new and brilliant Opera of
FAUST,
as expressly prepared by the composer for the Italian Opera at Her Majesty's Theatre, London.
FAUST
will be produced with its new and brilliant costumes, new scenery and appointments, and the following very complete cast:

Margherita.....Miss CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG
Siebel.....Mlle. HENRIETTA NULLER
Faust.....Sig. FRANCISCO MAZZOLENI
Valentin.....Sig. FERNANDO BELLINI
Mephistopheles.....Sig. HANNIBAL BIACHI
Wagner.....Sig. MULLER
Martha.....Miss FANNY STOCKTON
Conductor.....MAX MARETZEK.

NOTICE.—Sig. BELLINI, in order to give éclat to the performance, has accepted the comparatively small part of Valentin.

The sale of tickets and secured seats for any of the above-named performances will commence THIS MORNING, at the box-office of the Academy, at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and at Root, Anthony & Co.'s, stationers, corner of Nassau and Pine sts.

WINTER GARDEN.

BENEFIT
BENEFIT
OF
MR. W. J. FLORENCE,
AND 101ST NIGHT
AND 101ST NIGHT
AND 101ST NIGHT
of the engagement of
MR. AND MRS. W. J. FLORENCE.

The management has pleasure in setting aside the performances of THIS EVENING, Friday, 26th, for
THE BENEFIT
OF
MR. W. J. FLORENCE,
when will be presented Tom Taylor's great drama of
THE TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN.

Doors open at 6¾; commence at 7¾. Carriages ordered at 10¾.

A CARD.

MR. W. J. FLORENCE

begs to offer to the public and his many friends the expression of his sincere and abiding sense of that generous support which has given to his and Mrs Florence's engagement at the Winter Garden a duration beyond his highest expectations, and he believes unprecedented on the New-York stage, and begs to announce that
HIS BENEFIT
will take place on
FRIDAY EVENING, 26th,
when will be presented Tom Taylor's
TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE.

GREAT MORAL EXHIBITION
AND EGYPTIAN CARAVAN.

HYATT FROST.....Manager.
Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway,
Between Prince and Spring sts.

Open from 10 A. M. to 10 P. M. Admission 25c.

FIFTEENTH SUCCESSFUL WEEK
of this Mammoth Zoological Enterprise, which is unequaled by any exhibition of
LIVING WILD ANIMALS,
either in Europe or America. So vast and varied a collection was never before offered for public inspection in any country. Some of which are
A PAIR OF WHITE PEACOCKS,
A BEAUTIFUL NEBRASKA ELK,
A BURMESE, OR SACRED COW

The Zoological Gardens of London, notwithstanding all their Government support, cannot compete with this private enterprise of
VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S,
established in this City, at Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway. So extensive a collection of beautiful animals of the most rare species, from the jungles of Asia, deserts of Africa, pampas of South America, and inhospitable regions of Arctic Ocean, (most of which were captured personally by THE GREAT VAN AMBURGH HIMSELF,) are not to be found in the Zoological Gardens of either ENGLAND, FRANCE OR GERMANY

THREE GRAND PERFORMANCES EVERY DAY, STRICTLY MORAL AND REFINED.

THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS.—BIERSTADT'S PICTURE OF THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS is now on exhibition at the Crayon Art Gallery, No. 756 Broadway, corner 8th-st., DAY and EVENING, from 9 A. M to 10 P. M. Admittance 25 cents. Season tickets 50 cents.

THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS—PAINTED BY ALBERT BIERSTADT—Is now on exhibition at the Crayon Art Gallery, No. 756 Broadway, corner of 8th-st.

RAILROADS.

IMPORTANT TO RAILWAY TRAVELERS.

For full Information in reference to Stations, Distances and Connections, Illustrated by one hundred Railway Maps, representing the principal Railways of the country, SEE APPLETON'S RAILWAY GUIDE.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY,
NEW BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.

Passenger trains leave New-York via the Erie Railway, from foot of Chambers-st., running through to Cleveland, Ohio, without change of cars, connecting with railroads for all principal cities in the West.

This Road is being extended, and will soon be in complete running order to Mansfield, Galion, Urbana, Dayton, Cincinnati and St. Louis, without break of gauge.

H. F. SWEETZER, General Superintendent.
T. H. GOODMAN, General Ticket Agent, Meadville, Pa.

NEW-YORK & FLUSHING RAILROAD.

Leave New-York, at James-slip Ferry and 34th-st. Ferry, at 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 2, 4, 5, 6 and 7¾.

Leave Flushing at 6, 7, 8, 9, 11 A. M.; 1, 3, 5, 6 and 7¾ P. M.

N. B.—On TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, a special night train leaves Flushing at 11 P. M., and from 34th-st. Ferry at 12 P. M.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST.—Trains leave:

FROM CHAMBERS-ST.	FROM THIRTIETH-ST.
Express, 7 and 10 A. M., and 3:15 and 5 P. M.	7:22, 10:27 A. M, and 3:37 and 5:22 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with sleeping car,) 10:40 P. M.	11:02 P. M.

On SUNDAYS, at 5:30 P. M., from 30th-st.

Tickets may be procured at any of the offices of Westcott's Express, in New-York and Brooklyn, and baggage checked at the house to all points on the road, and to Saratoga Springs.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—WINTER ARRANGEMENT, commencing Nov. 12, 1863.—Leave James-slip and 34th-st., East River, at 9 A. M., and on FRIDAYS and SATURDAYS at 4 P. M. Also, for Greenport, Sag Harbor, Hamptons, &c., stopping at all stations. For Islip, at 9 A. M., and 4 P. M. For Syosset, at 9 A. M., 11 A. M. and 4 P. M. For Jamaica and Hempstead, at 9 and 11 A. M., and 4 and 5 P. M.

Sunday excursion trains to Islip, at 9:15 A. M., from 34th-st., stopping at all stations.

Fare for this train at excursion rates.

For Syosset, (on Sundays,) at 5:45 P. M., stopping at all stations.

A. REASONER, Superintendent.

ERIE RAILWAY.—PASSENGER TRAINS Leave from foot of Chambers-st.

7 A. M.—Express for Buffalo.
8:30 A. M.—Milk, daily, for Otisville.
10 A. M.—Mail, for Buffalo and intermediate stations.
4:15 P. M.—Way, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.
5 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Rochester, Canandaigua, &c. The train of Saturday runs through to Buffalo, but does not run to Dunkirk.

CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.—The steamboat J. D. BEERS will leave the wharf foot of Murray-st. EVERY AFTERNOON, (except Sundays,) at 4 o'clock, connecting at Port Monmouth with trains for Middletown, Red Bank, Long Branch, Shark River, Farmingdale, Tom's River and intermediate stations. Returning, leave Manchester at 6:40 A. M., and Long Branch at 7:25 A. M., arriving in New-York at 10:15 A. M. A freight train, with passenger car attached, leaves Port Monmouth every morning for Camden. Freight received foot of Murray-st. till 3:30 P. M. B. S. SEYMOUR, General Superintendent.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM AND ALBANY RAILROAD.—For Albany, Troy, North and West, leave 26th-st depot at 10 A. M, and 4:25 P. M. Sunday train, 4:25 P. M.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 9:15 A. M., 12:35 P. M., 4:25 P. M., 6:05 P. M., and on Mondays only at 5:30 A. M. The 9:15 and 4:25 run through to Monsey.

THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

MORRIS AND ESSEX RAILROAD COMPANY, FOOT OF BARCLAY-STREET.—Through Mail trains for Hackettstown and intermediate stations leave New-York at 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. Morristown Express at 5 P. M. J. B. BASSINGER, Superintendent.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

PERKINS, STERN & CO.,

EXCLUSIVE DEALERS

IN

CALIFORNIA WINES

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BRANDY.

ABSOLUTELY PURE.

No. 180 Broadway, New-York. No. 106 Tremont-st., Boston.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

Lessee and Directress.....Mrs. John Wood
Stage Manager.....J. H. Selwyn

MRS. JOHN WOOD

has great pleasure in announcing that, having made arrangements for the production of

A NEW COMEDY,

being an original adaptation expressly for
THE OLYMPIC.

BY

AUGUSTIN DALY, author of LEAH THE FORSAKEN,

AND

FRANK WOOD, author of LEAH THE FORSOOK,

in three acts, and entitled

TAMING
A
BUTTERFLY,

it will be presented for the
SECOND TIME
THIS EVENING, FRIDAY, FEB. 26,
and will include in the cast
MRS. JOHN WOOD and MR. FRANK DREW,
with the principal members
OF THE COMPANY,
as follows:

BEAULOLAIS.....MR. FRANK DREW
DANDREY.....MR. J. K. MORTIMER
RIVEROL.....MR. G. H. CLARKE
MORLAC.....MR. J. H. STODDART
POLIDOR.....MR. W. DAVIDGE
JACINTHE.....MRS. JOHN WOOD
CONSTANCE.....MISS HENRIETTA IRVING
FINETTE.....MRS. SEDLEY BROWN
ELODIE.....MISS J. WALTERS
ANGELIQUE.....MISS AMALIE HARRIS
MIGNONNE.....MISS PRESTIGE

Doors open at 7; performances commence at 7¾.

Seats secured three days in advance.

HOPE CHAPEL,

No. 718 Broadway.
SEVENTEENTH WEEK.

Every day at 3 o'clock,
Every night at 8 o'clock,

the
MAMMOTH STEREOSCOPTICON;
Or,
WONDROUS MIRROR OF THE UNIVERSE.
A COMPLETE TOUR OF THE WORLD.
An entire change every day.

See programme in the *Herald*.

While every age and sex may here enjoy the purest intellectual pleasures suited to their respective tastes.

LADIES ESPECIALLY WILL FIND OUR NEW
TEMPLE OF ART
A MOST DELIGHTFUL RESORT.

Each day the visitor is thus enabled to make
THE GRAND TOUR OF THE WORLD
while sitting quietly with his friends, in the comfortable pews of a spacious hall, culling the choicest flowers of literature and art at every turn.

THE HOPE CHAPEL STEREOSCOPTICON.

While beauty holds a throne within my heart,
I must unto that Picture-Temple steal,
Led by the starred Ideal, crowned by Art;
Left by old myrtled, sacred Greece, and feel
In her divineness bright Apollo's seal
And golden fire o'er my enraptured soul,
Made godlike there on Grandeur's Mountain Goal!

Joy, heavenly joy! I worship! How my brain
Runs riot in the light of hill and plain,
Or glorious statues in sublime repose!
Such the magnificence, while grandly glows,
Enshrining all, one bright immortal Rose!

Door open at 7; tours begin at 8.
Matinee every afternoon at 3 o'clock.
Admission 25 cents; reserved seats 50 cents.
Carriages may be ordered at 4¼ and 9¾ o'clock.

H. B. McKEON, Manager.

NIBLO'S SALOON—GOTTSCHALK'S

FAREWELL CONCERTS IN AMERICA.

The third of these grand musical entertainments will be given on WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 2, at 8 o'clock.

Mr. L. M. GOTTSCHALK will be assisted by Mme. ELENA D'ANGRI, the great Contralto; Mme. CHARLOTTA VARIAN, Prima Donna Soprano; Mlle. BARNATCHE, Pianist; CARLO PATTI, Violinist; Herr MOLLENHAUER, Violoncello; Herr SCHWARTZ Viola. Conductors, Sig. ABELLA and S. BEHRENS.

Admission, $1. Seats may be secured without extra charge, commencing Monday, Feb. 29, at 9 A. M., at Messrs. Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; Hall & Son's, No. 543 Broadway, and Sibell & Salisbury's, No. 7 Nassau-st.

Doors open at 7½; Concert to commence at 8 o'clock.

On SATURDAY, March 5, GRAND MATINEE.

Chickering & Sons' pianos are invariably used in Gottschalk's concerts.

THE REPUBLIC NOT UNGRATEFUL.

NEW-YORK YOUNG MEN'S REPUBLICAN UNION.

A public reception by the citizens of New-York of
GEORGE THOMPSON, Esq.,

whose labors, as the coadjutor of JOHN BRIGHT, RICHARD COBDEN and others in England, have so efficiently advanced the interests of the Union, will take place at
COOPER INSTITUTE,
MONDAY EVENING, Feb. 29, at 8 o'clock. Doors open at 7. Tickets 50 cents each. The entire proceeds will be given to Mr. Thompson.

FAIRS.

TO THE WHOLESALE DRY GOODS MERCHANTS OF NEW-YORK.

METROPOLITAN FAIR.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 16, 1864.

The undersigned have been appointed a committee to represent the Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants in the Metropolitan Fair, to commence in this City on the 28th of March next. It will be held under the management of the Ladies of the City, who will be aided by an Advisory Committee of Gentlemen. Its object is to supply funds to the United States Sanitary Commission.

The services of this commission have been recognized throughout the entire army as in the highest degree beneficial. Every battle-field has been the witness of their noble, merciful and successful labors—imparting to the sick and wounded help, comfort and hope; and to those in arms, confidence and courage. All who are enabled to pursue their avocations in ease and safety at home cannot do less than provide for the sufferings of the brave soldiers who expose themselves to sickness, wounds and death, to maintain the unity and promote the welfare of their country.

Contributions for this purpose are requested in money or merchandise. If in money, it may be sent to either of the committee, if in merchandise, to the Receiving Depot, No. 2 Great Jones-st.

The magnitude of the wholesale dry goods interest—comprising the domestic and foreign commission houses, importers and jobbers—calls for a corresponding contribution to this object of benevolence and duty, such as will not only compare favorably with the results of fairs held successfully in other places, and with the contributions of other interests in the City, but also be esteemed worthy of the liberality and patriotism of the commercial Metropolis of the country.

COMMITTEE:

ALEX. T. STEWART, WILLIAM G. LAMBERT,
EDWARD S. JAFFRAY, JOHN M. DAVIES,
HENRY F. SPALDING, JAMES M. CONSTABLE,
GEORGE BLISS, THERON R. BUTLER,
ADRIAN ISELIN, CHAS. H. LUDINGTON,
WILLIAM H. LEE, CH

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

The Bids for the New Bounty Fund Loan.

THE AWARDS MADE BY THE COMPTROLLER—THE AMOUNT OF PREMIUMS REALIZED.

On Wednesday, we published a transcript of the seventy-five bids given by forty-two bidders for the new $2,000,000 Bounty Fund Loan, and stated that the whole amount desired by these parties at a premium would be awarded at the premium rates offered; that this amount was $1,891,800, leaving $108,200 to be awarded at par, at the option of the Comptroller." It appears we were mistaken on these points. It has transpired that Comptroller BRENNAN has decided not to accept any of the bids below the premium rate of one per cent., and that he has made awards of the stock only in accordance with this decision. Upon referring to our list of bids, we are enabled to see that, under this ruling, the awards of stock give a total of $987,500, and aggregate $23,900-60 of premiums upon it. This certainly is handsome for the City; and, for the purpose of giving premium bidders another chance, the Comptroller has readvertised for bids for $1,000,000 of the stock, to be opened on March 7, at 2 o'clock, P. M. To show the awards in exact comparison with the rejected bids, we republish our list of the bids, with columns appended exhibiting complete details of the matter—the last column of figures showing the amount of premiums on the accepted bids:

Name.	Am't bt.	Rate.	Am't Prem
United States Trust Co	$120,000	100.03	
United States Trust Co	130,000	100 63	
Atlantic Mutual Insurance Co	200,000	100.00	
Chas. E. Ryder	100,000	103 00	$3,000 00
Chas. E. Ryder	100,000	102 50	2,500 00
E. White	10,000	102 00	200 00
E. White	10,000	101 80	180 00
E. White	10,000	101 60	160 00
E. White	10,000	101.30	130 00
J. Burgel	20,000	100 00	
B. F. Wheelwright	100,000	100.02	
B. F. Wheelwright	50,000	100.26	
B. F. Wheelwright	50,000	100.52	
B. F. Wheelwright	50,000	100.76	
James C. Curry	50,000	102.00	1,000 00
James C. Curry	50,000	101.50	750 00
James C. Curry	50,000	101.00	500 00
James C. Curry	50,000	100.50	
James C. Curry	300,000	100.00	
Chas. P. Fay	50,000	103.50	1,750 00
Chas. P. Fay	50,000	105.25	2,625 00
J. S. Bowne	2,000	100.00	
Allan Melville	5,000	105.50	275 00
G. B. Timpson	4,000	100.00	
J. S. Lawrence	400	100.00	
Wm. H. Hoopie	20,000	100.00	
Wm. H. Hoopie	20,000	100.25	
John Wyles	10,000	103.00	300 00
Geo. F. Odell	5,000	101.00	50 00
Broadway Savings Institution	50,000	103.50	1,750 00
Broadway Savings Institution	50,000	103.00	1,500 00
Howard Insurance Co	5,000	100.37	
Howard Insurance Co	5,000	100.77	
J. W. Lasak	8,000	101.00	80 00
H. C. Brown	1,500	100 00	
E. L. Mix, Treasurer	1,000	100.00	
E. F. Purdy, President	10,000	100.00	
Lorillard Fire Insurance Co	30,000	101.00	300 00
Emigrant Industrial Sav'gs B'k	100,000	100.00	
Emigrant Industrial Sav'gs B'k	50,000	100.50	
Emigrant Industrial Sav'gs B'k	50,000	101.00	500 00
Emigrant Industrial Sav'gs B'k	20,000	103.05	610 00
R. C. Van Vorst	3,000	103 00	90 00
C. H. Shipman	10,000	100.00	
Jno. Anderson	50,000	100.00	
Leavenworth & Sanderson	1,500	105.00	75 00
Jas. Lenox	150,000	100.00	
Wm. Redmond	7,000	107.00	490 00
McKim & Co., Baltimore	17,000	105.05	858 50
McKim & Co., Baltimore	17,000	101 05	178 50
R. N. Taylor, Jr	5,000	100.00	
R. Schiller	10,000	100.62	
J. S. Hartman	2,000	103.00	60 00
John A. Iselin & Co	25,000	100.12	180 00
John A. Iselin & Co	25,000	102.52	630 00
John A. Iselin & Co	25,000	102.02	505 00
John A. Iselin & Co	25,000	101.52	380 00
John A. Iselin & Co	50,000	101 27	635 00
John A. Iselin & Co	50,000	101 02	500 00
John A. Iselin & Co	50,000	100 77	
John A. Iselin & Co	50,000	100 52	
John A. Iselin & Co	50,000	100.27	
John A. Iselin & Co	100,000	100 02	
John A. Iselin & Co	5,000	103.30	165 00
John A. Iselin & Co	3,000	103.12	93 60
Bowery Savings Bank	300,000	100.00	
A. R. Eno	50,000	100 00	
John H. Caley	15,000	100.00	
E. E. England	3,000	105 00	150 00
H. Martin	10,000	101.00	100 00
Jno. T. Pearson	8,000	100.06	
Jno. T. Pearson	1,000	100.07	
Jno. T. Pearson	4,500	100.10	
F. Masso	1,000	100.00	
Jno. Mowton	1,000	104.00	40 00
Total amount of bids received	3,131,700		23,900 60

RECAPITULATION.

Bid for	$3,131,700 00
Accepted	987,500 00
Rejected	$2,144 200 00
Called for	$2,000 000 00
Bid for	3 131 700 00
Overplus bid for	$1,131 700 00
Called for	$2,000 000 00
Accepted	987,500 00
Remaining to be again advertised for	$1,012 500 00

and of which amount the Comptroller has already called for $1,000,000 by March 7.

It is believed that the premium on this $1,000,000 now advertised for will average three per cent., or $30,000, which, added to the premiums on the amount already accepted, would make a total of premiums on this loan alone of $53,900 60, which will pay all expenses incurred in soliciting bids for the loan, and cancel nearly half a year's interest of the whole $2,000,000.

Naval.

THE SECOND BATCH OF MONITORS.

It has been stated recently that the second batch of iron-clads was nearly completed, and that the vessels composing it would soon make their trial trips. The first ship finished was the *Canonicus*, built at Boston, and the second, the *Tecumseh*, constructed by the Messrs. SECOR, at Jersey City. The latter was to be tried yesterday, but she could not be got into the stream, owing to a huge mud-bank. The *Canonicus* went on a trial trip at Boston on Monday last, the chief purpose of which was to test the value of the new gun-carriage invented by Capt. ERICSSON, and which, we believe, is used in the nine new monitors. The new carriage met with some derangement during the trial, and it will be some days ere the vessel will be ready for sea again. The following are the officers of the *Canonicus*:

Commander—E. G. PARROT; L. R. S. McCOOK; Chief Engineer, D. B. Macomb; Assistant Surgeon, N. H. Adams; Acting Assistant Paymaster, R.I.P. Lisle. Acting Master, E. Lewis; Acting Ensigns, F. L. Harris, M. W. Weld, R. C. Dawes; Acting First Assistant Engineer, C. G. Conkling; Second Assistant Engineer, S. R. Brooks; Acting Second Assistant Engineer, F. A. Hutchinson; Third Assistant, J. Brown; Acting Third Assistant Engineer, W. C. Brown.

Brutality Towards Emigrant Passengers.

SCENES ON BOARD THE SHIP VICTORY—SHOOTING OF TWO PASSENGERS—KILLING OF ONE.

The ship *Victory*, BURSLEY, master, arrived at this port yesterday, from Liverpool. The following statement will detail the infamous treatment the passengers were subjected to. The names of those signing it are at the office of the Commissioners of Emigration, and are too numerous for publication. The first mate, COOK, was arrested, soon after the landing of the passengers, for the killing, on complaint made by a number of the most intelligent passengers to the United States District-Attorney, and is now in jail. Several of the passengers are detained as witnesses. It is the intention to commence suits against against the captain and ship for general ill-treatment of passengers, and for bad and insufficient food furnished during the voyage. The prompt and decided action taken by the Commissioners of Emigration in this case, through their intelligent and able general agent—BERNARD CASSERLY—is worthy of all praise. If the facts approach, even, to what are represented, the punishment, it is to be hoped, will be exemplary, and the example valuable.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 25, 1864.

The undersigned passengers who arrived at this port per ship *Victory*, BURSLEY, master, from Liverpool, England, and landed at Castle Garden this day, state that during the early part of the voyage, the water supplied to the passengers was insufficient, being only about two quarts per day for adult passengers, and about one quart per day for children, and that the bread supplied to the passengers was rotten and maggoty; that the passengers received potatoes for three weeks only, although by the contract they were to have received them during the voyage at the rate of two pounds per week for each adult passenger; that most of the other provisions supplied were of inferior quality and deficient in quantity; that some of the passengers applied to said master and first mate and steward for more water and were refused. That on the 24th day of January last, during said voyage, one of the passengers, named JAMES REILLY, who was accused by the officers of the vessel of having stolen some water, was placed in irons by order of the first mate. Some of the other passengers requested REILLY's release on the ground that the passengers were not supplied with a sufficient quantity of water. On the night of Jan. 24, the first, second and third mates, with some of the sailors armed with handspikes, &c., went down to the steerage department and attempted to arrest some of the male passengers, and two of the passengers, viz.: PATRICK MAGUIRE and THOS. O'BRIEN, were shot with a pistol by the first mate, named COOK, and the undersigned believe that the mate was in no way justified in shooting said men.

O'BRIEN died from the effects of the wound and was buried at sea.

Some of the passengers showed some of the bread to the Captain and steward and could get no satisfaction, the steward using very bad language, oaths, &c.

The water-closets were kept in a very filthy condition, not having been cleaned sometimes for four days, and on the passengers complaining of this, the doors of the water-closets set apart for the females were actually removed, causing them great inconvenience, and evidently being done maliciously. Some of the passengers were obliged to throw urine and excrement on the decks on account of the lights being extinguished about 9 o'clock in the evening.

A passenger named MILES MARTIN, who died during the voyage, the passengers believe died from want of proper treatment, he having been left lying in his filth for about four days previous to his death instead of being placed under the hospital treatment, and after death, was so covered with vermin, &c., that it was next to impossible to go near him when he was being thrown overboard.

(Signed by a number of the passengers.)

A Complimentary Dinner.

Some fifty residents of Colorado, temporarily in this City, gave a complimentary dinner on Wednesday evening at Delmonico's, in Fifth-avenue, to EX-GOV. GILPIN, who is also here on business connected with that rich and growing Territory. The occasion was one of marked and peculiar interest. It was certainly a little remarkable that so many gentlemen, living in so remote a region, should happen to be in this City at the same time; but it is not at all singular that, being here, they should unite in paying a tribute of respect and grateful acknowledgment to one who has evinced so zealous and so enthusiastic an interest in the progress of their Territory as Gov. GILPIN. In response to a complimentary toast, the Governor made some interesting remarks concerning the general prospects of Colorado, and the relations of the central portions of the continent to the welfare of the Union and the grand future of the American people. He was followed in pertinent and eloquent remarks by several invited guests, as well as by a number of the gentlemen who had tendered him this compliment.

GOV. GILPIN has consented to address the Geographical Society on Saturday evening upon the section of country which has engrossed so much of his thought and attention for many years.

Anniversary of the National Freedmen's Relief Association.

There was a large attendance last evening at the Cooper Institute on the occasion of the celebration of the anniversary of the National Freedmen's Relief Association. WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT presided. After an eloquent prayer by Rev. Mr. CHEEVER, the Chairman briefly stated the object of the meeting and introduced WILLIAM ALLEN BUTLER, who made an excellent speech. He was followed by Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER, who discoursed in his inimitable way, keeping the audience in the best of humor by his eloquence. When he had concluded a collection was taken up for the benefit of the society, after which a smart, bright-eyed, light-haired little fellow, eight years of age, was introduced to the audience, and, in a neat little speech, gave them his history, saying that his father had been a lawyer in Western Virginia, but that he had sold him and his mother, and that they had been again sold, his mother for $500 and he for $200, and sent into Louisiana. He gave a good description of the happiness felt by the negroes when they heard FARRAGUT's guns, and of their love for Gens. BUTLER and BANKS, who had freed them, established schools for them, and given them such chances for advancement. A little daughter of the rebel Gen. HUGER, who was also present, recited a little poem in a very modest manner, which completely won for her the affections of all the ladies present. There was, also, a little daughter of a rebel officer who is supposed to have been killed on the *Merrimac*, but she was too young to speak in public. The children are perfectly white and do not bear the slightest evidences of negro blood; still they were sold by their fathers and remained slaves until freed by our army.

The Twentieth Regiment Colored Troops.

The Union League Club gave a very handsome entertainment to the officers of the Twentieth Regiment Colored Troops, at their Club-house, in Union-square last evening. The officers of the regiment were present in full uniform, and met many members of the club, by whom they were most cordially received. An elegant lunch was served, and the intercourse between the officers and members entirely unreserved. The regiment is under marching orders, and will probably leave on Saturday of next week, when it will be paraded in the City, and receive the colors which have been prepared by the ladies. The members of the League feel proud of their selections for officers, in which they are fully justified, for they are a fine-looking, prepossessing, soldierly set of men. Their gallantry is amply guaranteed by their field services. Chaplain REVERE, (colored,) of the regiment, and JOHN BURNS, the hero of Gettysburgh, were also present at the club rooms last evening.

Arrivals in the City.

J. W. Green, of the United States Navy; G. T. Hough, of Massachusetts, and L. D. Hutchings, of Albany, are stopping at the Everett House.

Col. W. T. Bartlett, and S. F. Dupee and wife, of Boston; J. E. Thompson, of St. Paul; S. Woodward, of Connecticut; M. N. Cook, of Rochester; H. N. Slater, of Providence, and D. A. White, of Cincinnati, are stopping at the Fifth-avenue Hotel.

W. B. Tibbetts and B. S. Catlin, of the United States Army; H. M. Jay, of Ithaca, W. R. Baker, of Springfield, J. C. Smedley, of Kentucky, E. G. Webster, of Cincinnati, and H. D. Ward, of Boston, are stopping at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Judge Bayley, of Rome, Senator Cook, of Saratoga, E. Van Vechten, of Albany, C. H. Green, of Troy, B. Sprague and Dr. Tobey, of Rhode Island, A. Pollack, of Washington, W. W. Ripley, of Vermont, and S. M. Tucker and wife, of Oswego, are stopping at the Astor House.

A JUST TRIBUTE TO A BRAVE MAN.—On Monday evening last, the members of Empire Steam Engine Company No. 42, held a special meeting at their house for the purpose of expressing to their Assistant Foreman, WILLIAM CORGAN, their appreciation of his daring, and their high esteem for him as a man. It will be remembered that Mr. CROGAN, at the fire in Duane-street, on the night of the 16th of January last, at the risk of his own life, saved the body of his comrade, GEORGE W. BURRIDGE, who was killed by falling from a wall. An account of his heroism has been published. In appreciation of this, his company presented him with a magnificent gold watch and chain. Mr. JOHN BLOOMFIELD made the presentation, and Mr. CORGAN, evidently deeply moved by this expression from his comrades, responded as only a brave and modest man can. After the presentation, the members and a number of invited guests, among whom were prominent members of the New-York Fire Department, sat down to an excellent supper, which was seasoned with sociality and good feeling, and until a late hour enjoyed.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

THE SANITARY FAIR.—The attendance at the Sanitary Fair yesterday and last evening was large, but not as much so as it was on the previous day. The Academy was crowded, but still, visitors were able to move about with some degree of comfort. The sales were brisk and a considerable amount was realized. The Knickerbocker Hall and the New-England Kitchen were well patronized, and in fact, overcrowded, but all who entered were accommodated. The fair thus far has been a great success, not only in regard to the cash receipts, but in relation to the attendance. Everybody wants to see the fair, and everybody goes.

LAW REPORTS.

Court Calendar—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—*Part I.*—Short Causes.—Nos. 1542, 1627, 1749, 1628, 1323. Numbers of General Calendar—1309, 1311, 1313, 1315, 1591. *Part II.*—Nos. 660, 182, 1267, 584, 1285, 964, 1057, 688, 681, 986, 578, 1139, 18, 618, 620, 600, 793, 273, 372, 1026.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Part I.*—Short Causes.—Nos. 3420, 109, 325. *Part II.*—Nos. 2018, 2730, 2058, 3550, 2372, 3458, 1048, 350, 3360, 1932.

Ejectment—A Four Hundred Years' Lease from the City.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Before Justice Monell.

Abner L. Ely vs. *John Sexton, Henry Miser, Michael Ratigan.*—This is an action of ejectment. In 1860 plaintiff purchased at Sheriff's sale a piece of land in the Twenty-second Ward, consisting of sixteen lots, situated on Fifty-second-street and Ninth-avenue, and he complains that defendants have taken possession of said property, and receive the rents and profits.

The defendants admit that they are in possession and receive the rents and profits of said land, and claim that as sub-lessees of one John Stark, they are the lawful holders of the land, and set forth that in 1850 the lots in question were leased by the Mayor, &c., to John Stark, for the term of 400 years for certain unpaid assessments, and that the defendants hold the land from him. Case still on.

Henry Day for plaintiff; William H. Anthon for defendants.

Assault and Battery among the Butchers.

SUPREME COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Before Justice Monell.

Morris Grabfelden vs. *Matthew T. Tuomey.*—The parties to this action are butchers doing business in this City. On the 26th of June last, plaintiff and defendant were both at Bull's Head buying lambs. Defendant, for some reason thought that plaintiff was interfering in his business, and without warning he struck defendant a violent blow with his fist. Plaintiff brought this suit for $3,000 damages; the jury yesterday morning returned a verdict in favor of plaintiff for $200.

J. S. Ritterband, for plaintiff; E. A. Andrews, for defendant.

A Wife Sues for a Divorce—How Mr. Constant was Inconstant.

SUPREME COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Before Justice Peckham.

Mary Margaret Prost vs. *Constant Prost.*—This is an action for divorce on the ground of adultery. The parties were married at the City of New-York in the year 1851. The plaintiff alleges that defendant, at various times during the year 1863, committed adultery with women unknown to her in houses in Broome, Sullivan and Centre-streets.

The defendant denies all the allegations of the complaint, and claims that the plaintiff has abandoned him and refuses to perform the duties of a wife.

Verdict for the plaintiff.

J. S. Stearns for plaintiff; F. H. B. Bryan for defendant.

Decisions.

SUPERIOR COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Sutherland.

Frederick W. Reincke vs. *Ann Reincke.*—Judgment of divorce granted.

Tioga County's Quota Full and a Thousand Over—The Ladies and the Fair.

OWEGO, Monday, Feb. 22, 1864.

Tioga County feels proud of her "fair women and brave men," and must be heard.

Our quota, under the last call, was filled ten days ago, with as strong and brave a body of men as ever shouldered muskets. Since their departure we have been startled by the intelligence that under the recent ruling of Provost-Marshal-General FRY, we have in the Twenty-sixth District a surplus of over 1,000 men. Of course, with such a nice margin for future drafts, if necessary, we feel very contented and happy.

The ladies of our village are not to be outdone in vital patriotism. They are now most actively engaged in *filling their quota* for your great Sanitary Fair. Having the promise of a separate department or table, they are determined to make a display which shall be alike creditable to Owego and profitable to the good cause. Already the array of needlework is quite formidable, and much of it very beautiful. Afghans, shawls, slippers, sofa-cushions, tidies, baby fixings and everything that female ingenuity can suggest or handicraft contrive, are daily being added to the common stock. One afghan in particular we noticed, which will rival in beauty and elegance any on exhibition. It is in the old fashion of stripes, but on a white ground, with such a beautiful blending of colors and designs as to give a most gorgeous effect. Some oil paintings, by local artists, are well deserving of attention. Suffice it to say, that if other sections of the *country* compete with Owego in their contributions, your *City* must look out for her laurels.

The Bohemian Disaster.

PORTLAND, Thursday, Feb. 25.

The owners of the steamship *Bohemian* have contracted with the New-York Coast Wrecking Company to raise and bring the wreck into the harbor without discharging her. If the weather holds fair there is a prospect of good success. The attempt will be made between now and Tuesday next.

One of the missing passengers, DENNIS SMITH, of New-York, has turned up safe.

The steamship *Hibernian*, Capt. DUTTON, will take the place of the *Bohemian*, and sail early Sunday afternoon.

Arrival of the St. Andrew at Portland—The Bohemian Disaster.

PORTLAND, Thursday, Feb. 25—6 P. M.

The steamship *St. Andrew*, from Glasgow Jan. 28, is below.

An inquest is to be held on the bodies of the drowned on the *Bohemian*, which will probably elicit the cause of the disaster.

Seven more bodies were found to-day. MARGARET and MICHAEL LANE, of Boston, are found to be safe, which reduces the list of lost to thirteen.

Fire at Cambridge, Mass.

BOSTON, Thursday, Feb. 25.

The extensive brick buildings, five in number, on the borders of Fresh Pond, Cambridge, belonging to Messrs. RUSSELL, HETTENGER & Co., were destroyed by fire last evening. The buildings contained nearly 100,000 tons of ice, cut this season, a large portion of which will be lost. The fire was the work of an incendiary.

The Fire Near Fresh Pond.

BOSTON, Thursday, Feb. 25.

The amount of ice in the buildings destroyed by fire near Fresh Pond was between 25,000 and 30,000 tons, and not 100,000, as stated in a previous dispatch. The insurance on the property is about $17,000 in the New-England Mutual and Marine offices, and $4,500 in other offices. JOHN H. HUSSEY and ABIEL PICKETT, both of Cambridge, were killed by the falling in of a roof.

The Fire in Trumansburgh.

ITHACA, Thursday, Feb. 25.

The total loss by the fire in Trumansburgh will reach $75,000 or $100,000, the insurance on which amounts to about $20,000.

Evening Exchange.

100	N. Y. Cen	135½	500	Ill. Cen R	132¾
1000	Erie Railroad	s3. 116	100	do	132¾
1200	do	116	200	do	s3. 132½
500	do	b3. 116	150	Rock Island R	119⅝
100	do	115¾	500	do	119
100	do	115¾	100	Galena	116⅜
200	do	b4 116⅛	700	Pittsburgh	115¾
100	do	116⅛	200	Fort Wayne	b3. 99
500	do	116⅜	300	do	98¾
1200	do	116½	100	do	b3 98¾
500	do	116⅜	100	do	98⅞
500	Erie R. Pr	104⅝	400	Cumb. Coal	68
100	Hud. R. R	157	400	Quick. Min. Co	53
2300	Harlem R	132½	100	do	57¼
400	do	132¾	200	do	55
200	do	s10. 133	700	do	54
200	do	133	100	do	54⅜
200	do	132⅞	900	do	53½
600	Reading R	130	200	do	s10 53
100	Mich. Cen. R	139	500	do	s60 53
200	do	139½	300	do	b3 53⅝
200	Mich. So. R	96¾	100	do	s10 53⅞
100	Ill. Cen. R	b3 133	300	do	53⅜
600	do	133	100	Mariposa M. Co	35½

[Advertisement.]

Conjugal Resemblances, where Love begins and ends—Woman's Wages—Matrimony in the way—Money—its nature, use and abuse—Ethnology, Skulls and national character of the English, Scotch, German, French, Sclavon, Finnish, Circassian, &c. The Colored Chaplain, Rev. H. M. TURNER, his likeness and a sketch of character—in the March No. *Phrenological Journal*, 15c., or $1 50 a year. FOWLER & WELLS, No. 308 Broadway, N. Y.

[Advertisement.]

A Graphic Caricature of the Presidential Political Cobblers and Wire-Pullers measuring Lincoln's shoes, including Bennett, Hudson, Raymond, Greeley, Weed, Seward, Brooks, Sumner, Forney, and Miss Anna Dickenson, in DEMOREST'S *New-York Illustrated News*, of this week, with many other graphic and humorous incidents.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystallized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway New-York.

[Advertisement.]

Neck-tie manufacturers can save 40 per cent. by using the WILCOX & GIBBS sewing-machine, No. 508 Broadway.

MARRIED.

DOYLE—CARPENTER.—On Thursday, Feb. 25, by Rev. Mr. Adams, CHARLES FREDERICK DOYLE to HATTIE H. CARPENTER, both of this City. No cards.

RAPELYE—STOCKHOLM.—On Thursday, Feb. 25, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. James Clarke, JOHN J. RAPELYE, of Newtown, to Miss JANE C. STOCKHOLM, eldest daughter of Abm. Stockholm, Esq., of Brooklyn. No cards.

TOPPING—THOMAS.—At South Brooklyn, L. I., on Thursday, Feb. 25, by Rev. Eugene Cassidy, Capt. M. H. TOPPING, 100th Regiment N. Y. V., to MARY ELIZA, eldest daughter of Edwin Thomas, Esq., of that place.

DIED.

ADAMS.—On Wednesday, Feb. 24, of membraneous croup, CHARLOTTE ELIZABETH, only daughter of W. Irving and Marion L. Adams, aged 1 year and 3 months.

The relatives and friends of the family, the friends of her grandfather, Hon. Geo. Briggs, and the members of Lafayette Lodge, No. 64, F. & A. M., are invited to attend the funeral this day, (Friday,) the 26th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M., from No. 1 Abingdon-square, corner of Bank-st.

BUDD.—On Thursday morning, Feb. 25, GEORGE MANLEY, youngest son of Margaret M. and the late William A. Budd, Jr., aged 3 years, 9 months and 18 days.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, this day, (Friday,) at 2 o'clock, from the residence of William H. Sackett, No. 219 East 9th-st.

DEDERICK.—At Stormville, Dutchess County, on Thursday, Feb. 25, Mrs. CATHERINE F., wife of William H. Dederick, in the 34th year of her age.

Her remains will be brought to Greenwood for interment. Carriages will be in waiting at the 30th-st. depot, Hudson River Railroad, at 9½ A. M., on Saturday morning. The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

DEANE—On Thursday, Feb. 25, at Danbury, Conn., AMANDA M. DINANT, daughter of the late Lewis C. and Sarah Dinant, of this City.

For funeral arrangements, see to-morrow's papers.

GLOVER.—On board steamer *Polar Star*, in the White River, Arkansas, on Monday, Jan. 30, of congestion of the liver, EDWIN GLOVER, of Boston, aged 28 years.

[Mr. GLOVER was at one time connected with the editorial department of the TIMES. He was a gentleman of ability, fine culture and most estimable character.—ED. TIMES.]

HART.—On Wednesday evening, Feb. 24, Capt. JAMES HART, Superintendent of the Seaman's Retreat, Staten Island, aged 72 years.

The funeral will take place on Sunday, the 28th inst., at 12 o'clock, at Stapleton, Staten Island. The friends of the family, the members of the Marine Society, and the Trustees of the Seamans' Fund and Retreat, are respectfully invited to attend. Boats leave every hour from foot of Whitehall-st.

☞ New-Orleans papers please copy.

HARRIS.—On Wednesday, Feb. 24, PHILIP FRENEAU, youngest son of the late Dr. Charles T. and Marianne Harris, aged 8 months.

JOHNSON.—At Norwich, Conn., on Sunday, Feb. 21, MARY, wife of Charles Johnson, and daughter of the late Rev. John Mulligan, of this City.

LEMON.—In Delavan, Wis., on Tuesday, Feb. 23, CHARLES FRANCIS LEMON, son of James M. Lemon, of Brooklyn, N. Y., aged 21 years and 11 months.

MITCHELL.—In Flushing, on Wednesday, Feb. 24, HENRY T. MITCHELL.

His relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral, from the residence of his father, Wm. Mitchell, on Saturday, Feb. 27, at 10 o'clock.

MORRIS.—On Thursday morning, Feb. 25, AMOS T. MORRIS, aged 65 years.

His friends, and those of his sons, Charles E., Lewis and Alexander B., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Saturday, at 2 o'clock, from No. 223 West 32d-st.

MAYER.—On Thursday morning, Feb. 25, FANNY, widow of the late Abraham Mayer, Sexton of the Temple Emanu El.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, to take place this day, (Friday,) the 26th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M. precisely, from her late residence, No. 241 East 9th-st., without further notice.

MCCRAKEN.—On Thursday, Feb. 25, MARY, wife of Francis McCraken, daughter of the late Henry Hillman.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Friday) afternoon, the 26th inst., at 2 o'clock, from the residence of her sister, Mrs. Schriver, No. 3 Peck-av., Williamsburgh.

POPE.—On Monday, Feb. 22, CHARLES POPE, Sr., in the 83d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 180 West 21st-st., on Friday, the 26th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., without further notice.

PUTNAM.—On Wednesday, Feb. 24, CORNELIA T., wife of TARRANT PUTNAM.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 222 5th-av., on Saturday afternoon, the 27th inst., at 2 o'clock, without further notice.

ST. JOHN.—At Ridgebury, Conn., on Wednesday, Feb. 24, MARY L., wife of Hon. Thos. P. St. John, formerly of this City, aged 32 years.

VAN AMRINGE.—In Cincinnati, on Friday, Feb. 19, JAMES L. VAN AMRINGE, in the 36th year of his age.

WOODCOCK.—On Thursday, Feb. 25, at Bedford, Westchester County, MARY ANN COOK, wife of Wm. P. Woodcock, aged 63 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, on Saturday, at 1 o'clock P. M. Carriages will be in waiting on Monday, the 29th inst., at 10 A. M., at 125th-st. and 4th-av., to attend the interment at Trinity Cemetery.

WRIGHT.—At Hempstead, L. I., on Wednesday, Feb. 24, ELIZABETH, widow of Joseph Skidmore Wright, in the 78th year of her age.

Her relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, this day, (Friday,) at 3 P. M.

YATES.—On Thursday, Feb. 25, JOSEPH BOSWORTH, son of Charles and Josephine B. Yates, aged 6 months.

The friends and relatives of the family are invited to attend the funeral service, at No. 4 East 33d-st., on Saturday morning, the 27th inst., at 9 o'clock.

Passengers Sailed.

In steamship Havana for New-Orleans and Havana.—P. Gomales and 2 servants, W. Tiedman, C. F. Schramme, Wm. Henry Bowely, F. Webster, Frank Todd, M. Ruis, Mrs. B. Scovedo, F. Avendano, J. A. Mora, D. Mora, B. C. Hechavarria, James Swett Rowe, Jacinto Corta. *For New Orleans*—J. A. Peel, J. Sargent and wife, Mrs. Greenleaf and daughter, Sarah Crampton and 2 children, Wm. Marvin, Alfred Woodruff, Thos. Sullivan.

In ship Ottilie, for Hong Kong and Shanghai—Mrs. Emma Pratt and child, Miss Julia J. Porter, Henry Albers, Hugh Sinclair.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 6 38 | Sun sets..... 5 48 | Moon rises. 9 53

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 9 48 | Gov. Island..10 37 | Hell Gate..11 59

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....THURSDAY, Feb. 25.

Cleared.

Steamships Promise, (Br.,) Bain, Shanghai. Aymar & Co.; Havana, Green, Havana and New-Orleans, Thos. Ascensio & Co.; Sentinel, German, New-Orleans, Russell Sturgis.

Ships E. Z., Armstrong, New-Orleans. Zerago & Co.; Meridian, Lambert, London. Thos. Dunham.

Barks Navigator, (Br.,) Plummer, Glasgow, James Hussey; O. Blanchard, (Br.,) Gifford, Jersey, Eng., W. W. Mernam; Almena, ——, Port Royal, Van Brunt & Slaght.

Brigs Mersey, (Br.,) Ford, St. Johns, P. R., Brett, Son & Co.; Celestina, Fickett, Santa Cruz, Peck & Church; Lady Douglass, (Br.,) Romesli, Pernambuco, G. S. Colt; L. M. Merritt, Berry, Ship Island, Cardenas, J. E. Ward & Co.

Schooners Plymouth Rock, Parker, Boston, J. C. Dayton; Tilt, Nye, Boston, Miller & Houghton; Lamont Dupont, Corson, Wilmington, J. W. McKee; A. Hammond, Higgins, Philadelphia, J. W. McKee; Hound, (Br.,) Outerbridge, Bermuda, Middleton & Co.; Ann Leonard, Wayeott, St. Jago, Cuba; schr. Pearl, Brown, Beaufort, Murray & Nephew; Julia Baker, Low, Washington, T. M. Mayhew; T. B. Baylis, Clark, Havana, W. P. Converse & Co.; Julia, (Br.,) Parr, Laguayra and Porto Cabello. H. J. & C. A. De Wolf; Isabel Thomson, Baker, Philadelphia, J. W. McKee; Susan Bearse, Boston, S. W. Lewis & Co.; E. A. Grozier, Newcomb, York River, Crowell & Paine; Wenonah, Rider, Fortress Monroe, Crowell & Paine; Catharine McIvor, (Br.,) McIvor, Kingston, Jam., H. de Cordova & Co.; D. C. Foster, Townsend, Fortress Monroe, B. C. Wheeler & Co.; Euphemia, Allen, Truxillo, Hon. J. Leaycraft; R. C. Russell, Bunting, Chincoteague. A. C. Havens.

Arrived.

Steamship Hammonia, (Hamb.,) Schwensen, Hamburg Feb. 7, at 4 P. M., and Southampton 10th, at 5 P. M., with mdse. and 295 passengers to Kunhardt & Co. Has had tremendous heavy westerly gales, with a very heavy sea most of the passage; 16th, while stowing the foresail, Peter Breuss, seaman, fell overboard from the foreyard, and was drowned.

U. S. transport brig Dragoon, Driscomb, Port Royal 12 ds., in ballast to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster. 22d, in the Gulf Stream, spoke brig T. H. A. Pitts, hence for Bermuda.

U. S. steam transport Charles Osgood, Geer, Washington, D. C., to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

Steamer Westchester, Waldron, Providence, with mdse. to E. Bynner.

Steamer Kingfisher, Nye, Providence, with mdse. to E. Bynner.

Ship Lisbon, Brown, New-Orleans 14 ds.. to N. H. Brigham.

Ship Louisa Bruno, (Ital.,) Palermo Jan. 5, passed Gibraltar 15th, with fruit to E. Manzara.

Bark Tagliania, (Ital.,) Pirandello, Messina Dec. 21, and Gibraltar Jan. 5, with fruit to James Robinson. Has had heavy weather; was 20 ds. in the Gulf with heavy head winds.

Bark Warren Hallett, (of Boston,) Mayo, New-Orleans 18 ds., with sugar, molasses and cotton to master. 16th inst., off Hatteras, in a gale from N. E., lost mainroyal-yard; had some heavy weather since; carried away foretopsail.

Bark Maggie Atkins, (of Shields.) Watson, Kanagawa, Japan, Oct. 27, with teas to A. B. Low & Co. Had strong head winds since leaving the N. E. trades.

Bark Chilton, (of Portland,) Pennell, Cardenas 16 ds., with molasses to R. McCormick. Had heavy weather on the passage.

Bark P. C. Alexander, (of Harpswell,) Merryman, New-Orleans Feb. 1, in ballast to master. Passed Hatteras on the 15th; on the 17th and 18th had a gale from W. N.